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NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1861.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

AFFAIRS OF THE NATION.

INTERESTING FROM THE FEDERAL CAPITAL

Appointments Made and to be Made.

Inquiry in the Senate as to the Condition of the Southern Forts.

Proposition to Strike the Names of Seceding Senators from the Roll.

Nothing New Relative to Fort Sumpter.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM TEXAS.

Governor Houston at Issue with the Secessionists.

He Opposes the Southern Confederacy and Proposes to Raise Troops on his own Account.

OUR WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 13.

MR. CLAY AND THE SPANISH MISSION.

CASSIUS M. CLAY will not accept the Spanish Mission. He does not state the reasons for declining the offer, but probably does not desire to leave the country for the present. Neither would he accept the Mexican Mission. Mr. CLAY is a live man and does not desire to ostracise himself during the present crisis of political events in this country. The Spanish Mission is therefore open to some ambitious aspirant.

LATER.—CASSIUS M. CLAY has just consented to accept the Madrid Mission, under the pressure of his friends.

MR. CORWIN'S ACCEPTANCE.

Mr. CORWIN, it is understood, will accept the Mexican mission, should his health admit of his going to the post. He has not been in good health this Winter, but is far better as the Spring weather advances.

THE FOREIGN MISSION APPOINTMENTS.

There is a divided feeling here in favor of early appointments to the European missions, with a view to counteracting the movements in favor of the recognition of the Southern Confederacy. There can be no doubt of the wisdom of this policy; and probably one of the first matters of business attended to by the Executive after filling existing vacancies, will be to fill these missions.

There seems to be a decided scarcity of applicants for the missions in Central America, which (or the tropical climate) have killed off a number of men in a few years. It's a good country to which to send some of Mr. LINCOLN'S most pertinacious but less useful friends, as they would never, in all human probability, return to plague him. Mr. BUCHANAN tried it with considerable success, and it is well understood at the State Department that his last appointee to the Costa Rican mission is duly preserved in whisky, administered internally and constantly.

The mission to Bolivia is vacant, the last appointee, JOHN COTTON SMITH, having been recalled by the late Administration for having been absent from his seat, without leave, some two or three months, and certifying to the Department that he had only been absent ten days, which is allowed by the regulations.

THE BRAZILIAN MISSION.

Friends of CARL SHURZ, Esq., state that the Brazilian Mission has not been tendered to that gentleman, and assert very positively that he will not accept it if offered. His ambition looks to a European Mission, and it is said that he has Mr. LINCOLN'S pledge of some one of them, given before the President came hither from the West.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROBABLE APPOINTMENTS.

The Cabinet held a short session to-day upon the appointments, and the President sent several nominations to the Senate, including that of Col. E. V. SUMNER as Brigadier-General, *vice* TWIGGS; and to-day, several Army promotions.

Mr. GEORGE HARRINGTON was nominated as Assistant-Secretary of the Treasury.

It is also stated that Hon. JOSHUA R. GIDDINGS was nominated as Consul-General at Montreal.

Mr. SCHURZ does not desire any other than the Sardinian Mission, but the opinion prevails that it is impossible to give him any other than the Brazilian.

The name of Gen. FRANCIS SPINNER, of New-York, ex-member of the last Congress, is sent into the Senate for United States Treasurer. He was Chairman of the Committee on Accounts in the last House of Representatives and has been highly complimented for his financial abilities. This appointment is hard on the thieves.

Mr. THAYER, long a correspondent of the *Evening Post*, will probably be appointed Consul-General at Alexandria. His appointment is warmly pressed, and would be a very proper one.

Captain HOOPER, a delegate from Utah, urges the Administration, as a matter of policy, to appoint BRIGHAM YOUNG Governor of that Territory. BRIGHAM has been the Governor, in fact, for twelve years, no matter who received the pay of the position.

Nothing has been heard from GEORGE G FOGG as yet, in answer to the inquiry whether he will accept the Patent Commissionership. If he does not it will go to Mr. HOLLOWAY of Indiana. This is one of the most responsible places in the Government, requiring the most exalted integrity.

Mr. DOLE, the new Commissioner of Indian Affairs, assumes the duties of his office to-morrow. Two or three Clerks will be appointed in that bureau to-morrow.

Mr. JAMES M. EDMONDS, of Detroit, Michigan, will be nominated Commissioner of the General Land-office, in place of Mr. JOSEPH L. WILSON, removed.

The Mission to London evidently lies between Hon. WM. L. DAYTON and CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS.

PRESSURE OF THE PATRIOTS.

Patriots is the word which the telegraphers made "Patnals," in my dispatch of Sunday night. There are crowds of them on duty daily, besieging the doors and ante-chambers, especially of the State and Treasury Departments Yesterday there were at least fifty waiting their turn at Mr. SEWARD'S door, and to day the crowd was nearly as large. Mr. CHASE'S *levée* is, if anything, still more popular, and if I mistake not, begins to look upon the man who "don't want an office" as a natural curiosity. He receives them all kindly, however, listens patiently, and turns them off conscious that the Secretary has given them all the time and attention they have any right to expect. Mr. SEWARD, it need not be said, is equally at home in the fulfillment of these most irksome duties of an Executive Department.

MR. CAMERON AND THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

Hon. SIMON CAMERON yesterday assumed the duties of his new position as Secretary of War, and looks quite at home in it. He doubtless congratulates himself that he has escaped all complicity in the "War of the Roses" waging by the rival New-York factions to which he would necessarily have become a party, had he taken the Treasury Department.

THE SECESSION MOVEMENT IN TEXAS.

The latest advices from San Antonio show that the Union men carried that town after all, at the late election, notwithstanding the presence of BEN McCULLOCH'S 800 rangers to overawe the people, and to swell the disunion vote. The issue of Union and Secession was squarely made, each party parading with flags, banners, &c. There need be no doubt of the overwhelming strength of the Union sentiment in Western Texas.

SAM HOUSTON AND SECESSION IN TEXAS.

Confidential advices from Texas seem utterly to dispel the idea that Gov. HOUSTON has gone over to the Secessionists and was in complicity with the treason of TWIGGS. It is true that on the 20th of January last, the Governor addressed a letter to Gen. TWIGGS, in which he said:

"I send to you Gen. J. M. SMITH, of this State, on a confidential mission, to know what, in the present crisis, you consider it your duty to do as to maintaining in behalf of the Federal Government or passing over to the State the possession of the forts, arsenals, and public property within this State. And also if a demand for the possession of the same is made by the Executive, you are authorized, or it would conform to your sense of duty, to place in possession of the authorities of the State the forts, arms, munitions, and property of the Federal Government on the order of the Executive to an officer of the State empowered to receive and receipt for the same. This course is suggested by the fact that information has reached the Executive that an effort will be made by an unauthorized mob to take forcibly and appropriate the public stores and property to uses of their own, assuming to act on behalf of the State. Any arrangements made with you by Gen. SMITH will be sanctioned and approved by me. And should you require any assistance to aid you in resisting the contemplated and unauthorized attack upon the public property, &c., and to place the same in possession of the State authorities, you are authorized to call on the Mayor and citizens of San Antonio for such assistance as you may deem necessary."

This letter has been extensively cited to prove that the Governor has turned traitor, and conspired with TWIGGS for the seizure of the San Antonio Arsenal, and the attempt to disband the Federal troops; but anybody who will read the letter discriminatingly, and discuss it in view of the facts surrounding Gov. HOUSTON, must see that it in fact gives the lie to these charges of treason against him. It will be seen that he sent Gen. SMITH to TWIGGS to ascertain what the purposes of the latter were, and whether or no he intended to defend the United States property from the secession mob. He authorized Gen. SMITH to act for him and the State, and tender to TWIGGS the authority to call upon the municipal authorities of San Antonio (a Union town) to aid him in protecting the public property. TWIGGS adopted none of HOUSTON'S suggestions, but delivered everything over to BEN. McCULLOCH and his 800 Rangers. Gen. SMITH'S report to HOUSTON, when published, will set this matter all right, and show the Governor to have been a true Union man.

CALIFORNIA APPOINTMENTS.

There will be a jolly time when the Administration comes to determine upon the Federal appointments for California. Strange to say, some of the best appointments in the State are sought to be obtained for men whose fidelity to Buchanan Democracy was never suspected until after LINCOLN'S election, or for others who, instead of bearing the heat of the day, entered the Republican ranks only when it became apparent that Republicanism was to be the winning side.

THE SAN FRANCISCO BRANCH MINT.

The position of Superintendent of the Branch Mint at San Francisco is asked for a son-in-law of Senator BAKER, who was a subordinate in the same establishment during nearly the whole of the late Administration, who drew his pay therefrom up to the hour of starting from California to come here and ask appointment at the hands of Mr. LINCOLN, and who, I am sure, Senator LATHAM will be ready to indorse as an earnest, faithful, zealous and effective Buchanan Democrat ever since he entered the State.

CONSEQUENCES OF SUCH APPOINTMENTS.

The political importance of the position of Superintendent of the Mint may be better understood, when it is stated that for years past the forces of that establishment have invariably beaten the Custom-house faction at all Democratic primary meetings and elections in San Francisco of late years. There are several capable Republicans who would like the place, and whose long services in the cause entitle them to consideration. Let them be overslaughed for the advancement of a Democrat whom they have always had to contend against at the polls, and the Republican Party of California will be at once demoralized and dispirited, if not destroyed.

OTHER CALIFORNIA APPOINTMENTS.

Against other men who are recommended very strongly from high quarters for valuable positions of honor and trust, the most decided opposition will be made, upon the ground that their antecedents have proven them totally unfit to be trusted in any position where they might be tempted to steal. But more on this point at a future time. It is sufficient to suggest at present that the Administration will need to be exceedingly cautious in making their selection of Federal officials for the distant Pacific coast, where a vast amount of mischief may be effected before the arm of the Central Government can be put forth to reach and check it. There are Californians here of high standing who seek nothing for themselves, have no axes to grind, and whose advice should have more weight than is conceded to any politician hailing from another State. Such men are LELAND STANFORD, late Republican candidate for Governor of California, and Hon. EUGENE SULLIVAN, Ex-State Senator.

CESSATION OF THE BUTTERFIELD SERVICE.

An order from the Post-office Department went out to California by Pony Express yesterday, ordering the immediate cessation of the mailing of letters by the old Butterfield Overland Mail route *viâ* Los Angelos and El Paso. Correspondents with the Pacific Coast should bear in mind that for several weeks, during which the stock and stations are to be transferred to the central route, there will be no overland mail communication between the Atlantic and Pacific States, nor any other means than those offered by the tri-monthly steamers *viâ* Panama, and the semi-weekly Pony Express.

WIGFALL AND CAPT. JACKSON.

Capt. JACKSON, of Kentucky, with whom Senator WIGFALL had the misunderstanding last week, states that the published account of it was somewhat overdrawn, that no blow was struck, and no insult intended. Your dispatch gave the story as publicly told, and certainly without any purpose to do either party injustice.

DISPATCH TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 13.

The following are all the confirmations by the Senate to-day: JOHN Z. GOODRICH, Collector of Boston; GEO. W. McCLELLAN, Second Assistant Postmaster-General; DEWITT C. LITTLEJOHN, Consul at Liverpool; WM. H. VESEY, Consul at Aix-la-Chapelle; LUCIUS G. FORBES, Postmaster at Beloit, Wis.; JOHN J. SPEED, Postmaster at Louisville, Ky.; GEO. HARRINGTON, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; J. P. BAKER, of Nebraska, Agent for Otoe and Menominee Indians.

The President nominated to-day, Col. SUMNER as Brigadier-General, *vice* TWIGGS, in accordance with the regular order of promotion; JAMES M. EDWARDS, of Michigan, Commissioner-General of the Land Office; ex-Congressman SPINNER, Treasurer of the United States (?); Lieut. TALBOT, for promotion, to occupy the rank of Assistant Adjutant-General.

McLANE PILTON, a son of the late Chaplain PILTON, has been appointed a Second Lieutenant of Marines.

The number of applications for office has largely increased this week.

The examination for clerkships is to be more rigid and thorough than heretofore.

Commissioners FORSYTH and CRAWFORD have received such assurances, from high sources, of the pacific intentions of the Administration in reference to the Southern forts, that at present they will make no official demands, and pending the movements at, or in relation to Fort Sumpter, they will remain quiet. It is said that their instructions contemplate a disregard of forms and etiquette in the attainment of results.

A Special Messenger left here yesterday for Fort Sumpter.

The resolution introduced by Senator DOUGLAS today was designed, by obtaining a reply thereto, to officially disclose the fact that there is no adequate power, under the existing laws, to retake and hold the Southern forts now in the possession of the seceded States; to show that proceedings to that end would involve a large additional military force and great expenditure of money; and that, therefore, the question of war must be necessarily postponed till the next session of Congress.

The principal officers of the steamer *Water Witch*, at Philadelphia, detailed for special service, are Lieut. Commanding BONCKENDORFF, and Lieuts. J. L. DAVIS, CUSHMAN and EASTMAN, and A. O. REED, Master.

The steam sloop-of-war *Pawnee* is still off the Washington Navy-yard, with her officers and supplies on board.

Workmen are engaged putting in the machinery of the *Pensacola*, which will not be ready for sea for two or three months.

MARK H. COBB, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed Disbursing Clerk in the War Department in place of JOHN POTTS, who is promoted to the chief Clerkship.

Dispatch to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 13.

There is no doubt about the determination of the Government to order the evacuation of Fort Sumpter. It has been resolved on, not as a political, but as a military measure. The chief officers of the Army here have recommended it, and various other motives have operated in bringing the Administration to the decision. The late dispatches from Major ANDERSON have also influenced the President and the War Department, and the necessary orders for the evacuation will will probably be telegraphed to Major ANDDRSON immediately. This may be relied on.

OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

THE PROPOSED WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS—GREAT LOSSES OF SECESSION—NO COMMERCE, NO NEW GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS, NO TROOPS FOR DEFENCE, NO FREE POSTAL FACILITIES, NO TERRITORIES—THE CASE OF RUSSELL, ETC.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 12, 1861.

It is generally believed that the peace policy of withdrawing the troops from the seceded States will tend powerfully to hasten the reaction against secession which has already commenced. When all pressure of the Federal hand upon the "honor" of those States shall be removed, and all the benefits of the Union shall be withdrawn, the people will begin to understand what they have lost, as well as what they have gained by the disruption of the Government. Among their losses will be the destruction of the commerce of Charleston and New-Orleans, a gratuitous postal system, and millions of money appropriated for building and sustaining forts and arsenals, custom-houses, court-houses, and post-offices. The Custom-house at Charleston has already cost two millions, and is yet unfinished. That at New-Orleans has cost three or four millions, and will cost two millions more to complete it. Texas will lose the army to defend her frontiers against the Camanches and Caddoes. These deprivations will be serious, and when added to the expense of maintaining an independent Government, including an Army and Navy, and Postal system, the hearts of the people will grow sick with the empty honors of independence.

But this is not all. It has not escaped the observation of the advocates of the peace policy, that the people of the seceding States, who have been deluded into the belief that great and peculiar advantages await them out of the Union, are doomed to sad disappointment. They have voted themselves out of the Union, as they allege, because they cannot have the right to carry Slavery into the Territories; and now that they are out they have ceased to have any Territories, or the power to acquire a foot of territory, beyond their State limits, in any quarter of the world. Where all liberty of speech is suppressed it is easy for demagogues to impose on the people, and to make them believe that they can accomplish anything. But a brief experience of political independence will dispel the illusion. The Confederate States will soon find that in separating from the North, they have shorn themselves of their strength, and cast off the shield and buckler which have hitherto made their vaunting threats of conquering Mexico and Cuba, a terror to the Governments and people of those countries. They will soon find that they have sunk immeasurably in importance, and that England, France and Spain will no longer pay deferential respect to their delicate Pro-Slavery nerves. When the people find by experience that they have lost the many solid advantages which they enjoyed in the Union, without deriving a single compensating advantage from independent existence—that they have lost all interest in the Territories, and all power to acquire Territories, or to extend Slavery—that they have even shut themselves out from the privilege of reopening the African Slave-trade—they will begin to murmur, and to "long for the flesh-pots of Egypt." A thorough reaction will take place, the effect of which will be to displace from power every man who has taken an active part in leading them out of the Union.

It is such reasons as these which reconcile the advocates of peace to the humiliating necessity of surrendering the forts and arsenals to the Secessionists. It is simply giving the Disunionists rope enough to hang themselves, or, more properly, it is putting the rope in the hands of their constituents. The Secessionists will be disarmed and ruined; the Border and Middle States will be more firmly attached than ever to the Union; and those which have seceded will in a very few months be knocking at the doors of Congress for readmission. The seven prodigals will soon spend their substance in riotous living, and be thankful for the husks with which they formerly fed the swine in their father's house.

I omitted in my letter yesterday to refer to the confirmation of my fears in regard to the dismissal of the indictment against RUSSELL. Poor BAILEY, the mere cats-paw, has no such plea, and will be tried, and possibly convicted, thus illustrating the saying, that the laws, like cobwebs, only serve to catch the weaker insects, while the great and powerful pass through without obstruction. It was a fatal mistake in the Congressional Committee to permit RUSSELL to come before it. Its members should have known the proneness of Courts to listen to pleas in excuse of great offenders. Either the law exempting witnesses before Committees from trial has been very loosely worded, if not cunningly devised, or the Committee or the Criminal Court has been greatly and criminally at fault. At any rate, a great outrage has been perpetrated upon public justice between the Court and the Committee, and a great crime will go unwhipped of justice.

It seems that FLOYD was not examined before the Committee, as has been supposed, and he will therefore not escape a trial, at least. It has been stated that RUSSELL was brought before the Committee after consulting with the District-Attorney, Mr. OULD, who gave it as his opinion that the voluntary testimony of the witness would not exempt him from liability to trial. If this be true, it is an imperative reason for the immediate dismissal of OULD before the cases of BAILEY and FLOYD come on for trial. It is said that the indictment against BAILEY only charges a breach of trust, and that he will probably escape punishment under the technical plea that the offence is not correctly defined. OULD should, therefore, at once be either displaced or have associate counsel given him by the Government.

The appointment of CASSIUS M. CLAY to the Spanish Mission, is a well deserved compliment to the American Hampden. No man in this country has dared more and suffered more, in the cause of freedom, than the gallant Kentuckian, and the Administration honors itself in honoring him. Free-Soiler though he be, I hazard nothing in the prediction, that the chivalrous people of Kentucky will indorse the appointment as eminently his due, and as not uncomplimentary to the State.

The chivalry of the Cotton States is pompous, inflated, brutal, and cowardly. It has no magnanimity to the weak and defenceless, and delights in mobbing travelers and whipping women; but that of Kentucky is generous, manly, and honorable. It can appreciate courage and devotion in an enemy of slavery; and while it has consigned CASSIUS M. CLAY to a life of political ostracism, it has never refused to honor his character, and to be proud of his heroic devotion.

The popular vote in Tennessee against holding a Convention is between thirteen and fourteen thousand. Very few Secessionists were elected. In North Carolina considerably more than two-thirds of the delegates elected are Unionists, while the Convention itself is voted down by a small majority. This vote of the two States bordering on the Cotton Confederacy, signifies that a majority of their people will not so much as entertain the proposition of disunion. OBSERVER.

THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

SENATE—EXTRA SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 13.

Mr. DOUGLAS offered the following resolution, which was read for information:

Resolved, That the Secretary of War be requested to inform the Senate what forts, arsenals, navy-yards and other public works within the limits of the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas are now within the actual possession and occupation of the United States, and by what number of men each is garrisoned and held, and whether reinforcements are necessary to retain the same, and if so, whether the Government has the power and means under existing laws to supply such reinforcements within such time as the exigencies and necessities of the case may demand, and whether the defence and protection of the United States and their interests make it necessary and wise to retain military possession of such forts, places and other property, except at Key West and Tortugas, and to recapture and re-occupy such others as the United States have been deprived of by seizure or surrender for any other purpose and with a view to any other end than the subjugation and occupation of those States which have assumed the right to secede from the Union, and within whose limits such forts and other public property are situated; and if such be the motives for recapturing and holding the forts and other public property, what military force, including regulars and volunteers, would be necessary to enable the United States to reduce the States aforesaid and such others as are supposed to sympathize with them, to subjection and obedience to the laws of the Union, and to protect the Federal Capital.

Mr. WILSON hoped that the resolution would not be considered to-day.

Mr. DOUGLAS said he would call up the resolution to-morrow.

Mr. MASON objected for the present to its consideration, not being satisfied that the Senate has power to act upon it.

Mr. FESSENDEN offered the following:

Resolved, That Messrs. BENJAMIN, of Louisiana; BROWN and DAVIS, of Mississippi; CLAY, of Alabama; MALLORY, of Florida, and TOOMBS, of Georgia, having announced that they are no longer members of the Senate, their seats have become vacant, and the Secretary of the Senate is directed to strike their names from the roll of members.

Mr. HUNTER and others objected to the consideration of the resolution. Laid over.

After an Executive Session the Senate adjourned.

THE CONGRESS OF THE C. S. A.

MONTGOMERY, Monday, March 12.

Nothing of public interest was done to-day. A recess is daily expected, which will be brought about certainly during the week. President COBB has sent several State Conventions certified copies of the Permanent Constitution. It is expected that Alabama will ratify it Wednesday. Mr. STEPHENS has gone to Crawfordville.

The Tariff act has been published. It goes into operation on the 1st of May. Compared with the Tariff Act of the United States most of the 30 per cent. duties are reduced to 25; the greater portion of the 24 and 19 per cent. duties are reduced to 15. There is a large 10 per cent. schedule and a very small free list.

The Alabama Convention has ratified the Permanent Constitution by a vote of 87 to 5. Gen. JAMESON, a leading Coöperationist, took a bold position in favor of the ratification.

JERE CLEMENS has been appointed Major-General of the Alabama army.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIP CO.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 14.

The Charleston *Courier*, of Monday, says that the subscriptions derived in that City toward the establishment of a steamship line between Liverpool and Charleston have reached an amount authorizing the definitive organization of the Company and the commencement of the work on contract.

IMPORTANT FROM TEXAS.

GOVERNOR HOUSTON AT ISSUE WITH THE SECEDERS.

GALVESTON, Texas, Monday, March 11.

Gov. HOUSTON has refused to recognize the Convention. He considers that its functions terminated in submitting the Secession Ordinance to the people. He tells the Convention that he and the Legislature (which meets on the 18th,) will attend to the public questions now arising; and he favors a new Convention to make such changes in the State Constitution as may be necessary. He opposes Texas joining the Southern Confederacy.

The Convention, in reply, passed an ordinance, claiming full powers, promising to consummate, as speedily as possible, the connection of Texas with the Confederate States, and notifying the State of this course. The Constitution will at once require all officers to take the oath of allegiance to the support of the new Government, and carry out the Convention ordinances.

It is reported that Mr. CLARK will be put in Mr. HOUSTON'S place, if the latter refuses the oath; also that Gov. HOUSTON is raising troops on his own account.

One thousand five hundred Texan troops are at and near Brownsville.

THE TEXAS STATE CONVENTION.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, March 13.

The Texas Convention has passed an ordinance to continue the Custom house officers in duty until superseded by the State Government, or by the Provisional Government.

THE UNITED STATES TROOPS IN TEXAS.

BRAZOS, Wednesday, March 6.

Arrangements have been made for the Federal troops to leave as soon as transportation is provided. The *Webster* is outside.

PROPERTY SURRENDERED IN TEXAS.

The San Antonio (Texas) *Herald* of the 23d ultimo says that the following is a list of the property given up to the State by Gen. TWIGGS:

1,800 mules, valued at $50 each	$90,000
500 wagons, valued at $140 each	90,000
950 horses, valued at $150 each	142,500
500 harness, valued at $50 each	25,000
Tools, wagon materials, iron, nails, horse and mule shoes	250,000
Corn (at this port)	7,000
Clothing	150,000
Commissary stores	75,000
Ordnance stores	400,009
Total	$1,229,200

Exclusive of public buildings, to which the Federal Government has a title. Much of the property is estimated at the original cost, its value in Texas being much greater, and worth to the State at least a million and a half of dollars.

THE VIRGINIA STATE CONVENTION.

RICHMOND, Wednesday, March 13.

Mr. SUMMERS' speech was the ablest of the session, and produced profound effect. Unionists consider his arguments unanswerable. There is but little doubt that the Border State Conference proposition will be adopted, but that the peace propositions will be taken as the basis of adjustment, is doubtful. Some Secessionists admit the impossibility of adopting an Ordinance of Secession; but say Virginia will ultimately secede, unless her demands are granted.

In the Convention, to-day, Mr. TYLER spoke against the Peace propositions, and, without concluding, the Convention adjourned.

SECESSION DEMONSTRATION IN VIRGINIA.

PETERSBURGH, Wednesday, March 13.

Petersburgh voted to-day to instruct her delegate in the Convention to vote for the Secession Ordinance. The majority for the instruction was 51. The polls will be kept open to-morrow, when the friends of secession expect to greatly increase their majority. The Secessionists are parading the streets with music. There is a large crowd, and the excitement is great. Messrs. PRYOR, STRINGFELLOW, and others, are to speak at 8 this evening.

JOHN COCHRANE IN RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, Wednesday, March 13.

Hon. JOHN COCHRANE arrived here this evening, and was serenaded to-night at the Exchange Hotel by a tremendous crowd, headed by Smith's Band. Mr. COCHRANE appeared and responded to the calls in an eloquent Union speech. He said Virginia now held the destinies of the nation in her hands, and whatever policy she adopted New-York would uphold her in. Virginia had only to present her ultimatum to New-York as a final one, and New York would sustain Virginia, and she should have her rights guaranteed to her. He was loudly applauded while speaking.

THE GEORGIA STATE CONVENTION.

SAVANNAH, Wednesday, March 13.

The Georgia State Convention has transferred the forts, arsenals, arms and munitions of war to the Government of the Southern Confederacy.

An ordinance has also been passed appropriating half a million of dollars for the support of the Government, and authorizing the Governor to issue 7 per cent. bonds for that amount.

The report of the seizure of the Northern Stock in the Macon Western Railway is denied. The President of the road, ISAAC SCOTT, Esq., says there is no foundation for the report.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

CONCORD, N. H., Wednesday, March 13.

One hundred and thirty-six towns gives BERRY, (Rep.,) for Governor, 26,065; STARK, (Dem.,) 21,569; scattering, 104. The Republicans have elected to the Legislature 115 and the Democrats 50 members.

MASSACHUSETTS PERSONAL LIBERTY BILL.

BOSTON, Wednesday, March 13.

The Personal Liberty bill which passed the State Senate last week, passed the House of Representatives to-day, after a warm debate, by a vote of 81 to 45.

The bill modifies the present law materially. There is no doubt the Governor will sign it.

THE CHARLESTON BIBLE SOCIETY.

ITS NORTHERN RELATIONS.

The Charleston *Courier* publishes the fiftieth annual report of the Bible Society of Charleston, of which the following extract will be interesting to some of our readers:

"In relation to the American Bible Society, and in renewing our arrangement with them respecting the agency of Rev. Mr. BOLLES, (which has existed about eight years,) we are not unmindful of the change in the civil relations of the North and South, which threatens the harmony of action which ought to characterize the associations of Christian men for Christian ends. We are not unmindful of the fact that the Legislature of the State of New-York have, by a nearly unanimous vote of both Houses, offered the Government at Washington men and money, without limitation, for the coercion of the South, thus promoting a disposition to subordinate right to power and reason to force, and in the face of proffered negotiations, before communities pledged both by Christian and civil obligations to regard each other's welfare, invoking war in its worst form.

We are not unmindful that the American Bible Society, from its location in the City of New-York, and its concentration of large means, does, in fact, foster the industry and prosperity of a people whose rulers are thus inconsiderate of the just claims and the grievous wrongs of the South.

Notwithstanding these facts, we are unwilling to break up arrangements that appeal to higher than earthly motives, and tend to promote the highest and purest earthly purposes. We remember with satisfaction that, in the progress of the Slavery agitation, the American Bible Society and its Board of Managers have resisted every attempt to implicate its management in the difficulties incident to the controversy; and we believe that our people, in assuming a position deemed necessary to our civil rights and our social duties, would not willingly be deprived of their accustomed opportunities of bearing their part in promoting the common good of our fellow-men.

For these reasons, the Board encourage the hope that good ends may be subserved by the renewal of our former arrangements, and that the principles and purposes that have governed, and, as we trust, will continue to govern, the American Bible Society, will have a tendency to allay and counteract the influence of those who would breathe the spirit of peace.

GENERAL POLITICAL INTELLIGENCE.

FROM PENSACOLA.

The following is an extract from a letter written by a private in the forces of the C. S. A., before Fort Pickens. It is dated Feb. 25:

"There are but seven or eight companies here, numbering say 650 men. Those who were first here, under the command of Major CHASE, did very little towards placing the forts here in a defensible condition. Four days ago there were but two guns mounted in Fort McRee, the next strongest fort to Pickens. Since then, under the energetic command of Col. FORNEY, (who succeeds CHASE, while absent,) fifteen more have been mounted, and by Wednesday Col. F. expects to have not less than thirty eight guns mounted, which will play upon Fort Pickens.

As soon as the work in Fort McRee is done, Col. FORNEY will begin the work of throwing up sand batteries all along the beach, to bear upon the north wall of Pickens. SLEMMER says he will fire upon him as soon as he begins this work, and FORNEY says he will go to work as soon as he is ready. So you can form some idea how close we are approaching a conflict. We want artillerists to man our cannon, and we want several thousand men whenever the time for storming Fort Pickens shall come.

All troops here are from Alabama, but two companies of Florida, and one of them is at Pensacola. We who know nothing of what is transpiring in high places, rest with confident hope on President DAVIS and his Cabinet to do all that is necessary to secure us success. The 4th of March is near at hand, and too much energy cannot be exercised in preparation.

SLAVERY IN NEW-MEXICO.

The Missouri *Democrat* publishes the following interesting letter which it has received from its correspondent at Barclay's Fort, N. M.:

SAPULLO, Feb. 10.

MY DEAR WATROUS: In reply to your interrogations relative to the disposition by the Legislature of a bill introduced by myself, for the repeal of the slave code in this Territory, I will say that the bill was introduced on the 11th of January, when a strong effort was made to reject it, but the bill passed over to its second reading. On the motion to reject, the bill was discussed at some length, during which the part taken by OTERO in the passage of the slave law, and also the part taken by other Federal officers, was fully exposed.

Two members of the memorable Committee who sat upon the Judge Keithley affair last Winter, and who made the report that was printed and circulated through the South, inviting the South to come on with their negroes, were present in the House, and they both backed out; they admitted that the subject was one about which they know nothing, the only reason urged against the repeal of the present law was that the time for such a thing was unpropitious, that the matter should be suffered to lie still until our present national crisis is over. All parties admitted, that as a State we could never be a Slave State, and it was urged by the opponent of my bill, that the State project was under consideration, and that the Constitution would *prohibit* Slavery—that it was better to allow the matter to lie over. On the second reading of the bill, I agreed that it should be referred to a Committee of the whole House, where I finally consented to let it remain. My reason for so doing was that there was some doubt as to the passage of the bill in the Senate, and further, the friends of my bill thought that as the matter had not been discussed before the people, it might be called a swindle on our part, and as I had no fears as to the success of the measure, I concluded to defer the matter until next Winter.

The history of the passage of the slave code has now gone out to the people, and is already telling effectually. Yours truly, J. M. WHITLOCK.

P. S.—The vote on the repeal of the slave law in the House on its rejection was, as well as I remember, 14 to 8, or 15 to 5. J. M. W.

THE NAVY OF THE C. S. A.

The Montgomery correspondent of the Columbus *Times*, writes that the Navy bill provides for four Commanders, four Captains and four hundred marines; and that the four commanderships will be, no doubt, given to Commodores ROSSEAU, of Louisiana, and TATNALL, of Georgia; and Capts. RANDOLPH, of Alabama, and INGRAHAM, of South Carolina. He also adds that the President intends keeping in position the present Postmasters throughout the Confederate States, who have discharged all their duties.

GEN. BRAGG ORDERED TO FORT PICKENS.

The New-Orleans *Delta*, of March 8, states that Gen. BRAXTON BRAGG, of the army of Louisiana, has been appointed Brigadier-General of the army of the Confederate States, and has been ordered to proceed to Pensacola and take command of all the troops of the Republic there assembled, and conduct the operations against Fort Pickens.

POSITION OF HON. A. S. DIVE.

Hon. A. S. DIVE writes as follows to the Elmira *Citizen*:

ELMIRA, Monday, Feb. 25, 1861.

I am constantly receiving letters asking me if I am for abandoning the principle of the Republican Party, upon which I was elected to represent the Twenty-seventh District in the next Congress. To spare myself the trouble of answering such inquiries, I had resolved to publish my views upon the question now troubling our country. I to-day find my sentiments so exactly expressed in the NEW-YORK TIMES, that without the labor of composition, I can present them in a more attractive style than I can command for myself. Adopting every idea of the article inclosed, I beg you to publish it with this letter; and I respectfully request the other papers in the District, feeling any interest in my opinions, to transfer the same to their columns. To my constituents who have honored me with their support, I would say, in the language of Senator DIXON, of Connecticut, "I concur with Mr. SEWARD and Mr. CHARLES F. ADAMS, and other faithful Republicans, in the opinion that, while we abandon no principle nor treat with traitors, we may yet honorably and rightfully adopt such measures as shall enable CASSIUS M. CLAY, ETHERIDGE, MILLSON, GILMER, JOHNSON, DAVIS, &c., to breast the torrent of secession in their States, which remain loyal. Will you condemn me for this? I trust not. If you do, then I must still follow the dictates of my own conscience and judgment." Your obedient servant,

A. S. DIVEN.

REV. MR. VAN DYKE IN CHARLESTON.

Rev. HENRY J. VAN DYKE, of Brooklyn, preached a sermon before the Charleston Bible Society on the occasion of its fiftieth anniversary, last Sunday evening. In opening his discourse, the Charleston *Mercury* tells us, he said that two days before "a friend who had come to the boat to bid him good bye, had jokingly expressed his regret that he was going to a foreign country. And when, after being rocked in the cradle of the deep longer than he had any fancy for, he entered our noble harbor, and saw a strange flag floating on either side, instead of the one which, they would excuse him for saying, he loved, and should always love; then he felt for a moment how much there was of sad reality in the remark. Soon, however, after landing, the pressure of friendly hands and the sounds of friendly voices had told him that he was not far from home, and he felt that there was a union higher and holier and more imperishable than any on this earth."

BLOOD WILL TELL.

The following letter appears in the Montgomery (Ala.) *Mail*:

WILLIAMSBURG, N. Y., Feb. 15, 1861.

Gen. Jefferson Davis, first President of the Confederate States of America:

SIR: I am a young school girl, born in the State of Pennsylvania, and the great-grand-daughter of Col. ELEAZER OSWALD, who served his country nobly at Ticonderoga, Quebec, Danbury, (Conn.,) on the line of the Hudson, at Monmouth, and on the battle-fields. My great grandmother was a Virginia lady, HOLT by maiden name, whose brother, Capt. JOHN HOLT, was a Captain in the Old Virginia line. You may be sure I feel proud of my ancestry. My parents are not rich, and I thought I would make a few rosettes, typical of the Southern Confederacy, and dispose of them by sale, in order to buy some rather expensive books I coveted. But none could I sell, though one of my little brothers tried hard to do so in New-York. Now, what better could I do with them than to send them to you as a present? Won't you accept them? I hope you will. If you give them away to any of your young soldiers, say that the little Northern girl who made them—inspired by patriotic impulses—sent them as a souvenir to the gallant Col. JEFFERSON DAVIS, of whose brave deeds at the battle of Buena Vista she has so often felt proud in reading about. With much respect, LOUISA GLEN.

ALMOST A RIOT.—Savannah (Ga.,) narrowly escaped being the scene of a riot on March 6. A negro named SAUL was a short time ago arrested there, charged with having murdered Mr. BRADY. The excitement against him was so great that he was only saved from lynch law, when transferred from the Police Court to the jail, by the protection of one or two military companies.

THE MORRILL TARIFF AND THE RECIPROCITY TREATY.—The Toronto *Leader* discusses the Morrill Tariff, and calms the fears of some of the Provincials by showing that the Reciprocity Treaty cannot be affected by it, since that measure cannot be so easily set aside. The treaty does not expire until 1865, and then, unless renewed, the Morrill tariff would be applicable to Canada.

FROM CHARLESTON.

A Slight Difference of Opinion about that Firing—An Absurd Story—A Frightful Conspiracy—Major Anderson to be Reinforced from Charleston—Martial Law at Secessionville—The "Old Dominion" Looking Out for Her Pockets—The Widow of Moultrieville—Rev. Dr. Van Dyke—A Ship Ashore with those Big Guns from England—Why the Alabamians did not take "Pickens."

From Our Special Correspondent.

CHARLESTON, C. S. A., Saturday, March 9, 1861.

The firing on Fort Sumpter is still the theme of conversation. Like everything else, there are two sides to the question, "was it an accident or was it an accident *on purpose?* Of course the refined essence of Palmettodom, the *crême de la crême* of Charleston chivalry, scout the "on purpose" idea as a pure libel, and would resent it as a personal insult if you thought it was so. There are others, and quite as numerous a body, who believe that the General-in-Chief of our troops, BEAUREGARD, wished to find out two things, and he took a very simple way to do it. All is fair in love and war, particularly the latter. He wished to know how great the range was of Major STEVENS' Columbiads, and he wished to know whether, if they struck at that distance, they would make any impression. He is now fully satisfied. Of course it was very easy to give strict orders about not shotting the guns, and of course there was great surprise when an enormous *sixty-five-pounder* entered the brick work near the sally-port, and tore away the plaster in very speedy style. The story of the *Mercury* here, that a boat was not sent over until two hours had elapsed, is simply absurd. If ever a man hurried, it was Major STEVENS, as he saw the embrasures opened, the guns thrown out, and heard the drums beat to quarters. Another story, generally credited, but equally absurd, has it that Major ANDERSON told Major STEVENS that "he could not see the necessity of his holding Fort Sumpter any longer; that he was sick of the bargain, and wished himself out of it," &c. It is strange that men are willing to stultify themselves by believing such trash concerning one of the most heroic spirits this or any other country has produced.

While speaking of Fort Sumpter, I must tell you of a frightful conspiracy that has been discovered to reinforce Major ANDERSON from this very city. You are aware that all sorts of Northern craft have been flocking down here for the past two weeks, with goods, to come in before the new Tariff goes into effect. A Charlestonian Detective, who must have graduated in London, has discovered that the sloops and schooners lately arrived from Boston, Philadelphia, and New-York, have all brought double their complement of men. About the time that this was discovered, the Major permitted *three men* to leave his employ, whose time of service had expired. It was thought very extraordinary that he did not impress them into his service in view of the dangers that daily, nightly, and even hourly, surround him. The reason why, is now apparent. The three men are sent here in pursuance of a plan of that old hero of so many battles, Gen. SCOTT. They know all about the approaches to the Fort, and how close the Palmetto sentries are in the habit of approaching it by night. These extra hands will continue to come down here in Yankee sloops, until they number five hundred—when they will be sent off from time to time under the guidance of the *three*, armed and equipped. Isn't the plot magnificent?

At this present time of my writing, the plot is known to only a very few persons in Charleston, and those few think they have already "spotted" a number of men nominally attached to different vessels. It is proposed to advise the authorities to overhaul hereafter all sorts of craft off the bar, and see that their complement of hands corresponds with their tonnage.

You may possibly have heard that martial law has been declared at Fort Johnson, on James Island, and at Secessionville. This is done for the same reason that actuated Gov. PICKENS to establish the same law at Fort Moultrie and Moultrieville—too much whisky, which will go down the throats of idle soldiers, wherever they are, North or South. There is another reason, but not apparent to the careless observer. From Fort Johnson Major ANDERSON obtains his daily supplies and his daily mail, as I believe I have before observed. This is preliminary to the shut-off-the-supply system of tactics. It is easier to starve out a garrison than to shoot them out, particularly when they are in such a pentagon as Sumpter; besides cooler heads don't want to build the fort anew, as they will have quite a sufficient demand for their money (*to be raised*) for other purposes, so at any and every apparent sacrifice of what some may call courage, they will temporize, put off, and diplomatize; in the meanwhile, if they go on, Charleston will become a very Gibraltar of all the most deadly weapons of war. An immense cargo has arrived this evening of columbiads, mortars, shot, &c. If the "Old Dominion" won't go out she is doing her best to give South Carolina ample means to *stay out*. This swearing by the Union with your tongue, and cursing the Union with your pockets, is hardly worthy of the State that gave a WASHINGTON to a grateful world.

One of these powerful Virginia mortars has just been erected on a new battery just below Fort Moultrie. A beautiful Summer-house stood in the way of the proposed site, owned by a fascinating young widow of Charleston. "The exigencies of the public service" demanded that it should go, and although the beautiful creature brought all her light batteries to bear on Maj. RIPLEY and the gallant DUNNOVANT, yet they, so often pregnable to woman's assaults, stood impregnable here, and left the widow a perfect Niobe. The harsh decree went forth this morning, and the pet house went down. I know where there is a mutinous spirit to-night, and I know it would not take much *now* to induce that fair creature to pull down the Palmetto, and spread forth the ever-glorious Stars and Stripes.

Dr. VAN DYKE's sermon on the "peculiar institution" was so generally circulated through the South, that a very great curiosity is felt to hear him to-morrow night on the occasion of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Charleston Bible Society, to be held in the venerable "Circular Church" in Meeting-street. The Rev. Dr. is on board the *Nashville*, and she is in the offing, detained by the tide and a dry gale that has been blowing for several days.

It is feared that the British ship *Susan G. Owens* will bilge. She went ashore near the old United States light-house on Morris Island yesterday, and remains in a very precarious condition. If I should ask a Charlestonian if she had any other *iron* besides railroad iron, he would say "no" and turn on his heel. I happen to know, however, that she has several pieces of *iron* on board, of a very dangerous description,—some of those fellows that the Palmettoans have been waiting for so long, ere they can feel that they have Sumpter completely at their mercy. There is, therefore, all the more anxiety felt concerning the ship belonging to JOHN FRAZER & Co.

One of the Alabama volunteers who went down to Pensacola to take Fort Pickens, told me last night, at the Planters' Hotel, that one reason they did not do what they swore to do, was because they could hardly get fodder enough to keep body and soul together. Their gentleman of the Commissariat must have been in league with the Federal forces. Starvation takes the *vim* out of the greatest braggarts in a very speedy manner.

JASPER.

—The following is a list of Americans registered at Messrs. L'Herbette, Kane & Co.'s, Paris: Feb. 15—James Trawford, New-York; Mr. Jacoby and lady, New York; Dr. D P. Smith, Springfield; Mr. Wm. M. Royers, Boston. Feb. 21—Mr. J. A. Hewlett, New-York; Mr. W. L. Farnsworth, Boston; Mr. D. Kimbaly, Boston.

ENGINEERING MATTERS.

Activity of Machine Building in New-York—New Sound and Ocean Steamers—Steam Fire-Engines—The Novelty Iron Works.

It is an encouraging fact, in these times, that some of our largest engineering establishments are unusually busy. The Novelty Iron Works is at present employing a force of above 700 men—about its complement—and is turning out some machinery, a few details of which will be interesting to the public.

The two new first-class steamers for the Norwich line—the *City of New-York* and the *City of Boston*—are receiving their machinery here; a part of the engines of the latter vessel being already on board. These boats are of somewhat less capacity than their formidable competitors on the other lines, but are by no means small, their length being about 300 feet—quite as comfortable and rather cheaper to run. They will be fitted in the usual luxurious style. The engine of each has an 80 inch by 12-foot cylinder, and the ordinary beam engine, with a cut-off similar to that of the *Metropolis*. The boilers are of the usual construction; the high steam chimneys bringing much of the escape heat in direct contact with the steam, and usefully superheating it. No radical or structural alteration has taken place in the general North River class of boats for some years; most improvements have been in details and in workmanship, and these vessels are expected to be up to the latest standard in such particulars.

Besides the machinery for these boats—no small job in itself—boilers and engines are constructing here for a new ocean steamer for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company—a vessel with a single beam-engine with a 105-inch by 12-foot cylinder. The regular North River beam-engine seems to be holding its ground against the oscillating engine, while it has entirely superseded the old English side-lever variety, in American ships. This and many other examples of adherence to the original type of American boat-engines are pretty good evidence that it is sound in principle. Foreign engineers stood aghast at the idea of putting enormous walking-beams away above deck—so much top hamper would make the vessels very crank. Among others, the North Atlantic steamer *Vanderbilt*, however, has upset this doctrine. Her lofty beams decidedly ease her rolling. This Pacific Mail steamship is to have SEWALL'S surface condenser, which is, we believe, the best in general service. Thus fresh water will be supplied to the boilers, saving fuel and repairs. But the greatest advantages of surface-condensation will never be reached until its counterparts, high steam, and small, light boilers are employed; with the former the latter are entirely feasible. Speaking of surface condensation,—we may remark that Mr. ALLEN, of the Novelty Works, is getting very satisfactory results from an improvement of his own, to which we shall further allude in due time; we refer to it now to show that with so many heads at work at it, the difficult problem is surely approaching a perfect solution.

An iron stern-wheel steamboat for Carthagena, 118 by 19 feet, with light draft and high-pressure engines, is also building at this establishment. A number of small high-pressure engines, for factory purposes, are constantly in hand. The smallest variety of steam-engineering, however, and decidedly the most difficult, is the construction of steam fire-engines, under the management and patents of Messrs. LEE & LARNED. A short time ago, there was no copy to follow, and no precedent to refer to, in adapting a steam engine to the singular purpose of running about the streets, tumbling over curb-stones and obstructions, to the music of fire-bells, and then, by throwing continuous, unbroken and powerful fountains of water over warehouse-tops, to drown out conflagrations which would laugh at the spasmodic efforts of muscular force. A steam-pump is a simple thing, no doubt, but a pump and a boiler on wheels, light enough to be jerked over all the rough places in town by a company of firemen, and strong enough to hold together under this rough treatment, and manageable enough to be got to work on almost instantaneous notice, and to keep enough of the vital principle to stand right up to the work by the hour, and pour its unceasing deluge through long lines of straining hose, over the very top of burning warehouses,—such a machine is more easily wished for than constructed. But after two or three years' earnest work, with its mingled failure and success, these very objects are—we do not say pefectly, but very satisfactorily—accomplished by the American steam fire-engine of 1861. Quite recently Messrs. LEE & LARNED have begun to adopt the Worthington Duplex pump, to meet the wishes of those who prefer the Reciprocating pump to the Rotary, and with decided success. The former is known to be the best pump extant, and together with the vehicle of Messrs. LEE & LARNED, we think it is likely to make the best steam fire-engine in use. For particular purposes, some self-propelling steam fire-engines, similar to those in use here, are in hand. These have been improved in some details, and embody the inventions of Mr. J. K. FISHER, the steam carriage engineer, as to running-gear, suspension, &c.,—the only possible plan yet brought out of running steam carriages at high speeds.

The Novelty Works are also constructing the engines and machinery for a fish oil apparatus—the second that has been built—a novel structure, which we have not space to explain at length. This machinery appears likely to develop a new and important field of industry. Some sugar-mill construction for Cuba, and a considerable amount of general and repair business, complete the catalogue of work in hand at this extensive establishment.

A Note from Dr. Bacon.

To the Editor of the New-York Times.

SIR: During a recent absence from this City, I have seen a copy of your paper, bearing date of Feb. 28, 1861, in the editorial columns of which I am accused of having charged a late distinguished Senator in the Congress of the (lately) United States with STEALING.

As I have the honor to be a personal friend (or, at least, a friendly acquaintance) of the Editor of the TIMES, I may presume that he will permit me to use the roughest form of a contradiction, in saying as I do now, *over* my signature, I DID NOT.

You and your neighbor-in-law of the *Tribune* office, have distinctly charged JUDAH T. BENJAMIN, of Louisiana, with being the particular thief whom I described, or tried to describe. That is a matter with which I have nothing to do. You and the *Tribune* folks will have to settle the affair with any person claiming to be aggrieved by your imputation or supposition that he is "the guilty party."

By a reference to a file of the New-York *Independent* you can ascertain exactly what I did say of a man who was in college with me thirty-three years ago.

And for what I said,—as for all I ever have said of any human being, either in writing or by word of mouth,—I am personally and solely responsible.

I do not think that the person whom you have named will thank you for publishing him as a thief.

There were two thieves in the class of 1829, in Yale College.

About two or two and a half per cent. of every class in every college are thieves. But they generally graduate *per saltum*, "thereby meaning" that they go off between two days. That was the case with the person whose early history I have ventilated in the columns of the *Independent*.

D. FRANCIS BACON, M. D.

NEW-JERSEY AND THE CAMDEN AND AMBOY MONOPOLY.—The Legislature of New-Jersey has just issued a pamphlet containing the reports of the Railroad Companies of the State, from which we gather the following interesting items relative to the business of the Camden and Amboy Road the last year:

The receipts of the joint companies for the year ending 31st of December, have been $2,543,714 75, and the expenses for the same period amount to $1,871,056 05.

From the net profits, dividends of 12 per cent. have been paid to the stockholders; from these dividends the State has realized $24,000. In addition to this, an extra dividend of 25 per cent. has been declared from the earnings heretofore expended in constructing and improving the works of the Company. From this the State received 500 additional shares of stock, increasing its stock interest in the companies to 2,500 shares.

The transit duty accruing to the State for the past year amounts to $126,886 73, and the interest on the bonds and the dividends on the stock are $28,860 73—making the whole revenue accruing from this source the sum of $155,746 73, being an increase over that of the previous year of over $15,000.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Nos. 2, 8 on Demurrer, 210, 127, 157, 164, 144, 182, 193, 203, 206, 206½, 209, 210, 211, 215, 218, 219.

CIRCUIT COURT—*Part I.*—Nos. 431, 1633, 641, 659, 665, 355, 749 593, 671, 673, 679, 683, 687, 699, 703, 711, 731, 743, 745, 747. *Part II.*—Nos. 596, 602, 604, 770, 364, 376, 300, 594½, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 630, 636, 638, 640.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 1531, 867, 869, 1287, 1375, 1315, 1535, 1551, 1559, 1561, 1353, 1307, 1567, 1571, 1572. *Part II.*—Nos. 1012, 862, 956, 1028, 1030, 1036, 1046, 1048, 1050, 1052, 1054, 1056.

COMMON PLEAS.—*Part I.*—Nos. 300, 519, 709, 714, 205, 425, 752, 542, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 298, 495. *Part II.*—Nos 336, 457, 537, 2990, 477, 499, 605, 748, 761, 763, 764, 239, 473, 529, 532, 557.

Matrimony and Money—The Misfortunes of a Married Woman.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Woodruff.

Elizabeth Josephine Van Eeton vs. *Camille C. Roumage.*—This action is brought to recover the sum of $20,000, alleged to have been loaned by the plaintiff to the defendant in April, 1855.

The plaintiff is a married woman, and alleges that she possessed $20,000 in money, her own and separate property; that she loaned this sum to the defendant upon the understanding that the defendant would pay to her the interest thereon, and would repay to her the principal when she should request him to do so.

The defendant denies that he ever borrowed the money of the plaintiff, and alleges that he received the sum of $26,450 73 from one Louis M. Van Eeton, which he supposes may include the money referred to by the plaintiff; but this amount he subsequently paid back to Mr. Eeton.

It appears that the money was given to the defendant by the husband of the plaintiff, and the defendant asserts that he had no knowledge, at the time he received it, that the money belonged to the plaintiff, or that she had any claim whatever to it. Part of the money was repaid to Mr. Eeton, and a part was lost, as alleged by the defendant, in investments directed by the plaintiff's husband.

The plaintiff, on the contrary, alleges that the defendant was informed at the time, that the money belonged to her.

The case is still on.

Wm. Fullerton and Cornelius Fiske, for plaintiff; Larocques & Barlow; for defendant.

Does the Term "Floor," when applied to a Building, include the Attic.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Moncrief.

The New-York Belting and Packing Company vs. *The Washington Insurance Company.*—This case has been before stated in the TIMES. The plaintiffs owned a factory in Connecticut, and insured with the defendants, as with a number of other companies, altogether amounting to about $65,000. The factory burning down, the plaintiffs applied to their insurers for the amount of the different policies held upon their factory. The defendants in this instance refused to satisfy the demand, and this action resulted.

The policy issued by the defendants required that water and hose should be kept and provided on each "floor" of the building insured. The plaintiffs' factory complied with this provision in respect to every floor but the attic floor. In the attic, although water was provided, there was no hose. This fact was set up as a defence, and the Court sustaining it nonsuited the plaintiffs.

The suit has been appealed, counsel for the plaintiffs holding that in no respect is the attic a floor within the legal definition of the word or term "floor." This is the point of appeal.

The Odds is the Difference—Who's Elected?

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Before Justice Wells.

The People ex rel. Cremmins & Shaefer vs. *McManus & Gallagher.*—This is a controversy involving the rights of the parties to act as Trustees of the Schools of the Nineteenth Ward.

It is claimed by the plaintiffs that in the case of Cremmens, 51, and in the case of Schaefer, 58 votes were thrown out, because the ballot was marked "For Trustees of Public Schools," instead for "Trustees of Common Schools." The plaintiffs also claim that all the votes in the second district of the Ward should be thrown out, because Gallagher, as alleged, one of the candidates, acted as an Inspector, contrary to law. They aver that, in case these irregularities are corrected, they are entitled to the office in question.

The defendants denied all the allegations of the complaint, and alleged that they were duly elected and have received the proper certificate of office.

After hearing, the Court directed a verdict for the plaintiffs, subject to the opinion of the General Term. Stay of proceedings granted.

D. B. Taylor, for plaintiffs; A. R. Lawrence, Jr., for defendants.

Court of General Sessions.

COMPLAINANT A FELON—DEFENDANT DISCHARGED.

In this Court yesterday, before Judge MCCUNN, William Martin, indicted for felonious assault, was discharged on his own recognizance, as the complainant is an inmate of Sing Sing, and the present prisoner bore a good character.

George H. Beale, indicted for burglary, having given testimony on behalf of the State, was discharged upon his own recognizance.

PUNISHED AND THEN TRIED.

James Kelly, indicted for larceny, was next put to the bar. The prisoner has been a long time in prison awaiting trial, but as the District-Attorney was unable to find the complaining witness, he moved his discharge, and the prisoner was set at liberty.

A THIEF AND RECEIVER IN ONE.

Mary Tracy, indicted for grand larceny and receiving stolen goods, was next put to the bar. She pleaded guilty to the latter offence, and was fined $100, and sent to the penitentiary for one year.

A FAMILY IN COURT.

John Kehoe, and his sisters Honora and Ellen, indicted for larceny and receiving stolen goods, were next put to the bar. The District-Attorney stated that in the case of the youngest girl, her employer had agreed to take her back into her employ; and as the testimony against the others was not sufficient to convict, he should move to discharge them all upon their own recognizance.

A RANDOM SHOT BRINGS DOWN THE GAME.

Henry Hellriegel, indicted for felonious assault, was next put to the bar.

William Graham testified that on the night of the 17th of November last he was in company with a man by the name of Thomas Burke, in Delancey-street; he heard Burke say he was shot, and then turning, saw him covered with blood; he had stopped to see a "muss" at a saloon; witness has since seen the prisoner tending bar at the same saloon; Burke remained in the house from the effects of the wound for two weeks; witness has since seen the scars in Burke's head, and marks of shot; Burke was simply looking into the saloon at the time he was shot; he was not engaged in a quarrel himself; witness has since talked with the prisoner, who said that he did not intend to shoot Burke; he had no hard feelings at all against him, and did not know when he fired that Burke would be hit.

Alexander Irving testified that he was with the last witness and Burke. His statements of the affray were precisely the same as those made by Graham.

Officer Wilson testified that he saw Burke when he was being led along by his friends; his face had several shot-marks in it; subsequently the witness went to the saloon; he did not find the prisoner, but under the bed he found

Christian Hermann, who next testified that, on the night of the fray, he was in the employ of Hellriegel, and was in his house that night; he saw the prisoner fire a pistol from the door that night; he saw no previous difficulty, but heard the prisoner say that three loafers had insulted and thrown stones at him.

James Findly testified that he was with Burke when he was shot; the witness was ahead of Burke, and heard the pistol report, and then the exclamation, "I am shot;" in other respects the witness corroborated the testimony already given.

Christian Shielas testified that he was passing the prisoner's saloon on the night in question, when he saw some rowdies pelting it with stones, and subsequently a man fired a pistol from the door; it was not the prisoner who fired; witness had seen him fifteen minutes before coming out, and going away for an oyster stew.

Several witnesses then testified to the prisoner's good character, and the Jury took the case, and being unable to agree, were discharged, and the prisoner was remanded. The Jury stood eleven for acquittal.

TALLOW TO GREASE THE WHEELS OF JUSTICE.

James Hagan, indicted for grand larceny, was next tried.

William W. Todd testified that he was one of the owners of the vessel *Alpha*, from which about $31 worth of tallow was stolen; Hagan, who was the captain of the vessel, had confessed to the witness that some of the men had put the tallow in bags and laid them together on the deck; he had afterwards sold it to a junk-dealer, who called for it; there were two hundred and thirty odd pounds; none of the tallow was ever recovered; witness stated that the prisoner's previous character had been good.

The jury then took the case, and rendered a verdict of guilty of petty larceny, and the prisoner was sent to the Penitentiary for six months.

PATRONS OF THIEVES.

Abraham Rosenstein and Henry Stone, indicted for receiving stolen goods, were next tried.

Martin Fox testified that he was a jobber at No. 53 Vesey-street; his clerk Otto Heinzman, had stolen from him a quantity of ribbons, velvet buttons, sewing silk, &c., to the value of $175, which he gave to his friend, one Giglein, who sold them to the prisoners, who are in business together; after Heinzman had confessed the larceny, the witness went with some officers to the prisoners' place, where some of the articles having the witness' private mark upon them were found; the prisoners were then taken to the Station-house, where they offered the witness $100 if he would settle; he refused, however; Giglein was present, and told the prisoners to give up the goods which he had brought them; some of the articles were then given up by Stone.

Officer Tieman testified that he went with the last witness to the prisoner's place of business, at the corner of Orchard and Grand streets; at first, Stone said that he didn't know anything about the goods; he had not purchased them; he subsequently delivered up some of the articles.

Officer McCord testified that he accompanied the last witness, when he visited the prisoner's place; he then corroborated the account already given.

Otto Heinzman next testified that he had been a clerk in the employ of Mr. Fox; he stole from the store the various articles already described, and gave them to Giglein for sale.

Witnesses were then introduced to testify to the prisoners' good character, and the jury took the case and rendered a verdict of guilty with a recommendation to mercy. The prisoners were remanded.

The Court then adjourned to this morning at eleven o'clock, when the following cases will be taken up:

CALENDAR.

For Felonious Assault—John Sauer, Joseph Townsend, John C. Noe, Henry King.
For Embezzlement—Louis Prayer.
For Forgery—Patrick Langon.
For Burglary—Patrick O'Connor, Patrick McDonnell, Patrick Farrin, Michael Farrel.
For Larceny—John Riley, Patrick McIntyre, Patrick Barrett, Thomas Rigby, Jr., Margaret O'Brien.
For Receiving Stolen Goods—Joseph Warganz, Fanny Warganz, Patrick Constantine.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

SUTHERLAND, J.—*Pacific Mutual Insurance Company* vs. *Machado et al.*—Report confirmed and judgment ordered.

Van Riper et. al. vs. *Marseiles et al.*—Report confirmed and order granted.

Matter of the application of the Free Church of St. George's Chapel for an order for the mortgage of certain real estate belonging to them.—Order on petition granted for leave to mortgage real estate.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

HILTON, J.—*Wyman* vs. *Mansfield.*—Motion denied with costs.

Topski vs. *Van Schoonhoven.*—Motion denied, with costs to abide event.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....MARCH 13.

$10,000	U. S. 6s,'81.Cou	93¼	330	Erie Railroad	32¼
10,000	do	93⅝	250	do b30	32¾
7 000	do	93⅜	100	Hudson Riv. R. b3	45½
5,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Reg	95⅛	50	Harlem R. b30	15⅝
5,000	do	95⅛	100	do b10	15¾
2,500	Trea. 12⅌c.Nts	103⅝	100	Harlem R. Pref d.	39⅛
7,000	Ten. St. 6s, '68	76	300	do	39
6,000	do	75⅛	100	Chic.,Bur.& Qn. R	72⅛
5 000	Vir. State 6s	78⅛	5	Macon & West. R.	93
1 000	N. C. State 6s	82	100	Reading R b30	44
2,000	Missouri State 6s	67⅛	300	do	43⅞
20,000	do b30	67⅛	100	do	43⅝
5,000	do s10	67	500	do s60	43⅛
17,000	do	67	100	do s30	43⅛
1,000	Erie 2d M.Ex '79	100¾	50	Mich. Central R	57⅛
2 000	Har. 1st M. Bds.	99⅛	50	do	57⅛
5,000	Har. R. R., 2d mt.	80	50	do	57⅝
6,500	Illinois Central	97⅛	12	do	58
5,000	Chi &N.W., 1st m.	39½	150	M.S.&N I.Gt'l St'k	36
1,000	Chi.&N.W, 2d m.	15	50	do	35⅞
5,000	Hanibal & St. Jo.	48	200	do s30	35⅛
4,000	D.L.&W.R.1stM.	100	850	Ill. Cen. R. Scrip	81⅛
1,000	C.,B.&Q.R.8⅌c.		100	do s30	81
	Bonds	95	50	do s10	81½
10	Merchants' Bank	98	100	Gal. & Chic. R	71
7	Bank of America	105¼	100	do b15	71⅛
14	Amer. Ex. Bank	92½	50	do	71⅝
125	Pac. Mail S. Co	85⅛	100	Cleve & Tol. R	34⅛
155	do	85⅛	300	do b60	34⅛
200	do s30	85	550	do	34⅝
150	do b30	85⅛	10	do	35
250	do b30	86	210	Chic. & Rock I. R.	58⅛
150	N. Y. Central R	78⅛	450	do	58⅛
600	do	78⅛	50	do s15	58
50	do s5	78⅞	5	do	58
550	do	78⅛	50	do s30	58
100	M. So. & N. I. R	15⅝			

SECOND BOARD.

$1,000	U. S. 5s, '74 Cou.	87⅛	350	Erie Railroad	32
40,000	do	87⅛	50	do b10	32
36,000	U. S. 6s, '81 Cou.	93⅛	100	Hudson River R	45
10,000	U. S. 6s, '81 Reg	95⅛	500	Harlem R. Pref.b30	39
7,000	Tenn. St. 6s. '90.	75	100	do s15	38⅞
4,000	Missouri State 6s	66⅝	300	do	34⅛
6,000	do	66⅛	100	Reading R s30	43⅛
12,000	Virginia S. 6s	78⅛	100	Mich. Central R	57⅛
3,500	Ohio State 6s '60.	97⅛	50	M. S.&N. Ind. R.	15⅝
3,000	Ill. Cen. R. Bds.	97⅛	150	do	15⅞
8,000	Pac R 7s. guar		350	Ill. Cen. R. Scrip	80⅛
	by St. of Mo	66	200	do s10	80⅛
50	Del.& Hudson C.Co	89⅛	100	do s10	80⅛
52	Pacific M. S. Co	85⅛	100	do s60	80⅛
100	do s30	85⅛	550	Cleve. & Toledo R	34⅛
100	N. Y. Cen. R. b10	78⅛	50	Chicago & R. I. R.	57⅛
61	Del., L. & West. R.	82			

WEDNESDAY, March 13—P. M.

The Stock Exchange was firm to-day on the Federal and State securities, and weaker than yesterday on the Railway Share list. On the latter, it is found that the realizations of Monday and Tuesday by speculative holders, who had been awaiting a free market, were quite considerable, especially on New-York Central, Toledo, &c., and the effect of the delivery to the Street of this large amount of cash Stock is to check, and in some measure depress, fresh speculation for the rise. A number of influential Brokers are supposed to be more than willing to have prices fall off by the weight of this operation, with a view to come in at lower prices, while other sellers, distrusting, or assuming to doubt the future course of political events, are taking *short* lines on a scale of prices 1@1½ ⅌ cent. lower than the average sales on Monday. The printed sales at the Second Board of New-York Central, Erie, Illinois Central, Toledo and Galena, show about this difference, the demand closing rather dull. At the same time, the outside orders at the Board for United States, State and Railway mortgage securities, manifest increased activity, and pretty large operations are making outside the Exchange in Treasury paper, and the New Federal Stock. The demand is active for the five per cents of 1874, the Coupon Stock selling at 87¾ ⅌ cent. this afternoon. A large business was done in Missouris and Tennessees, and in Railway mortgages the bids were firm, without eliciting much stock. The indorsed 7 ⅌ cent. bonds of Missouri sold at 66 ⅌ cent, while the regular 6 ⅌ cents sold at 66¾@67 ⅌ cent. The former are now convertible, at the risk and changes of sending the bonds to Missouri.

Late in the afternoon there was a steadier market for the Railway shares, with a slight improvement on the printed sales at the Second Board—New-York Central, 78¼ ⅌ cent.; Illinois Central, 81; Erie, 32¼; Reading, 43½; Michigan Guaranteed, 35¾@36; the old stock, 15⅞; Toledo, 34½.

There is not much news to be had, to-day, in the markets for Money or Foreign Exchange. The Discount Brokers complain of the absence of anything like a good selection of first-rate paper, as now classified by lenders, and when such bills appear on sale, they are readily negotiated at 6@7 ⅌ cent. One of the oldest of our Discount firms expressed the opinion, to-day, that money would soon have to seek Federal and State Securities, at advancing rates, in default of employment in regular trade paper of undoubted credit. This opinion is further borne out by the renewed demand by private inquiry, within a day or two, for Treasury paper, which has risen to 8@8½ ⅌ cent. ⅌ annum, and for all classes of the recent Loans of the Federal Government. At the Stock Exchange the investment orders for the State Securities of Virginia, Tennessee, Missouri, &c., have also improved, while the offerings from the Western Bankers have been less marked than last week. Exchange is steady at 105½@106 ⅌ cent.

We understand that the missing mails on the steamship *Australasian* embrace the letters from India and China, which were at hand in London a few days previous to the sailing of this steamer from Queenstown, on the 17th ult. A number of valuable remittances of 1st March Coupons and other securities are also believed to be in the mails from England and the Continent. The amount of English Gold on board is less than $60,000. About fifty cabin passengers are also on board; among them Mr. BOTHICK, a member of the London Stock Exchange, on business to this country. The manifest and passenger list have not yet been received on this side. The uneasiness for the safety of this fine ship is on the increase, of course, as the delay in hearing from her is prolonged.

Our cotemporary of the *Tribune*, in his Stock Exchange prognostics, this morning, appears to yield to an impression that an extra session of Congress, in May or June, would militate against the peaceable settlement of our difficulties with the Gulf States. A moment's reflection, we think, must reverse any fear of this sort. The hazards of collision would be multiplied by any assumption of mere Executive authority to force the collection of the revenues, and assuming that this point is to be left to future adjustment with the States of South Carolina, Georgia, &c., who are now collecting the revenues under the Tariff of 1857, reënacted by the Gulf Confederacy, the embarrassments must be innumerable, as well as damaging to Northern commerce, after the 1st of April, when the new Tariff of 1861 comes into operation, as there is no present probability that this bill will also be reënacted at Montgomery. The question is one, almost exclusively in the control of Congress, as there is no existing Force-bill on the Statute Books to strengthen the arm of the Executive, nor would the exercise of such authority be desirable to our trade relations with Europe, if a blockade of the Cotton ports should be attempted in carrying out a force policy.

Regarding the early and quiet withdrawal of the force at Fort Sumpter as the initiative of the peaceable or diplomatic purpose of the new Administration, adopted in pursuance of the urgent request and advice of the best Union men of the Border States, it would almost seem to follow as a matter of course that the new Congress should be called together as soon as North Carolina, Tennessee, Maryland and Kentucky can hold special elections for Congressmen in anticipation of their regular State elections in August and October. The other States will all have chosen their members before the close of April. The new House of Representatives will be Republican, in the absence of the Gulf delegations, but not radically so. Assuming that Connecticut and Rhode Island will elect united Republican delegations, the House will stand about 106 to 97, (and 34 absent from the Gulf States,) scarcely a working majority on the ordinary legislation of the country, and no majority at all as against the peace purposes of Mr. LINCOLN and SEWARD, as now interpreted.

The practical truth seems now to be confessed by moderate men of all parties, including by far the most influential section of the Republicans, that the whole difficulty at the South must be met and overcome, *by the policy of peace and negotiation.* If we are to have two permanent Confederacies instead of one, the cause of humanity, to say nothing of the national interests of trade and commerce, and the strong ties of a common blood, demand that the separation should be arranged with the Montgomery authorities,—when their acts shall be unequivocally indorsed by the people of the Gulf States, and their new and separate organization adopted by the popular vote,—in a peaceable way, and through the deliberate action of our own Congress. Or, if on the other hand, looking to reconstruction, mutual compromise and concession are again to be tried, the effort, to be effectual, should be by legislation, before the affair is further complicated by violence on either side. In every view of the question, the early meeting of Congress would seem to be absolutely necessary, and the proclamation of President LINCOLN to this effect, would be everywhere hailed *as a step in the direction of peace.*

A letter from *London* to one of the morning papers, in giving an account of the failure and arrest at *Paris* of Mr. MIRES, states that several other and much older and more estimable Paris firms had failed in consequence—among others, Messrs. ADOLPHE MARCUAD & Co. As these gentlemen have several highly respectable correspondents in this City and at the South, who are duly apprised direct of everything that had occurred in Paris up to and including the mail by the *Niagara*, we are enabled to state that no such failure has occurred, is likely to occur, or in the nature of their wealth and mode of doing business *can* occur, at least short of a general political or financial earthquake throughout Europe. We have also direct and positive information that Messrs. MARCUAD & Co. have no involvements with M. MIRES, nor was the bankruptcy of the latter surprising to them.

Mr. LAWRENCE R. JEROME has become a member of the old Stock Exchange firm of Messrs. A. G. NORWOOD & Co., No. 66 Beaver-street.

The Legislature of Illinois has just granted a liberal charter for the reorganization of the old Chicago and Mississippi Railway Corporation, in favor of the mortgage creditors of the original Company, who become holders in the new Company, under the style of the Chicago and Alton Company, as follows:

1. First Mortgagees, as originally	$2,000,000
And Income Bondholders for overdue interest to the 1st Oct., 1861	840,000
2. Second Mortgagees become preference Shareholders for principal and over due and accrued interest to 1st Oct., 1861	2,300,000
3. Third and Chattel Mortgagees become common Shareholders for principal and interest to 1st Oct., 1861	1,500,000
Total funded and capitalized cost	$6,640,000

In addition to which the new Company assume and pay, or secure before this organization, if fully consummated, about $500,000 on account of preferred local liens upon the property as decreed by the Courts. The length of the line is 285 miles, so that the average cost ⅌ mile, to make the total as it will stand on 1st October next, is only about $23,309 ⅌ mile, and the mortgage only $7,000 ⅌ mile. The incorporators under the new charter are Messrs. Robb, Hoge, A. Iselin, Moran, Myer, Von Hoffman, Gilbert and Crookes, of New-York, and Ogden, Bunn and Mitchell, of Illinois.

The following is the official order of the United States District Court, heretofore referred to, discussing the claim of the Department of the Interior to the State Bonds abstracted from the Indian Bureau and bought or advanced in good faith by third parties—the Bonds being payable to bearer and negotiable by simple delivery. As this decision has not been appealed from, it would seem proper that the new Secretary of the Interior should withdraw the advertisement of his predecessor against the free negotiation of Bonds which can never come into the possession of the Government again, except by repurchase.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.

In Equity, the United States and Jacob Thompson vs. *Luther C. Clark, Edward Dodge, John D. Maxwell and Thomas P. Huntington, impleaded with Jerome B. Simpson, and others.*—At a Circuit Court, held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 23d day of February, 1861. Present, Hon. D. A. SMALLEY, Judge.

A preliminary injunction having been granted herein against the above-named defendants, partners under the name of Clark, Dodge & Co., restraining them from parting with, or in any manner disposing of, certain Bonds issued by the State of Missouri, in the possession of said defendants, which said Bonds are in the Bill of Complaint particularly described, and an order having been herein granted requiring the said defendants to show cause why the said injunction should not be continued, or a further injunction granted; and the said defendants having appeared and shown cause, and it appearing by the affidavits of the said defendants that they received the said Bonds in good faith and for value, and without notice or knowledge of the matters alleged in the said Bill, and in the ordinary and usual course of business.

Now, on reading and filing the said bill of Complaint, and the said affidavits on the part of the said defendants, and after hearing JAMES J. ROOSEVELT, United States District-Attorney, and M. V. B. Wilcoxon on behalf of the plaintiffs, and John E. Burrill, of counsel for the said defendants;

It is ordered, that the injunction hereinbefore granted against the said defendants be and the same is hereby dissolved, and the motion for a further injunction be and the same is hereby denied.

(A copy) D. A. SMALLEY, Judge.

KENNETH G. WHITE, Clerk.

The following are the latest quotations by mail for Exchange on New-York, received by Mr. J. T. VAN VLECK, No. 4 Broad-street:

	Premium.
March 12..Philadelphia	Par.
March 12..Boston	Par.
March 6..New-Orleans	Par.
March 7..Mobile	Par.
March 12..Baltimore	⅛@ ¼
March 12..Washington	1 @ 1¼
March 10..Charleston	3½@ 4
March 10..Augusta	3 @ 4
March 11..Richmond	5½@ 6
March 11..Petersburgh	5½@ 6
March 9..Savannah	3½@ 4½
March 9..Chicago	7 @ 7½
March 8..Milwaukee	6 @ 7
March 10..Cleveland	1 @ 1¼
March 9..St. Louis	5 @ 5½
March 9..Louisville, Ky.	½@ ¾
March 10..Detroit	1 @ 1¼
March 9..Cincinnati	½@ ¾
March 11..Pittsburg	1¼@ 1¾
March 9..Montgomery	4 @ 4½
March 11..Norfolk	5½@ 6
March 8..East Saginaw, Mich	1½@ 2
March 11..Toledo, Ohio	1 @ 1½
March 9..Dubuque, Iowa	8 @ 8½
March 8..Quincy, Ill	7 @ 7½
March 12..Canada	½@ ¾
March 12..Alexandria, Va.	5½@ 6
March 12..Washington, D. C.	5 @ 6

The Toledo and Wabash Railroad earned the first week of March:

	1860.	1861.
Passengers	$4,953 50	$4,013 25
Freight	6,731 65	9,075 16
Total	$11,635 05	$13,038 41
Increase		$2,596 64

The following was to-day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer:

Total Receipts	$156,566 90
Total Payments	445,930 98
Total Balance	6,899,954 85

The receipts include $101,000 for Customs.

The following is a statement of the movements of Cotton for the past week and since 1st September last, compared with the five preceding years:

	RECEIPTS. Past Wk.	Since Sept. 1.	EX. FOR PAST WEEK. To Gt. B.	To Fr.	Oth. F. P.
1860-61	100,000	3,015,000	99,000	25,000	14,000
1859-60	142,000	3,711,000	84,000	22,000	33,000
1858-9	94,000	3 038,000	56,000	6,000	53,000
1857-8	124,000	2,122,000	55,000	9,000	18,000
1856-7	77,000	2,462,000	54,000	23,000	22,000
1855-6	123,000	2 620,000	60,000	11,000	17,000

EXPORTS SINCE SEPTEMBER 1.

	To Gt. B.	To Fr.	Other F. P.	Total.	Stock
1860-61	1,508,000	401,000	225,000	2,134,000	695,000
1859-60	1,623,000	440,000	281,000	2,345,000	1,095,000
1858-9	1,012,000	334,000	345,000	1,691,000	927,000
1857-8	803,000	251,000	183,000	1,237,000	777,000
1856-7	839,000	288,000	251,000	1,378,000	651,000
1855-6	1,030,000	334,000	321,000	1,694,000	643,000

The statement of earnings of the St. Louis, Alton and Chicago Railroad, for the first week of March was:

	Total this month to 7th inst.
Passengers	$5,083 15
Freight	11,928 09
Mails and Express	815 34
Total	$17,829 58
Corresponding week in 1860	15,446 31
Increase in 1861	2,383 27

The course of Cotton receipts is now the main point of attention, and Messrs. NEILL BROTHERS say that it would be remarkable if the rapid falling off during the past ten days did not strengthen the lower estimates. "A partial decrease," they add, "about this date had been generally expected, from the fact of planters having hurried their crops forward of late, and also from this being the season when the forces are employed in preparing the ground for another crop. But none were prepared for so sudden a falling off as has taken place at New-Orleans, in face of the full rivers and high prices; the deliveries for the past three days having fallen to 7,000 bales, against 25,000 for same time last year. Whether this decrease is to be attributed more to exhaustion of crop than to political and other causes, remains to be seen; but for the present the effect is to compel all parties to modify their views, and to give color even to the extreme low figures. From many points South the advices report very little Cotton remaining in the country, but at the Atlantic ports the receipts are well supported up to mail dates."

The following are THOMPSON BROTHERS' quotations for Currency and Specie to-day:

New-York State Currency	3-10
New-England	2 10
Philadelphia	2-10
Baltimore	⅜
Interior Pennsylvania	2
Interior Maryland	1¼
Virginia and Georgia	6
North Carolina	6½
South Carolina	10
Mobile and Tennessee	4
New-Orleans	1
Illinois, Wisconsin and Missouri	8
Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana	1
Canada	⅜
Michigan	1¼

SPECIE.

Silver.			
Mexican Dols	$1 04@ —	Old Am.Qr.Dols.	$1 01½@—
Spanish Dols	1 08@ —	Span.Silver ⅌oz.	1 29@ —
Five-franc pieces	96@ —	Gold.	
French Crowns	1 08@ —	Sovereigns	4 80@4 82
German Crowns	1 06@ —	Twenty Francs	3 80@3 82
Prussian Thalers	70@ —	Ten-thaler pieces	7 82@ —
Guilders	39@ —	Ten-guilder pcs.	3 98@ —
English Silver	4 70@4 80	Span.Doubloons	16 00@16 25
Species	1 06@ —	PatriotDoubl'ns	15 40@15 60
OldAm.Hlf.Dols.	1 03@ —	Gold—Am. Old	6c. prem.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, March 13.

Stocks heavy. Pennsylvania State Fives, 88½; Reading Railroad, 22; Morris Canal, 53; Long Island Railroad, 10¾; Pennsylvania Railroad, 41¼. Sight Exchange on New-York at par@¼ ⅌ cent. discount.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, March 13, 1861—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 14 bbls. Ashes; 1,669 bbls. Flour; 2,960 bushels Wheat; 15 854 bushels Corn; 800 bushels Rye; 3,475 bushels Oats; 484 bushels Malt; 2,487 pkgs. Provisions; and 919 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are quiet, yet steady, at $5 25@$5 31¼ for Pots and Pearls, ⅌ 100 lbs. Stock in the Inspection Warehouse, this morning, 296 bbls., including 213 bbls Pots and 83 bbls. Pearls.

COTTON—Has been less active, to-day, but prices rule very firm. The reported sales add up 2,500 bales, including Middling Upland at 11¾c.@12c., and other grades at proportionate rates, ⅌ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in fair request, to-day, and as holders have been less eager to sell, more steadiness has been descernible in the market, particularly for shipping brands, which have been more sought after. The reported sales reach 11,750 bbls., including superfine State at $5 00@$5 05; ordinary to choice Extra State at $5 10@$5 35, chiefly $5 10@$5 15; Superfine Western at $5@$5 05; Extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois at $5 12½@$6 10; Extra Indiana and Michigan at $5 20@$6 20; inferior Extra Ohio at $5 35@$5 40; round-hoop Extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $5 40@$5 55 ⅌ bbl.

Superfine State	$5 00	@$5 05
Extra State	5 10	@ 5 35
Superfine Western	5 00	@ 5 05
Extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois	5 12½	@ 6 10
Extra Indiana and Michigan	5 20	@ 6 20
Interior Extra Ohio	5 35	@ 5 40
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping bds	5 40	@ 5 55
Extra Ohio, trade brands	5 60	@ 7 10
Fancy Genesee	5 40	@ 5 50
Extra Genesee	5 60	@ 7 25
Inferior to choice Extra Missouri	5 60	@ 7 25

Southern Flour is in more demand at former prices; sales 2,300 bbls., at $5 30@$5 65 for very poor to good superfine Alexandria, Baltimore, &c., and $5 70@$7 25 for fancy to choice extra brands, ⅌ bbl. Canadian rules quiet, including inferior to very choice extra at $5 15@$7 50 ⅌ bbl.; sales 400 bbls. Rye Flour is inactive, at $3 30@$4 10 for fine and superfine, ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal is selling, in lots, at $2 80@$2 85 for Jersey, and $3 20@$3 25 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl. Buckwheat Flour is in request at $1 50@$1 75 ⅌ 100 lbs.

GRAIN—Wheat has been rather more sought after, to-day, especially by shippers, at uniform prices. We have heard of sales of 85,000 bushels, including White Canada at $1 50; white Western, $1 45@$1 55; Red Western, $1 29@$1 30, in store; amber Wisconsin at $1 22½; Milwaukee Club, in store and delivered, at $1 20@$1 22; Northwestern Club, part at $1 18; Chicago Spring at $1 15½@$1 17 ⅌ bushel. Corn is heavy and drooping; sales have been reported of 83,000 bushels at 58c.@60c. for inferior to prime new mixed Western, from railroad dépôt; 66c.@67½c., chiefly at 66c.@67c. for old do. do. in store, and delivered; do.; 61c.@68c. for poor damp to prime dry Yellow Southern, and 67c.@72c. for white Southern, ⅌ bushel. Rye continues inactive, at 64c @68c. ⅌ bushel. Barley is in demand and is steady; sales 6,200 bushels, including State at 73c.@76c., ⅌ bushel. Oats are depressed, including Canada, at 33c.@33½c.; Western at 32½c.@33½c., and State at 33c.@34c. ⅌ bushel.

HAY—Sales 700 bales North River, at 75c.@85c., mainly within the range, ⅌ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Sales were made of 65 bales New, at 22c.@30c. ⅌ lb.

MOLASSES—Sales have been made of 100 bbls. New-Orleans, at 33c @35c.; 40 hhds. Porto Rico, at 26c.; 60 hhds. Cuba Muscovado, at 23c.; and 20 hhds. Clayed Cuba, at 17c., ⅌ gallon.

OILS—Linseed is in request at full prices. Other descriptions remain as last noticed.

New-Bedford Oil Market, week ending March 11.

SPERM—Continues in fair demand. The transactions in this market have been sales of two parcels amounting to 300 bbls. at $1 45. In Boston 884 bbls. in parcels, of the *Acaso's* cargo, have been sold at $1 40@$1 43 ⅌ gallon, according to quality. In Nantucket further sales have been made of 300 bbls. at $1 45; 762 of the above were for export.

WHALE—Sales of 170 bbls. here at a price not transpired, and 200 bbls. in Fairhaven at 45c., include all the transactions in Whale for the week.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States.

	Bbls. Sperm.	Bbls. Whale.	Lbs. Bone.
From Jan. 1 to March 11, 1861	6,214	9,746	150,300
Same time last year	5,587	7,588	200,000

—*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

PROVISIONS—Pork was very sparingly purchased at $17@$17 12½ for Mess, and $12 50@$12 75 for Prime, ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats and Bacon are quiet at old rates. Lard is salable and steady; sales, 450 tcs. and bbls. in lots at 9½c.@10½c. ⅌ lb. Beef continues unchanged; sales 220 bbls. at $10@$11 for extra Mess. $8 50@$9 87 for repacked Western Mess, and $5 75@$6 25 for Country Mess ⅌ bbl.; Beef Hams, $12 50@$15 50 ⅌ bbl. Butter is in request at 10c @14c. for Western, and 14c.@19c. for State ⅌ lb. Cheese is sparingly inquired for at 8½c.@10½c. ⅌ lb.

RICE—Has been in fair demand, and 185 tierces have been reported sold, mainly at $3 50@$4 ⅌ 100 lbs.

SUGARS—The market exhibits no important change. The sales to-day add up 1,150 hhds., mostly Cuba, at 4¾c.@5½c., with some Porto Rico at 5¼c.@5½c., and Melado on private terms; also 275 boxes Havana at 4¾c.@6½c. ⅌ lb., usual terms.

WHISKY—Sales 550 bbls., in lots, mainly at 17½c., ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Were somewhat brisker, but rates tended downward. For Liverpool—Flour, 3s. 6d. ⅌ bbl.; Wheat, in bulk and bags, 12d.@12½d.; Corn, 11¾d.@12½d. ⅌ bush.; Cotton, ⅜d. ⅌ lb.; Resin, 3s. 6d. ⅌ 310 lbs.; Cheese Lard and Bacon, 40s. Glasgow—Flour, 4s. ⅌ bbl.; Grain, 12½d @13½d., ⅌ bushel. Resin, 4s. ⅌ bbl.; Bacon and Lard, 42s. 6d., Tallow, 40s., and Clover Seed, 45s ⅌ ton. For London—Flour, 4s. ⅌ bbl.; Grain, 13d @14½d., ⅌ bushel. Pork, 5s. ⅌ bbl.; Beef, 5s. 6d., ⅌ tierce; and Bacon and Lard, 40s.@42s. 6d.; Cheese, 45s.; Tallow, 40s.; Oil Cake, 37s. 6d.@40s. ⅌ ton. For Cork and a market, Corn, in bulk, at 14d. ⅌ bushel. The latest charters, according to the *Shipping List*, have been: A schooner, 300 tons, to Cadiz and back; a schooner, 400 tons, from Charleston to Rio Janeiro and back to New-York; one, 235 tons, hence to Rio Janeiro; a brig, 200 tons, to south side Cuba and back; a schooner, 150 tons, from Jacksonville to West Indies and back to New-York; a bark, 272 tons, to Havana and back, on private terms; a bark, 468 tons, to Bristol Channel, 16,000 bushels Wheat at 12d. in shipper's bags; a Swedish brig to Cork and a market, Corn, 10s. 6d. ⅌ quarter; a schooner, 2,000 bbls., to Rio Janeiro, $2,700; a brig, 200 tons, from Machias to Nuevitas and back to New-York, Sugar 50c. and Molasses $3; a schooner, 350 tons, from north side Cuba to New-York, $6 and $8; one, 1,200 bbls. to St. Jago and back, $1,200; a bark, 436 tons, and a schooner, 348 tons, from south side Cuba to New-York, Sugar, $6.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKETS.

New-York, Wednesday, March 13, 1861.

Commission Sales of Produce for the week ending March 13, 1861, prepared for The New-York Times by [illegible] & Johnson, Produce Commission Merchants, No. 221 Fulton-street. Our quotations are such as merchants and producers *realize who ship their Produce to this market to be sold* on commission.

BUTTER

Is very dull, and prices on ordinary grades lower. Strictly fine Butter, as is usual at this season, is scarce, and our highest figures are readily obtained. The stock of Butter on hand in this market is not remarkably large, yet the quality generally is very poor. English shippers hold off for lower prices. The home and Eastern trade is very quiet, while the duty of 15 ℘ cent. on all Butter going into the Southern Confederacy puts an entire veto on the Southern trade.

Orange County, pails, fine, ℘ ℔	22	@	25
Fine State Dairy, firkins, ℘ ℔	18	@	20
Fair State Dairy, firkins	15	@	17
Fine State Dairy, half-firkin tubs	19	@	20
Fair State Dairy, half-firkin tubs	15	@	17
Welsh tubs, fine State	17	@	18
Welsh tubs, fair State	15	@	16
Western reserve, fine	14	@	15
Western reserve, fair	10	@	12
Ohio, common to good	10	@	12
Illinois and Indiana	11	@	13
Canada	12	@	15

CHEESE

Is also dull, and dairies not strictly fine are fully 1c. lower. The duty on Cheese going South is 24 ℘ cent.

Fine State, ℘ ℔	9	@	10½
Fair State, ℘ ℔	6	@	8
Ohio, fine, ℘ ℔	7	@	8½
Ohio, fair, ℘ ℔	5	@	7
English Dairy, Conn., new, ℘ ℔	6	@	10
Pineapple, ℘ ℔	12	@	—
English Dairy, Ohio, ℘ ℔	5	@	9

EGGS.

The downward tendency of a week ago is checked, and prices now are more uniform and steady. Receipts large.

Fresh Eggs, ℘ doz	14	@	15

DRIED FRUIT.

Apples are moderately active at 3½c. for good State and Ohio. Dried Plums are freely offered at 11c., with few buyers. Cherries and Raspberries abundant at 14c. Peaches unchanged.

Dried Apples, State, ℘ ℔	3¼	@	3¾
Dried Apples, New Southern, ℘ ℔	1½	@	2½
Dried Peaches, Virginia peeled, ℘ ℔	8	@	12
Dried Peaches, Georgia, peeled, ℘ ℔	8	@	12
Peaches, unpeeled	3	@	4
Dried Blackberries, Southern, ℘ ℔	8	@	—
Dried Raspberries, ℘ ℔	14	@	—
Dried Plums, ℘ ℔	10	@	11
Dried Cherries, pitted, ℘ ℔	14	@	—

GREEN FRUIT.

Apples continue very dull at our quotations:

Newtown Pippin	$1 25	@	1 50
Greenings	1 50	@	1 75
Spitzenbergs	1 75	@	2 00
Red Fruit	1 50	@	1 75

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans of prime qualities are selling without difficulty at our quotations:

Small Pea, prime	$1 50	@	$1 55
Medium, new	1 45	@	1 50
Kidney	1 50	@	—
Marrow	1 50	@	1 60
Red and China	1 50	@	2 25

PEAS.

Canada, ℘ bush	70	@	75
Black-eyed, ℘ bush	1 00	@	—
Marrowfat, green, ℘ bush	1 00	@	—

POULTRY AND GAME.

Turkies, dressed, ℘ ℔., Philadelphia	11	@	12
Turkies, dressed, ℘ ℔., Western	10	@	11
Turkies, dressed, ℘ ℔., Northern	10	@	11
Chickens, Bucks County	11	@	13
Chickens, Spring	10	@	14
Fowls, choice	10	@	11
Geese	7	@	8
Ducks	12	@	16
Quail, ℘ doz	—	@	1 50
Wild Pigeons, ℘ doz	50	@	63
Squabs, ℘ doz	1 00	@	1 25

FRESH MEATS.

Beef Sides	6½	@	7½
Mutton	7½	@	9
Veal Carcases	8	@	10
Lambs	8	@	9

DRESSED HOGS

Are very plenty, with but little demand.

Corn-fed, heavy, ℘ ℔	6¾	@	7¼
Corn-fed, light, ℘ ℔	7	@	7¾
Still-fed, ℘ ℔	6	@	6¾

POTATOES AND VEGETABLES.

Mercers	$2 25	@	$2 50
Peachblows	2 00	@	2 25
Buckeyes	1 75	@	2 00
Dykemans	2 00	@	—
Junes	1 75	@	—
Pink eyes	1 75	@	1 87
Onions, Red	1 25	@	1 50
Onions, Yellow	2 00	@	2 50
Onions, White	2 50	@	3 50
Ruta Baga Turnips	50	@	62
White Turnips	50	@	62
Carrots	75	@	1 00
Beets	75	@	—
Parsnips	1 50	@	—
Spinach	1 25	@	—
Cabbages ℘ 100	4 00	@	6 00
Celery ℘ dozen	50	@	75

BEESWAX

Is rather dull and quiet at 32c.

HONEY

Is in very limited sale. White Clover, in boxes, at 16c. Buckwheat, 10c.@14c. Strained, 8c.@9c.

FEATHERS

Are in good request at 42c.@44c. for Western, and 37c. for Tennessee.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Wednesday Evening, March 13, 1861.

This is the third week of comparatively light receipts of animals intended for slaughter, and of milch cows, the average being but 16,500 head, while the weekly average of last year was 21,300. This has caused a marked advance in beef and mutton—the two staples of the present season. There is no real scarcity, however, but more animals will be needed another week, as everything intended for killing, except swine, has been well cleaned up.... Beeves make a lighter show of numbers than for any previous week since Jan. 2. In quality and weights they have run very fair. The market has been good for owners, trade being lively, at an advance of ½c. ℘ ℔. above the current rates of last week. Full one-half the cattle were from the prairie State of Illinois, whose broad acres afford rich pasture for countless beeves as well as "homes for the industrious." The stock was all disposed of and a clear coast left for next week. The propellers have commenced bringing cattle from Albany, and competition bids fair to run high between them and the Hudson River and Harlem Railroads ....Milch cows sell rather quicker, but at former quotations. Receipts are large. Prices will improve if beef continues to advance. There is a surplus on hand at present....Veals sell at last week's figures, excepting that "bobs" are lower and slow to dispose of. It requires fine calves to bring 7c. ℘ ℔. live weight....Sheep are scarce, and 25c. to 37c. ℘ head higher than last week. All the stock, which was generally good, has been disposed of, some as high as $7 ℘ head, in lots, or over 6c. ℘ ℔. live weight.... Hogs are in excess of present requirements during the warm rainy weather. They sell slowly at our previous quotations.

The following figures, carefully compiled from our former reports, and from statistics gathered at all the City yards, including the cattle sold direct to butchers at Bergen, give a comparative view of the past market supplies and show the

TOTAL RECEIPTS OF LIVE STOCK AT ALL THE NEW-YORK CITY MARKETS FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 12:

	Beeves.	Milch Cows.	Veals.	Sheep.	Swine.
This week	3,204	119	422	6,367	8,706
Previous week	3,653	95	432	5,880	6,624
Same week last year	4,079	147	646	5,298	5,797

Weekly average of beeves for 1860..............4,360
Weekly average of beeves for 1859..............3,950
Weekly average of beeves for 1858..............3,676
Weekly average of beeves for 1857..............3,143

Total number of live animals of all kinds received during the past week at the New-York City yards, 18,818. Total number received the previous week, 16,684, being an increase of 2,134, mostly sheep and hogs. There is a decrease in beeves.

Of the 3,204 fresh bullocks received during this week, 2,521 were taken to the Washington Yards, Forty-fourth-street; 565 were sold at the Bergen yards, at the terminus of the Erie Railroad; 119 were yarded at Browning's, 38 at O'Brien's, on Sixth-street, 21 at Chamberlin's yards on Robinson-street.

The 2,521 beeves yarded at Forty-fourth-street came in by the following routes: Erie Railroad, 554; Hudson River Railroad, 995; Camden and Amboy Railroad, 471; New-Jersey Central Railroad, 62; Harlem Railroad, 253; 42 on foot, and 144 by Hudson River boats.

Of the 2,521 bullocks yarded at Forty-fourth-street, this week, so far as we could ascertain their origin, 312 head came from New-York, 1,330 from Illinois, 36 from Kentucky, 565 from Ohio, 202 from Indiana, 17 from Iowa, 104 from Virginia, 10 from New-Jersey, and 43 from Michigan.

CATTLE MARKET YESTERDAY AND TO-DAY.

Tuesday was the market day this week. It was understood that about all the cattle were in; and as they numbered but about 2,500 head, butchers manifested an anxiety to secure their beef early, fearing the supply would not hold out. This made one of the liveliest markets we have seen for months. Quite a proportion of the cattle had been purchased, either at Albany or upon their arrival here, by the commission men, who held them stiffly at an advance of ½c. ℘ ℔. above the prices of last week, and buyers thought even more than that, taking weights into consideration. It was certain that no good beef could be had for less than 9c., while prime fat steers of 7 cwt. net were in demand at 9½c. and 10c. ℘ ℔. There was very little even of the rough, coarse or thin stock that went for less than 8c. The advance was more marked on poor cattle than on the best grades. There were a goodly number of fine droves, some of which averaged 9c. Full 2,000 head were disposed of the first day, leaving but 560 for the more tardy buyers of Wednesday. They proved about enough, however, as most butchers were already supplied; and although prices continued nearly the same, there was no life to the market the second day, and the few remaining lots dragged along until nearly night.

Taking the average of this week's sales, and setting down those of last week for comparison, we have the following:

	This Week.	Last Week.
Premium	None.	None.
First-quality	9¾c.@10c.	9¼c.@ 9¾c.
Medium to good	8¾c.@ 9½c.	8¾c.@ 9¼c.
Poor quality	8c. @ 8½c.	7¼c.@ 7¾c.
Poorest quality	7½c.@ 8c.	6c. @ 7c.
General selling prices	8c. @ 9½c.	7½c.@ 9c.
Average of all sales	8c¾.@ —	8¼c.@—

Half the stock was from Illinois, and most of the lots showed good feeding. The advance above is due, in part, to improved quality, but more to a short supply. It will not be good policy to rush a large supply in for next market, although 3,000 head can be disposed of at Forty-fourth-street without difficulty.

The Hudson River is now navigable, and this week, for the first time this Spring, we have receipts by the propellers. The Harlem Road was not as well patronized as one week ago.

The following notes of particular lots, embracing all classes, will convey an idea of the various transactions extending through the entire market:

J. C. Hoag & Brother had 27 rather coarse Illinois oxen, for G. Preston & Co.; rated 7½ cwt., and run out at 8½c. Also, for Anson, 13 pretty common Michigan stock, at 8c., on 7 cwt., or $56 ℘ head.

J. Church had 34 Indiana steers and oxen, for Smith & Co.; medium lot of 5½ cwt. and 8½ cwt., and sold for 8c., strong.

Shepard & Vail sold 47 Indiana steers, for J. Farley; just fair, of 6¾ cwt., and averaged 8¾c.; and, on their own account, 33 head mixed lots, but good Ohio steers, at 8¾c. Also, for Van Duzen, 15 Western steers of 7 cwt., at 8c.@8½c.

J. A. Merritt, for J. T. Alexander, 94 pretty decent Illinois steers of 1,464 lbs. home weight or 7¼ cwt. here, and running out at 8½c.@9½c.—very few at latter price.

D. & H. Barnes sold, on their own account, 67 Illinois steers bought at the yards. Medium lot of 7¼ cwt., and run out at 8c.@9c.

D. G. Culver sold 57 Illinois steers for Stephens. Pretty fair bunch of scant 7½ cwt., and averaged 8¾c. And 16 Dutchess County oxen, fat, of 9½ cwt., very good, and brought 9½c.

Murray & Glover sold 64 Western cattle, bought here of Lauterback & Co., rated 7¼ cwt., of good flesh, and retailed at 9c.; and 30 Indiana steers, of similar weight and quality, at similar prices; and 10 good New-Jersey cattle, of 9½ cwt., at $90 each, to P. W. Laurie, which was 9½c.—they were fed by H. Buck, Monmouth County; and 21 fair Indiana steers, bought of Westheimer, rated 7¾ cwt., brought 9c.

T. C. Eastman sold for Turley & Buckles 71 somewhat coarsish Illinois steers, of 7 cwt., at 9c. Also, for Wm. Renick, 67 good Ohio steers at about 9c. on 7 cwt.

H. Myers sold 38 common Kentucky steers and oxen at 8½c.@9c. for D. Harpe. They were an uneven lot of coarse cattle.

W. H. Harris, on his own account, 48 good Ohio steers, bought at Albany, of N. Trotter. They would dress 7½ cwt., and run out at 8½c.@9½c., all on Tuesday.

Capt. Vail sold, on his own account, 30 State cattle, mostly of fair to good quality, at 8c.@9½c., with one pair at 10c.

H. Hurd sold, on his own account, 83 Indiana, Illinois, &c., steers and oxen, bought of T. Gallis. Rated 6¾ cwt., rather roughish, and retailed at 8c.@8½c.

P. F. Cary sold 50 medium 7 cwt. Illinois steers and a few oxen, at 8¾c.

C. G. Teed sold, for J. Perrill, 64 pretty good Ohio cattle, of 7½ cwt., at an average of near 9c.—they run from 8½c. to 9½c.

S. Ulrey, for J. T. Alexander, 102 medium Illinois steers, of 6¾ cwt., at 8½c.@9¼c.

White & Son, for R. H. Smith & Co., 144 fairish 7 cwt. Illinois steers, at 8c.@9c. They were all sold on Tuesday.

MILCH COWS.

Receipts are larger than for any previous week since November. There is more activity in the trade, private parties purchasing for the coming season. Prices remain about as last week, and the stock is not all sold. A fair milker commands $35@$40, and extra cows $45 per head.

VEAL CALVES.

Bobs are dull this week and sell slowly at $1 50@$2 ℘ head. Prime calves are in fair demand at 6½c.@7c.—few at latter price. Of the 422 sold this week, 341 of them were disposed of at Allerton's.

SHEEP.

The market is better than last week, although receipts are larger. The stock was well cleared up one week ago, and subsequent arrivals went off rapidly on Thursday and Friday. They continue to sell as fast as they come in at 25c.@37c. advance from last week's quotations. The quality is remarkably good, which accounts in part for the higher rates. Prices range at 5½c.@6c. for fair to good sheep, and 6¼c. live weight, for extras. We noticed one lot of 160, for which 6¼c. was refused. They were a choice drove of fat sheep.

Browning reports the following receipts: From New-Jersey, 121 by G. B. Holcombe; 22, J. W. Bellis. From Kentucky, 206 by B. Kirk. From New-York, 179 by Terry & Johnson; 236, J. Lasher; 149, T. Groves; 160 W. C. Wilson; 100, J. Hunt; 282, W. Thompson. From Ohio, 294 by Carr & Hoxie; 337, P. Ivory; 320, S. Sears.

Sales by the leading brokers are given as follows:

Wm. D. Bellis sold:

303 Ohio sheep for J. Wary	1,590 75
157 Ohio sheep for A. Swrope	854 43
48 New-Jersey sheep for G. B. Holcombe	324 33
73 New-Jersey sheep for G. B. Holcombe	492 71
336 Ohio sheep for P. Ivory	1,764 00
22 New-Jersey sheep for J. Bellis	130 00
939	$5,156 22

Average, $5 50 ℘ head.

Kent & Mullen sold:

70 sheep	$476 00	294 sheep	$1,763 62
162 sheep	837 00		
Totals	526		$3,066 62

Average, $5 84 each.

R. M. Hume sold:

191 sheep	$1,098 25	207 sheep	$1,266 37
262 sheep	1,441 00	145 sheep	761 75
160 sheep	1,031 25	142 sheep	989 74
189 sheep	1,023 43	154 sheep	817 75
Totals	1,450		$8,429 54

Average, $5 85 ℘ head. The 160 were an extra lot of Orleans County, N. Y., sheep, fed by A. Stroyme; 6¼c. ℘ ℔., live weight, was refused for them.

McCarty & Miller sold 170 New-York sheep for S. S. Kennedy at $4 37 cwt.; 149 New-York sheep for T. Groves at $6 25; or, 319 head at an average of $5 25 ℘ head.

Hart & West sold 320 Ohio sheep for S. Sears at $5 25 each.

Thos. C. Larkin sold one lot of extra State sheep for W. T. Felt at $7 06 ℘ head. They numbered 91, and were Mr. Felt's own feeding.

O'Brien & McGraw received the following lots, viz: From New-York, 74, by G. F. Minor; 38, D. Clark; 90, J. T. Raplee; 118, J. D. F. Smith; 180, A. Lester; 340, R. Peck; 314, Kearney & Bentley; 160, L. Johnson; 102, Mr. Calkins. From Ohio, 166, by J. D. Wilcox, and 191 by R. D. Lewis. From Massachusetts, 35 by N. Race. Total, 1,808.

Sales of most of them were made as follows:

38 sheep, at	$125 62	314 sheep, at	$1,789 25
74 sheep, at	310 00	166 sheep, at	843 00
90 sheep, at	401 04	35 sheep, at	121 25
118 sheep, at	581 98	141 sheep, at	890 20
180 sheep, at	1,035 00	29 sheep, at	157 68
340 sheep, at	1,699 64	191 sheep, at	1,005 00
Totals	1,716		$8,959 66

Average, $5 22 ℘ head.

At Chamberlin's 1,473 sheep were received and sold for $7,050 47, or in lots, as follows, by Messrs. Kase & McPherson, Judd & Buckingham, A. Van West and W. S. Chamberlin, and owners:

107 sheep.	$5 25	$561 75	100 sheep.	$3 50	$350 00
160 sheep.	6 00	600 00	225 sheep.	5 12½	1,153 12
50 sheep.	7 00	350 00	55 sheep.	5 00	275 00
20 sheep.	8 50	170 00	145 sheep.	4 48	678 60
30 sheep.	7 00	210 00	174 sheep.	5 50	935 00
200 sheep.	4 00	800 00	174 sheep.	4 25	739 50
57 sheep.	4 00	228 00			

Allerton reports 680 sheep for the past week, all of which have been sold.

SWINE.

There are more hogs on the market than sell readily, although prices are nominally as last week. Trade is dull and the weather unfavorable for selling.

G. W. Dorman, Commission Broker at the Fortieth-street Yards, reports prices for the current week as follows:

	Live.	Dressed.
Corn Hogs—Prime	5⅝c.@5¾c.	7 c.@7⅛c.
Corn Hogs—Medium	5⅜c.@5⅝c.	7 c.@7⅛c.
Corn Hogs—Light & fat	5⅜c.@5⅝c.	7⅛c.@7⅜c.
Still Hogs	4¾c.@4⅞c.	5⅞c.@ 6c.

Market slow and prices favoring the buyer.

THE HORSE MARKET.

New-York, Wednesday, March 13, 1861.

There remained unsold at the Twenty-fourth-street stables, 480 horses. No sales reported of first-class coach horses. Some very good ones on hand at $800@$1,000 per pair. Second-class teams sold at $550@$600 per pair. Sales for good single horses have been somewhat better than last week. Prices the same, $250@$300 each; second-class, $175@$200. No sales reported of first-class saddle horses; but few in market. First-class draught horses sold well at $250@$275 each; second-class at $175@$225 each. Railroad and omnibus horses sold from $115@$120 each; $90@$100 for second-class. Few shippers sold at $90@$100 each, for good sound only. Canucks sold for $75@$100 each, for common, $125@$150 for those with speed; some very fast brought as high as $225 each. Sales for the week amount to 270 head, leaving on hand this evening 728 head—three-fourths of them heavy workers. The market is firm, and will be so for some time, for dealers have to pay in the country full as much as last year for stock. Among the arrivals we noticed a very good lot of 28 head of first-class workers at Chamberlin's; also 25 head at McRoberts'. Post & Nichols received a very good lot of this State horses, suitable for road or carriage horses. Straus & Dahlman have 20 head from the West, very heavy draught horses; Hayman & Israel, about 45 head good workers; J. Carpenter, 49 head of all classes, among them some good teams.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM THE UNITED STATES.

	Leave.	For.	
Quaker City	New-York	Havana	Mch 15
North Briton	Portland	Liverpool	Mch 16
Bremen	New-York	Bremen	Mch 16
Glasgow	New-York	Liverpool	Mch 16
Niagara	Boston	Liverpool	Mch 20
Zulu	New-York	Kingston, Ja.	Mch 20
Bohemian	Portland	Liverpool	Mch 23
Etna	New-York	Liverpool	Mch 23
John Bell	New-York	Glasgow	Mch 26
Arabia	New York	New-York	Mch 27
Arago	New-York	Havre	Mch 30
Teutonia	New-York	Hamburg	Apl 1

FROM EUROPE.

Australasian	Liverpool	New-York	Feb. 16
Glasgow	Liverpool	New-York	Feb. 20
John Bell	Glasgow	Portland	Feb. 28
Bohemian	Liverpool	Portland	Feb 28
Arabia	Liverpool	New-York	Mch 2
Teutonia	Southampton	New-York	Mch 4
Arago	Southampton	New-York	Mch 6
Borussia	Southampton	New-York	Mch 18
United Kingdom	Glasgow	New-York	Mch 18
New-York	Southampton	New-York	Mch 20
Fulton	Southampton	New-York	Apl 3
Bavaria	Southampton	New-York	Apl 4

Mails Close at the Post-Office.

Overland Mail leaves St. Louis City every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. [Letters for California, if intended for the Overland Route, should be marked "Overland."]

North mails close at..............5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
Erie Railroad mails close at......5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
South mails close at..............5 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
East mails *via* Railroad..........5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
East mails *via* Steamboat..........3 P. M.
The through Boston mail closes also at..........6:30 P. M.
On Sunday all mails close at 1:30 P. M.

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE—The most popular and economical condiment known; delicious in *soup, gravy*, with *fish*, hot or cold *meats, game*, &c. The great reputation of this Sauce in all parts of the world has induced many *imitations* under the name of Worcestershire Sauce. Purchasers desiring the *genuine* will observe the name of LEA & PERRINS upon each bottle and wrapper. For sale by all respectable Grocers and Fruiterers. JNO. DUNCAN & SONS, Union-square, late No. 405 Broadway, sole Agents.

PERSONAL

HENRY.—PRAY RETURN TO YOUR HEART-broken wife, or correspond with me at once. Act like a man, and consult some good friend, as I have told you before. Don't go on in this manner. WILLIAM.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

"ANY ONE WHO CAN LEARN TO WRITE, CAN LEARN TO DRAW."

Lovers of art,—drawing, painting, &c.,—and those who would learn to judge and admire, if not to become artists—will find profit and pleasure in the reading and study of the new book, ART RECREATIONS. Aside from its value as a teacher of art, it is a work of art. The printers, artists and publishers claim that it is the most elegant book of the kind ever issued from the American Press.

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In an advanced stage of preparation, and will be speedily published, "Whittaker's New-York Practice," third edition complete.

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BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A NEW-ENGLAND LADY, OCCUPYING a first-class house, very eligibly located, and recently newly furnished, seeks a genteel party to engage two large rooms, communicating, on the second floor. Would prefer a party wishing to retain the rooms through the Summer. Apply at No. 25 West 18th-st., a few doors west of 5th-av.

BOARDING.—A PRIVATE FAMILY, OCCUPYING a first-class house, will let rooms or suites of rooms to single gentlemen, or gentlemen and their wives, with board; location unsurpassed; convenient to cars and stages; dinner at 6 o'clock. No moving in at May. Call at No. 412 West 23d-st.

BOARDING.—AN ELIGIBLE APARTMENT IN A very small, unobtrusive family to let, with board, to an invalid or a lady expecting to require medical care, kindness and home attention. For location, terms, &c., apply to, or address, Dr. THIERS, No. 62 6th-av., N. Y.

BOARDING.—A HANDSOME BACK PARLOR, with a side-room connected; also, a room on third floor; two or three gentlemen could find here an agreeable home in a strictly private family. Apply to No. 146 West 36th-st., high stoop. Terms moderate.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with board in a private family, in one of the pleasantest localities in Brooklyn. Address S., Box No. 1,488 New-York Post-office.

BOARDING.—GENTLEMEN WISHING ROOMS en suite on the second floor, may obtain them, with good board, at No. 125 West 21st-st., New-York. House first-class.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN and wife, or two single gentlemen, can find a pleasant front room "alcove" on second story, in a private family; house only eight minutes' walk from either South or Hamilton-av. ferries: very pleasant situation; has every convenience; table good; terms moderate; by calling at No. 26 Harrison-st., two doors east of Clinton.

BOARD AND LODGING IN SOUTH BROOKLYN.—A few respectable young gentlemen, of good habits, wishing a comfortable, quiet and happy home, can be accommodated on very reasonable terms in a respectable private family, in one of the most healthy and delightful localities in the city, and within a few minutes' walk of the New-York ferries. References exchanged. Address FREDERICK, with particulars, Box No. 121 *Times* Office, for four days.

35 WEST THIRTIETH-STREET, BETWEEN Broadway and 5th-av.—Two or three select families and three or four gentlemen, can now be accommodated with suites or single rooms, furnished in the best style, and in one of the most delightful locations in the City. Table first-class. References exchanged.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN, wife and daughter, for which $15 per week will be paid, including fire and gas; two rooms furnished will be required; location between 2d and 6th avs., and 8th to 24th sts. Address A. B. W., Box No. 151 *Times* Office.

NO. 46 WEST SIXTEENTH-STREET, between 5th and 6th avs. A handsomely furnished suite of rooms to let on second floor, together or separate; also a single room, with or without board, in a first-class house, and with a French family. References exchanged. No moving in May.

TO LET—ROOMS TO GENTLEMEN ONLY, IN A strictly private family; house contains all the modern improvements, and is pleasantly situated, at No. 159 West 15th-st., between 6th and 7th avs. Best of references given and required. No moving in May.

WANTED—IN BROOKLYN—BY A GENTLEMAN, a good-sized room, with full or partial board, in a private family, living in the vicinity of South or Wall-st. Ferries. Address stating terms and particulars, F. A. M., Box No. 1,593, New-York Post-office.

NO. 24 UNIVERSITY-PLACE, CORNER OF 9TH-ST.—A handsomely furnished suite of apartments, with full board. To let, also, single rooms. Unexceptionable references required. Dinner at 6.

A COUPLE OR THREE NEWLY-FURNISHED rooms to let to gentlemen, without board; the location is central, convenient to cars and stages, and near Broadway. No. 402 4th-st., Albion-place.

BOARD WANTED.—BY A YOUNG LADY IN A private family where instruction in music will be considered an equivalent for her board. Address J. L. C., Box No. 125 *Times* Office. References exchanged.

BOARD WANTED.—AT BROOKLYN, BEDford, or Ravenswood, by two gentlemen, in a private family, where there are no other boarders. Address, for two days, DELTA, Box No. 120 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED—IN THE VICINITY OF ST. John's Park, for a gentleman, wife and child and nurse. Address Box No. 354 Post-office, stating terms, accommodations, &c.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH BOARD, can be obtained at No. 263 4th-av., on second and third floors, gas, bath, &c. Dinner at 6 o'clock, and no moving in May. Cars and stages pass the door.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM AND BED-ROOM, with gas, bath, &c., &c., to let to a single gentleman, in 13th-st., near 5th-av.; references exchanged. Apply at No. 30 East 13th-st.

MRS. S. A. FAULKNER, NO. 58 EAST 16th-st., has to let, with board, a large back room on the second floor, and one on the third floor.

TO LET—A SMALL BED-ROOM, SECOND STORY, front, with gas and water-fixtures, at No. 322 4th-st., between Mercer and Greene sts.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, BY A REspectable Protestant girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; can do plain sewing; the best of City references given. Inquire at No. 148 Hammond-st., third-story, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a respectable Protestant young woman to do chamberwork and plain sewing; no objection to assist with the care of children; can give the best of City references. Call at No. 77 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A RESPECTABLE young woman wishes a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; has good City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days, at No. 302 7th-av., between 29th and 30th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SCOTCH GIRL wants a situation to do chamberwork or take care of children; is kind and willing to make herself generally useful. Apply at her present employer's, No. 48 Union-square, corner 17th-st. and 4th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND LAUNDRESS.—Wanted by a respectable young woman, a situation as chambermaid and laundress, or as waitress; can give good City reference; can be seen for two days at No. 202 East 21st-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or to do general housework, in a small American family; good City references can be given. Call, for two days, at No. 201 West 26th-st., in the rear, between 8th and 9th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID OR WAITRESS.—Situation wanted by a young woman as chambermaid or waitress; no objection to taking charge of a baby; best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 81 West 25th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable young woman wishes a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or assist in the washing or ironing; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 87 East 32d-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT woman, with excellent City reference, a situation as cook in all its branches; understands pastry, soups, jellies, and game—and is an excellent baker of all kinds; is willing to assist in washing. Can be seen for two days at No. 276 10th-av., between 27th and 28th sts., first floor, back room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS FIRST-class cook; understands her business in all its branches; no objection to assist in the washing and ironing of a private family; or to cook in a first-class boarding house. Best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 439 West 16th-st., between 9th and 10th avs., second floor, front room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A MOST EXperienced person a situation as professed cook in a private family; understands her business in all its branches; is an excellent baker; no objection to do the plain part of the washing; best of City reference from her last employer. Call at No. 410 6th-av., corner of 25th st.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED, BY A PROTestant young woman, as good cook; understands bread, biscuit and pastry; has no objection to assist in the washing and ironing in a private family; would take a laundress' situation. Satisfactory reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 69 West 29th-st., third floor, back room.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A REspectable woman as cook, in a private family; understands her business thoroughly; is a good bread and biscuit maker; has no objection to coarse washing and ironing; two years' reference from her last place. Can be seen at 85 West 45th-st., near 6th-av., for two days.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY A REspectable woman, as cook in a small, private family; understands her business perfectly well; has no objections to assist in the washing and ironing. Can give the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 86 3d-av., between 12th and 13th sts.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS COOK, by one who thoroughly understands her business; makes good pastry, and is a good baker; has no objection to assist in the washing; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days, at the house of her present employer, No. 6 East 17th st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT woman, with excellent references, a situation as cook in all its branches; understands pastry, soups, jellies and game, and is an excellent baker of all kinds; is willing to assist in washing. Can be seen for two days at No. 118½ 20th-st., near 3d-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A REspectable young woman, as first-class cook; understands her business in all its branches; has no objection to assist in the washing and ironing in a small private family if required; best of City reference. Call at No. 121 26th-st., between 7th and 8th-avs., for two days.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as cook; willing to assist with the washing and ironing; has good City reference. Call at No. 63 East 16th-st., between 3d-av. and Irving-place. Can be seen for two days.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED, BY A PROTestant woman, as cook, in a private family; she understands her business in all its branches; is an excellent baker of bread, pastry and cake. Can be seen at No. 488 3d-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A respectable woman, as first-rate cook, by one who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; has the best of reference. Please call at No. 59 West 29th-st., third house from 6th-av., at the basement door.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as first-class cook who has no objection to go a short distance in the country, and can give the best of City reference. Apply at No. 210 West 25th-st., 2d floor, front room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A competent woman, as first-class cook, with good City reference. Call or address the advertiser, No. 127 19th-st., corner of 7th-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A REspectable woman, as cook; is a good baker of bread and pastry; best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 25 East 31st-st.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WANTS a situation; is an excellent cook and baker; has the best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 80 19th-st., near 6th-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A first-class cook, in a private family; best of City reference given. Apply at No. 203 East 17th-st.

AS COOK, &c.—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Two respectable girls, highly recommended, desire situations, in City or country, (separate or together.) one is a good cook and excellent laundress; the other is a first-class chambermaid and waitress; will assist in washing; they are neat, obliging domestics. Apply at No. 378 6th-av., 1st floor, front.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTAble girl, a situation in a private family; is a good cook, and an excellent washer and ironer, and a good baker. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 144 West 36th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., top floor, back room. Best of City reference.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED A SITUATION AS cook and to assist with the washing and ironing, or as chambermaid and laundress. Has the best of reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 400 6th av., second floor, back room, between 24th and 25th sts.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION IN A respectable private family, to cook, wash and iron, or to do general housework, by a respectable woman; City reference given. Call for two days at No. 245 Adams-st., Brooklyn, second floor.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A young woman as good cook and assist in the washing and ironing; best City references. Can be seen at No. 268 7th-av., near 27th-st., second floor, back room.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable girl as cook, and assist with the washing and ironing. Can be seen for two days; good City reference. Call at No. 96 West 19th-st., third floor, front room.

AS COOK, &c.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WANTS a situation in a private family as plain cook, washer and ironer; best of City reference given. Apply at No. 109 East 16th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., second floor, back room.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young girl as cook, washer and ironer, or to do cooking without any washing. Call at No. 43 Perry-st., in the rear.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A Protestant woman to cook, wash and iron; no objection to go in the country. Apply for two days at No. 31 Marion-st. corner of Spring.

AS COOK, &c.—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY one who thoroughly understands her business; understands pastry, and is a good baker; has no objection to assist in the washing; has the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 263 West 15th-st., between 7th and 8th-avs.

AS PLAIN COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUAtion as plain cook, or to wash and iron and do the housework of a small family, by a very competent girl, with good City reference. Call at No. 89 6th-av., third floor, back room.

AS DRESSMAKER.—A YOUNG WOMAN wishes to go out by the day or week as dressmaker; references given. Call at No. 222 West 16th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS GENERAL SERVANT.—WANTED, A SITuation either in the City or country, by a highly-recommended servant girl, to do washing and ironing, or general housework; is a good plain cook and superior washer and ironer; very neat, economizing, truthful, and willing to work. Apply at No. 58 Atlantic-st., near Hicks, Brooklyn.

AS HOUSEKEEPER, &c.—WANTED, BY A highly respectable middle-aged person, a situation as housekeeper for a widower with one or more small children; or as cook in a small family. Wages no object. Can be seen at No. 239 West 35th-st., on Wednesday and Thursday from 10 to 4 o'clock. Good reference given.

AS HOUSEKEEPER OR GOVERNESS.—Wanted, by a lady of the highest respectability, a situation as housekeeper or governess to young children; the best reference given as to character and capability. Address INTEGRITY, Madison-square Post-office.

AS HOUSEMAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable young girl to do general housework in a small private family; she is a good plain cook, washer and ironer, and has no objections to go a short distance in the country, and has the very best of City and country reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 96 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

AS HOUSEMAID.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTable Protestant young woman, a situation to do the general housework of a small private family; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; can do chamberwork; would take housekeeper's place; is willing and obliging to her employer. Call at No. 111 25th-st., near 7th-av; can be seen for two days.

AS HOUSEWORKER.—A GERMAN WOMAN, with good reference, desires a situation in City or country; is a good cook, baker, washer and ironer, and chambermaid; is of kind disposition, and fond of children. Apply at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

AS LADY'S MAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a respectable young girl as lady's maid; understands hair dressing and plain sewing; has no objection to travel. Call at No. 246 West 45th-st, between 8th and 9th avs.

AS LAUNDRESS.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes a situation as first-rate laundress, in a private family; can do French fluting; would assist with the chamberwork if required; good testimonials can be had. Call, or address LAUNDRESS, at No. 63 20th-st, first door from 6th-av., first door off second flight of stairs.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as nurse; is capable of taking charge of a baby from its birth, or grown-up children, and to do plain sewing; the best of City reference from her last place; no objections to go a short distance in the country with a respectable family. Call at No. 388 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

AS NURSE.—A MIDDLE-AGED ENGLISH WOman wants a situation as nurse. Apply at her present situation No 7 East 30th-st.

AS NURSE, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable young girl, to take care of a baby and understands plain sewing; has no objection to light chamberwork; has no objection to go a short distance in the country; satisfactory references given. Call at No. 43 Perry-st.

AS NURSE, &c.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTant girl, a situation as nurse and plain sewer; can take entire charge of a baby from its infancy; has best City reference. Call at No. 268 7th-av., near 27th-st., second floor, back room.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS NURSE.—WANTED A SITUATION, BY A respectable woman, as nurse; can take full charge of a young baby and do sewing or chamberwork. Best of City reference given. Apply at No. 88 East 19th-st., for two days.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation to take charge of grown-up children, or to wait on a lady and do plain sewing. Can be seen at No. 229 East 18th-st.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A YOUNG woman wishes a situation; understands cutting and fitting children's clothing, all kinds of family sewing; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; best of reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 168 3d-av., between 17th and 18th sts.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A COMPEtent young woman wants a situation as nurse and seamstress, or nurse and chambermaid. Has good references. Call at No. 49 Talman-st., between Bridge and Charles sts., Brooklyn.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A PROTestant of great respectability, with three years' excellent character from her last place, wishes a situation: Apply at the Servants' Institue, No. 149 Grand-st.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation by a Protestant woman as nurse and seamstress; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 85 6th-av., between 8th and 9th sts.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A PROTestant girl, a situation as seamstress; understands cutting and fitting children's clothing, embroidery and shirt-making, and all kinds of family sewing; no objections to children or chamberwork; will be found kind, willing and obliging; best of reference. Can be seen till engaged at No. 124 West 21st st.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A COMPEtent person, a situation as family seamstress; can cut and fit children's clothes; would take care of a grown up child, or wait on a lady; best of City reference from her last employer. Address E. B., No. 410 6th-av., corner of 25th-st., top floor.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A EXPErienced seamstress, with a sewing machine, employment to sew by the day or week in families; understands all kinds of family sewing, tucking and ruffling; also, cutting children's clothes. Call at No. 193 20th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG girl, having a Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine, to go out by the day or week; can do all kinds of family sewing in the neatest manner. Can be seen for two days at No. 126 West 26th-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A GOOD OPERATOR ON Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine wishes to get employment at ladies' houses, by the day or week; understands all kinds of family sewing. Call or address at No. 425 6th-av.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a woman in a private family; can operate on Wilcox & Gibbs' sewing machine; is a good plain sewer, or would do chamberwork; has lived three years in her last place. Call at No. 187 East 17th-st., for two days.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, BY AN AMERICAN young woman a situation as professed waitress, or would wait upon a lady and do plain sewing; understands fine washing and ironing; is willing and obliging; can give the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 44 East 32d-st., between Madison and 4th avs.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a respectable girl, as waitress in a private family; one that understands her business thoroughly, and can give the best of City reference; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen until suited at No. 79 6th-av., third floor, back room.

AS WAITRESS.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a respectable young woman as seamstress, or chambermaid and plain sewer. Can be seen at 54 West 21st-st.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—A RESPECTABLE young woman, who is fully competent for her duties, desires a situation in the above capacity, City or country; understands setting her table in good style; keeps the silver and dining-room in the best order; no objections to chamberwork and waiting; can be highly recommended. Apply at No. 378 6th-av.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY A REspectable young woman, a situation as waitress, or waitress and chambermaid, in a small private family; has good City reference from her last place. Apply, for two days, at No. 177 East 35th-st., first floor, front room.

SITUATIONS WANTED FOR ONE HUNDRED most respectable servants, suitable for gentlemen's families in City or country. competent cooks, thorough good plain cooks, chambermaids, several neat, tidy girls as nurses and seamstresses. Ladies in want of good experienced servants, will please call at HENDERSON'S old established servants' office, No. 6 Court-st., Brooklyn, where they can be suited with competent and honest servants, without any disappointment.

EMPLOYERS WILL ALWAYS FIND A good selection of the best German and well-recommended British servants, Protestants and Catholics; also clerks, porters, coachmen, gardeners, merchants &c., at F. BELZER & CO'S Employment Institute, No. 359 Bowery, between 3d and 4th sts. This is the largest and most respectable office in this City.

CALIFORNIA.—AN INTELLIGENT YOUNG woman, of respectability, desires to obtain a situation with a family going to California as family seamstress; would take charge of a grown-up child, or wait on a lady; satisfactory City references. Can be seen at her present place of business, or address a note to W. S., Station A, Spring-st.

AN AMERICAN YOUNG LADY DESIRES a situation to attend store, in which capacity she has had some knowledge and experience; the best City testimonials as to honesty and respectability will be furnished. Apply at No. 2 Garden row, West 11th-st., or address C. D., Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

GOOD SERVANTS AND PLENTY OF THEM, including French and German, with City reference, may be found at No. 5 Clinton Hall, Astor-place, a few doors east of Broadway, formerly Bible-house. French and German languages spoken. A lady in attendance.

COLORED SERVANTS—OF EVERY CAPACity can be procured at TITUS' Reform Labor Office; servants for every kind of days' work, washing, ironing, house-cleaning, &c. Office, No. 193 Mercer-st., one block from Broadway, between Amity and Bleecker sts., N.Y.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Scotch woman, a situation in a family going to California. Can be paid attention to for ten days, at No. 641 9th-av., between 49th and 50th sts., Mrs. SAWER, top floor.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.—A GERMAN GIRL wishes a place, in an American family, as chambermaid. Apply at No. 113 East 59th-st., in the store.

MALES.

AS BOOK-KEEPER.—WANTED, A SITUAtion as book-keeper, assistant book-keeper or corresponding clerk, by a young man who is fully competent to perform the duties thereof. A very moderate salary will be accepted. Unexceptionable references furnished. Address W. C. W., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

AS BOOK-KEEPER.—WANTED, A SITUATION as book-keeper or assistant book-keeper, or salesman, by a young man who is competent to perform the duties thereof; the best of City reference given. Address W. H., Box No. 159 *Times* Office.

AS BOOK-KEEPER OR SALESMAN.—Wanted, by a young man, 20 years old, a situation as book-keeper or salesman in some commercial house in the City. The very best of City reference given if required. Address BOOK-KEEPER, Box No. 159 *Times* Office.

AS BOOK-KEEPER OR SALESMAN.—Wanted, a situation as book-keeper or salesman by a young man of several years business experience; unexceptionable reference given as to character and capacity. Address P., Box No. 166 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A SINGLE middle-aged man, a situation as coachman, who understands his business perfectly well; is fully conversant with the care and treatment of horses, young and old; is civil and obliging, and can furnish undoubted reference of character and capability from leading families in the City. Address M. N., Box No. 197 *Times* Office, for this week.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, in a private family, by a Protestant young man of perfectly sober habits; understands the care of coaches and horses; has lived over two years in his last place, and four in another place; has undeniable City references. Address J. K., No. 215 *Times* Office, or can be seen at No. 503 6th-av., near 30th-st.

AS COACHMAN.—A GENTLEMAN IS DESIROUS to procure a situation for his coachman; he is a single man, sober, honest, and very industrious and obliging, and can be trusted implicitly; he has no objections to go to any part of the country. Apply, or address a note, to No. 96 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., New-York, for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a young German man, as coachman; knows his business thoroughly—a sober, steady and honest man, and careful driver. Can give good City reference from his last employer. Address Mr. CAMPBELL, saddler, No. 50 4th-av.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTable young man of long experience, a situation as coachman and gardener; understands his business perfectly; has both good City and country reference from gentlemen he has lived with. A letter addressed P. W., Box No. 201 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION wanted, by a single man, who has lived with some of the best families in this City; the best of reference will be given from his present employer. Apply, by note, to F. A. D., No. 118 Clinton-place, will be attended to.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by a man who understands his business; would be found everything required; is willing and obliging; has the best reference. Address J. W., Box No. 188 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED. A SITUATION BY a respectable young man who perfectly understands the care and management of horses, and can come highly recommended. Can be seen at Mr Wilson's livery stable, No. 89 10th-st., or address W. G.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A PLAIN, UNassuming Scotchman, a situation as coachman; would prove a useful person about a gentleman's country place. Best of City references. Address JOHN GIRR, Box No. 186 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a single man as coachman and groom; understands the care of horses, and is a good driver; understands his business in all its branches. Address B. H. W., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION as coachman by a young man of purely temperate habits; understands the care and management of horses, and plain gardening; very careful driver; best of reference. Apply at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—A situation wanted, by a man who thoroughly understands gardening and farming in all their various branches; can give the best City reference as to honesty, sobriety and capability; has been employed in excellent places; is willing to take charge of any gentleman's place; is married, and has a small family. Apply for three days, or address M. D., at the green-house, corner of Atlantic-st. and Grand-av., Brooklyn; or at W. O. Thompson's, corner of Fulton and Grand avs.

AS COACHMAN AND VEGETABLE GARDENER.—An Englishman with good reference wishes a situation; is a careful and steady driver, understands the management and care of horses; is also a good plain gardener, takes pleasure in keeping a gentleman's place in order. Apply at Ackerman's, No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

AS COACHMAN AND FAMILY GARDENER.—A respectable, steady young man, with the best of references, desires a situation in City or country; understands farming, and is perfectly willing to be generally useful. Apply at No. 378 6th-av.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTED, by an experienced coachman and gardener, a situation in the country, where he can make himself useful. Best of reference given. Can be seen at No. 2 East 23d-st. Inquire of A. M. Lee.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, A situation by a respectable young man, 30 years of age, who perfectly understands the care and treatment of horses; is a competent groom and steady driver, and is not afraid of hard work; best of City reference; has lived with some of the best families in this City. Address J. S., Box No. 197 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, A situation as coachman and groom, by a steady single young man, who understands his business thoroughly; can give the best of recommendations from families of the highest standing in society. Address M. P. C., Box No. 171 *Times* Office for two days.

AS ENGINEER.—A FRENCH MECHANIC AND Engineer desires to find employment. He is a good adjuster and can take the entire charge of an engine; would make himself very useful in anything required. Address, for one week, L., Box No. 155 *Times* Office.

AS FARMER.—WANTED, BY A SINGLE young man, a situation as farmer; understands green-house vegetables, cultivation of all kinds of flowers, and everything connected with the care and management of a gentleman's place; has good reference from his last place. Call on or address ALFRED BRIDGEMAN, seedsman, No. 876 Broadway, for J. H. B.

AS FARMER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS farmer by a married man with a small family; has nine years recommendations from some of the best sources in the United States for capability, sobriety and industry. Address D. M. B., Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

AS FARMER AND GARDENER.—WANTED, a situation by a first-class farmer; is a good practical gardener; can get first-class reference from his last employer as to capability and integrity. Address M. D., No. 35 Wall-st., Room D, R. BIDDELL, Esq., from 10 to 3 o'clock.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a single man who thoroughly understands gardening in all its various branches, the care and management of fruit, flowers, and forcing of early vegetables; would take the entire charge of a gentleman's residence. Can show satisfactory reference, both as to character and capacity. Address GARDENER, Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—SITUATION WANTED BY A German gardener, several years in this country; understands gardening, graperies and vegetables, also the care of horses; a sober, industrious man, well recommended, having a wife and child, wishes a place with a gardener's house. Inquire of his present employer, Mr RODEWALD, No. 38 Exchange-place.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a single man, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; can give the best City reference for honesty, capability and sobriety. Address McDONALD, care of J. M. Thorburn, seedsman, No. 15 John-st., for two days.

AS GARDENER.—SITUATION WANTED BY A Protestant young man as gardener; understands the raising of all kinds of vegetables, flowers, grafting, and pruning; would take care of one horse; is a good milker of cows; has the best of reference as to character; would go for $12 per month and board. Address J. G., No. 18 Morris-st., in the store.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener, by a Scotchman, who understands his business in all departments; will make himself useful around a gentleman's place; is married, with one child; can come well recommended from his last employer's. Call, or address S. C., Mr. Smith's seed-store, No 71 Liberty-st.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, BY A MARRIED Englishman, a situation as gardener, or gardener and coachman; has a thorough knowledge of both branches, and is not afraid of work; good reference from last place. A note addressed to C. M., Box No. 195 *Times* Office, will be attended to.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a sober, single man who is a good plain gardener, and would take care of a horse and cow if required, and is willing to make himself generally useful; can produce good references. Address E. N., Box No. 230 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS Gardener and Farmer by a Scotchman, a married man; has good long experience in this country; can give the best of references as to character and capability. Address P. R., or apply at Smith's Seed Store, No. 71 Liberty-st.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, BY A MAN, A situation as gardener, to take care of horses and to make himself generally useful about the house; the best references as to sobriety, honesty and capability. Address B. C. D., Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener, by a married man with one child; has a practical knowledge of his business in all its branches; good City reference. Address A. B., Box No. 197 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION, AS gardener; has a practical knowledge of the business—the cultivation of fruit, flowers and vegetables; good reference. Address H. D., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a single Englishman, who understands the business in all its branches, and can give the best of reference as to capability, sobriety, &c. Address JOSEPH, at Messrs. Swain & Young's seed-store, No. 9 John-st.

AS GARDENER, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, as gardener and farmer, by a married man; has long experience in the above capacity; can give the best of references as to character and ability. Address A. REEDS, No. 867 Broadway, store of P. A. Kenney, will be attended to until engaged.

AS GARDENER, &c.—WANTED, A GARDENER's situation or jobbing work, by a German, acquainted with landscaping and furnishing plans, as well as greenhouse, grapery and vegetables. Address, for this week, B. H., Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER AND COACHMAN.—WANTED, by a young married man with a small family, a situation as coachman and gardener; has had many years' experience in the above capacity, and thoroughly understands his business in both branches; would prefer a place where there is a small house to live in; has got the best of both City and country references from gentlemen he has lived with. A letter addressed C. K., Box No. 208 *Times* Office, for two days, will be attended to.

AS GARDENER AND COACHMAN.—WANTED a situation, by a single young man, as gardener and coachman; has lived in the country, understands gardening thoroughly, and also understands the care and management of horses thoroughly and is a very careful driver. Best of reference as to character and capability. Address J. M., Box No. 202 *Times* Office for two days.

AS GROOM AND COACHMAN.—A RESPECTable young man wishes a situation as groom and coachman; has good City reference from his last employer. Call at, or for two days, No. 36 East 22d-st.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, BY A STRICTLY sober man, of steady habits, a situation as waiter in a private family; understands his business thoroughly, and can come well recommended. Letters addressed to the initials S. T., care of H. F. Demott, No. 304 4th-av., corner of 22d-st., or to S. T., Box No. 191 *Times* Office, shall receive immediate attention.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter, in a private family, by an active, competent, and experienced man, who thoroughly understands his business, and having the best of City references. No objection to the country. Call at No. 583 Broadway, up stairs, between 18th and 19th sts., or address C. E. H., for three days, will be attended to.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family by a young man, who thoroughly understands his business. Apply at, or address, for two days, J. M., No. 741 Broadway, store opposite Astor-place, or to WHIFFIELD CAIN, corner 18th-st. and 3d-av.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE man, a situation as waiter in a private family; understands his business thoroughly, and has no objection to go to the country. Best of City references. Address E. W. GILLESPIE, cabinet maker, University-place, between 12th and 13th sts.

AS WAITER.—SITUATION WANTED AS waiter by a single man in a private family; good City reference; understands his business thoroughly. Can be seen for two days in the drug-store No. 874 Broadway, corner of 18th-st.

IN A WHOLESALE HOUSE.—WANTED A SITuation, by a gentleman, in a respectable wholesale grocery or crockery house, who has a good acquaintance in Ohio. Best of references given. Address J., care of H. R. & Co., No. 130 Broad-st.

A MAN AND WIFE, WITHOUT CHILDREN, neat and careful, with the best of City references, will accept the care of a furnished house for the Summer, without charge. Address Box No. 268 Brooklyn Post-office.

HELP WANTED.

A CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A PROTestant chambermaid and seamstress; one that is willing to go into the country, and to assist in taking care of children. Apply at No. 12 West 21st-st., before 12 o'clock.

A COOK.—WANTED, A PROTESTANT GIRL TO cook, wash and iron for a small family living in the country a short distance from the City. Good reference required. Wages $8 per month. Call at No. 97 Beekman-st., at 11 o'clock.

A COOK.—WANTED, A VERY GOOD COOK; City references required. Apply before 11 A. M. or after 6 P. M., at No. 20 Waverley-place.

A GARDENER.—WANTED, A PLAIN GARdener, a single man; must bring the best of testimonials as to honesty and sobriety; one used to green-house or hot-beds; a short distance from the City. Inquire for Mr. BUTLER, No. 37 Water-st., after 3 o'clock.

A MAN AND WIFE.—WANTED, A MAN AND wife: the man to take care of a gentleman's country residence, a short distance from the City, and the woman to cook, wash, iron, &c., &c. Apply to-day, from 3 to 6 o'clock P. M., for three days, to WM. EDGAR BIRD & CO., No. 218 Front st.

A NURSE.—WANTED, A NURSE, TO TAKE charge of an infant four months old. Protestants only need apply at No. 286 West 33d-st.

SEVERAL GOOD HANDS WANTED FOR sewing on ladies fine linen. No. 28 Amity-st. N. B.—None but competent persons need apply.

LOST AND FOUND.

$40 REWARD.—LOST—ON WEDNESDAY OF last week, supposed in Broadway, $140 IN BANK NOTES, consisting of nine 10's on the National Bank of Albany, and a $50 bill on the Bank of the State of New-York. The above reward will be paid for the return of the money to C. DRIGGS, No. 681 Broadway.

SEAT IN CHURCH WANTED.—A SINGLE seat, for a lady, in St. George's (Dr. Tyng's) Church. References given. Apply to Box No. 2,557 Post-office.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1861.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Published in the Times Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau sts.

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All letters to be addressed to H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Proprietors of the New-York Times, New-York City.

Amusements this Evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—My Daughter's Debut—The Painter's Dream—The Toodles—The Contrabandist.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—The Seven Sisters.

WINTER GARDEN—The Lady of Lyons.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—A Bold Stroke for a Husband.

THEATRE FRANCAIS—Un Monsieur qui Suit Les Femmes—Une Allumette entre Deux Feux.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—Robin Hood—Cool as a Cucumber—Young America.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon and Evening—Gitanelli—Curiosities at all Hours.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Gov. Houston does not seem disposed to allow the Seceders to have everything their own way in Texas, after all. According to a dispatch which reaches us from Galveston, he has refused further to recognize the State Convention—considering that its functions terminated with the submission of the secession ordinance to the people. He accordingly announces that the Legislature is soon to meet, and himself will now attend to such public questions as may arise, and declares himself in favor of a new Convention, to make necessary changes in the State Constitution. He at the same time does not hesitate to declare his opposition to the Southern Confederacy. The Convention have taken issue with him, and have passed an ordinance claiming full powers, and proposing to consummate the connection of Texas with the Southern Confederacy as speedily as possible. They also propose to make it obligatory upon all State officers to take an oath to support this new Government, and on the refusal of Gov. Houston, to supersede him. Meantime a report is current that the Governor is raising troops on his own account.

No communication has yet been made to the Government by the two Southern Commissioners now in Washington—Messrs. Forsyth and Crawford. A dispatch states that the delay is on account of the assurances which they have received, from high sources, of the pacific intentions of the Administration regarding the Southern Forts. Gov. Roman, of Louisiana, the third Commissioner, has not yet arrived. It is intimated by the New-Orleans *True Delta* that the cause of his backwardness is to be found in the fact that he is already sick of secession, and wishes to have nothing more to do with it.

The Cabinet yesterday sent several nominations to the Senate—among them that of Col. E. V. Sumner, as Brigadier-General, in place of the traitor Twiggs, and several Army promotions. The mission to Spain was at first declined by Cassius M. Clay, but it was understood last evening that he had been prevailed upon to accept it. It was reported also that Mr. Corwin declined the mission to Mexico, but the report was at least premature. It is believed that he will accept it, provided his health will permit him to leave home. Joshua R. Giddings will probably be Consul-General at Montreal, and Mr. Thayer Consul-General at Alexandria. The mission to London is understood to lie between Hon. William L. Dayton and Hon. Charles Francis Adams. Gen. Spinner, Chairman of the Committee on Accounts in the last House of Representatives, is to be the United States Treasurer at this port, in place of Mr. Cisco.

But a short time was spent in open session by the Senate yesterday. During that time a resolution was offered by Mr. Douglas calling upon the Secretary of War for information relative to the forts in the seceded States—whether it is necessary to reoccupy them; and, if so, what force will probably be necessary to accomplish that object? Messrs. Wilson, of Massachusetts, and Mason, Virginia, objected to its consideration, and it was, consequently, laid over. A resolution was also offered by Mr. Fessenden, of Maine, directing the Secretary of the Senate to strike from the roll the names of those Senators from the seceded States who have declared that they are no longer members. No action was taken on it.

There is nothing of interest to report with reference to the proceedings of the C. S. A. It is expected that a recess will soon take place. The Alabama Convention has already ratified the new Constitution.

A telegram from Savannah states that the Georgia Convention has "transferred" the forts, arsenals, arms and munitions of war lately seized by order of Gov. Brown, to the Government of the Southern Confederacy. The facility and coolness with which some people can give away other people's property, may be considered surprising in more benighted portions of the world. Another telegram informs us that the report relative to the attachment of Railroad Stock owned in the North, is untrue. It is to be hoped that it is.

Ex-President Tyler occupied the whole day, yesterday, in the Virginia Convention, in his reply to the speech of Mr. Summers, delivered on Tuesday. He had not concluded when the Convention adjourned. The speech of Mr. Summers is represented to have been the ablest which has yet been delivered in the Convention. The impression is pretty well fixed that an ordinance of secession cannot now pass, and even if it could, that it would be voted down overwhelmingly by the people.

The steamship *Tennessee* arrived at New-Orleans, yesterday, from Vera Cruz, bringing the important intelligence that the British Minister at Mexico has formally recognized the Constitutional Government. Gen. Uraga has accepted the mission to the United States.

The *Adriatic* yesterday carried out a very large mail and 80 passengers. Among them were J. T. Howard, Esq., Hon. T. Butler King, probably a Commissioner from Georgia, and Capt. Briggs, agent of the North Atlantic steamers. Capt. Briggs goes out for his health. The *Adriatic* anchored at Staten Island in consequence of the fog.

By the arrival of the Pony Express at Fort Kearney, we have advices from San Francisco to the afternoon of Feb. 27. No legislation of any importance had yet taken place in the California Legislature—the time having been mostly occupied in the discussion of the Union resolutions and the Broderick resolutions, and in intrigues among the different factions relative to the election of United States Senator. There had been very little change in commercial affairs.

The ship *Boston Light*, Capt. A. H. Holway, from Calcutta in ninety-eight days, arrived at this port on Tuesday night, bringing Mr. Law, the chief mate, and five seamen of the British ship *John Lowry*, lost on the 23d of December in the Indian Ocean. They were picked up in a greatly exhausted state in latitude 25° 50′ south, longitude 78° east. The Captain and twelve men, in another boat, have not been heard from, but it is believed they reached Roderigues Island.

A bill was introduced in the New-York State Senate, yesterday, repealing the act to extend the Central Park in this City. The bill incorporating the veteran Scott Life Guard was passed. The bill incorporating the National Horse Show Association at Saratoga was lost. The resolutions in favor of prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage were adopted,—Ayes, 20; Nays, 6. In the Assembly a bill to facilitate the construction of the Lebanon Springs Railroad was introduced. The Senate bill to aid in the construction of the Lake Ontario and Hudson River Railroad was passed. The Albany and Susquehanna Railroad Tax bill was ordered to a third reading after a long debate.

The Annual Commencement of the New-York Medical College and Charity Hospital took place last evening, when the customary diplomas were presented to seventeen graduates. The address to the Graduating Class was delivered by Prof. B. I. Raphael, M. D.

At Trial Term of the Superior Court, before Justice Woodruff, a case was, yesterday, commenced, involving the question whether a party receiving a loan of the husband, without notice that the money loaned was the wife's separate estate, is responsible to the wife in an action at law. In another branch of the same Court, Justice Moncrief held that the attic of a building was a "floor," so far as to place a party under the necessity of providing water and hose in the attic, where a policy of insurance required that it should be on "every floor" of the building insured. At the Circuit of the Supreme Court, before Justice Welles, an action was determined in favor of the plaintiffs, in which certain Ward politicians of the Nineteenth Ward were ambitious to be School officers. The defendants were declared elected, and obtained certificates of office, but they are now to be deprived of the honors on account of irregularities in the ballots. In the General Sessions, most of the day was occupied with two trials, one for felonious assault, and the other for receiving stolen goods. In the former case the jury could not agree, and in the latter there was a conviction. Several prisoners were discharged for lack of evidence to hold them, and some minor pleas were taken.

The Stock Exchange was firm on Federal and State Securities yesterday, but weaker on the Railway speculatives, prices for the latter ruling ½@¾ ℔ cent. lower than on Tuesday, and 1@1½ below the average sales on Monday's rise. At the close the market was steady. New-York Central, 78¼.

The market was firm for desirable lots of Flour and Wheat, and the demand was somewhat brisker, owing, in part, to a reaction in freights, which encouraged shippers to buy more freely. Corn was plenty and heavy. Cotton was less active, yet prices were well supported. Provisions were in limited request. A moderate inquiry existed for Hay, Hops, Rice, Clover Seed, Tallow, Spirits Turpentine, Molasses, Tobacco and Whisky. A fair business was transacted in Sugars and Coffee. The changes in other branches of trade were not important. There were 378 vessels of all classes in port.

At the Live Stock markets, the supply of most animals has been light—live hogs only being in excess of the demand. This has been the case for three weeks, and the surplus from previous oversupplies is used up and the yards closed out, so that there is a fair prospect for next week, though large supplies will not be needed until April, or after the close of Lent. The total receipts at the various City yards for the week ending yesterday numbered 3,204 beef cattle, 119 milch cows, 422 veal calves, 6,367 sheep, and 8,706 live hogs—total, 18,818, which is considerably below the weekly average of last year. At yesterday's general market, beeves sold fully ½c. ℔ lb., estimated dressed weight, better than at the previous market. Sheep were 25c.@37½c. ℔ head higher. Veals and milch cows sold briskly at former rates. Live hogs a shade lower.

The New-England Elections.

Contrary to the hopes of all who desire to witness the self-immolation of the Republican Party in its hour of victory, the people who reside on the granite hills of New-Hampshire sturdily refused on last Tuesday to confess that they repented of Mr. Lincoln's election, or that their eyes had been opened to any new and hostile view of the principles placed in power by his success. Strange as it may appear to the amiable and disinterested advisers who were defeated in the last Presidential struggle, the victors in that contest display no eagerness as yet to retrace their steps, or to adopt while in power the very policy for opposing which they received the suffrages of the people. New-Hampshire has just given a firm and hearty reindorsement to the principles affirmed by her Electoral vote last November—her citizens, apparently, failing to see in the peaceful inauguration of a Republican President any ground for penitence or any argument against their political faith.

In Connecticut a like issue is to be tried in the early part of next month, and the Reactionists profess to be confident that the "sober second thought" of the people of this thrifty State will reverse the judgment under which Mr. Lincoln was elevated to the Presidency. Immense efforts are being made to secure a Democratic victory, and to ostracise those Republican members of Congress who remained true and steadfast to their convictions during the late session. Large sums of money are being now collected to influence the result, and all that can be done by the pressure of commercial men and manufacturers is said to be enlisted in getting up a fictitious appearance of regret for the Republican triumph.

Well satisfied that all the logic of the present condition of the country is against any further concessions to the sentiment of the extreme South, and that the reactionary side of the question can only be carried, if at all, by a simulated panic and the advancement of propositions so violent as almost to set reason at defiance,—the members of the Democratic State Convention of Connecticut have unanimausly adopted as their platform for the present State and Congressional campaign, a series of resolutions embracing all the most ultra tenets of John C. Calhoun, and fully sustaining the seven seceded States in their alleged right to withdraw from the Union at pleasure. The resolutions further impute all the blame of our present difficulties to the Republicans, who have not as yet been a fortnight in power,—deliberately overlooking that it was in Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet that the nest egg of Treason was hatched, and that it was under his wing that the seven ill-omened birds of Disunion chipped the shell and strutted forth on their unprosperous career.

But it is not likely, if we know anything of the hard-working, intelligent and conscientious men who form the great bulk of the Republican voters in Connecticut, that these appeals of the mere scarecrow kind will effect any important change in their opinions. During the campaign of last Fall they were threatened by every Pro-Slavery orator who took the stump within their borders—the accomplished Mayor of this City not excepted,—with evils of infinitely greater magnitude than any we have yet seen, or are ever likely to see, should they have the hardihood to obey their political convictions in casting their votes for Republican electors. The fifteen States of the South were to retire *en masse* the moment Mr. Lincoln's election was ascertained. The national capital, with all its archives, would be in possession of the rival Confederacy, and John C. Breckinridge was to be instantly installed as Chief Executive of the Southern Union. All this was to happen before the middle of last November, and the first days of the present year were to witness the march of conquering and avenging Southern armies through every State which had committed the crime of casting a Republican vote.

Now, things have been disturbed enough, we confess, but not quite up to the extent of this picture. Eight of the largest, wealthiest and most intelligent States of the South have emphatically declared Mr. Lincoln's election to be no just cause—not even decent pretext—for dissolving the Union. They have affirmed their loyalty by popular vote, taken with all the advantages in favor of the fire-eating interest; and the only result, thus far, of the attempt made by certain of their leading politicians to involve the Border Slave States in the whirlpool of secession, has been the sucking down—never to rise again to political life or light—of every public man who lent himself to the disunion policy. Furthermore, at latest advices, Washington was in possession of the legitimate Government of the United States. Mr. Lincoln having been duly and peacefully inaugurated, was duly and peacefully—so far as the office-hunters would allow him any peace—performing the acts pertaining to his high office; no bloodshed had occurred in any quarter; the Departments of War, the Interior and the Treasury were being rapidly rescued out of the intentional and fraudulent chaos into which Cobb, Floyd and Thompson had thrown them; no disposition to aggressively coerce the seceding States had been exhibited by the General Government,—while, on the contrary, the people of the Cotton States, through every organ within their reach, were protesting against the acts of the oligarchy who had forced their States into disunion, and clamoring for a resubmission of the secession question to a popular vote, with a certainty that such vote would lead directly to reconstruction.

It is on these not encouraging facts that Mr. Loomis, the Democratic nominee for Governor of Connecticut, is now conducting his campaign against Gov. Buckingham, who has very wisely and justly been renominated by the Republican State Convention. It was this Governor who made the admirable amendment to Mr. Buchanan's proclamation for a day of general fasting and prayer—that the people should specially pray for the endowment of the national Chief Magistrate with additional firmness and wisdom. This invocation expressed the wish of every loyal citizen within the Union; and we have no fears that the men of Connecticut to-day can so lack those qualities with which, in greater abundance, they prayed not long ago that Mr. Buchanan might be endowed, as to condemn themselves in the coming election for an act which history will record as the proudest of their lives—the election of the man of their choice in calm defiance of all threats, and the overthrow of a corrupt and demoralized bureaucracy of Southern politicians who have been only too long in possession of the National Government for the welfare of the country. Connecticut will join New-Hampshire in avowing that she has no apology to offer, no repentance to be felt, for the exercise of her constitutional right in the late Presidential contest.

Is Democracy a Failure?

Among the many voices raised in Europe over the disaster of secession, amid the groans of sorrow, cries of indignation and tones of sympathy which reach us from many lands beyond the sea, there is one neither loud nor mocking, but which, like the endless monotone in the poet's description of the uproar in hell, is more tormenting than all the other sounds combined. We mean that complacent "We told you so" of the friends of the old order of things—of the men who have always predicted the downfall of the Republic—not from any knowledge of us, but from the arbitrary assumption that Democracy is a false principle, and that, therefore, every Republic must be a failure.

It may strike the reader as a quibble, as an absurdity, or as a falsehood, should we, in refutation of this principle of absolutiism and oligarchy, ask at this time of day if the United States of North America have really at any time actually constituted a Republican Government. We have been so accustomed to hear from infancy eulogies of the wisdom which shaped our Constitution, praises of its perfection, hymns to its symmetry and strength, that to doubt its fullness of all excellence has come to sound like sacrilege. A hundred refutations have been in bygone days hurled back at the skeptics; our noblest efforts of oratory and song are dedicated to the immortality of the Union, and we have never ceased to exult over those short-sighted seers of the last generation, who, having calculated the nativity of our Union, fixed its duration at fifty years.

Yet, after all, we may now, in these days of disunion and terror, venture to ask if our Government has, after all, *ever* been a Republic? Has it been anything, in fact, but an aggregate of confederated States—a mass of republics, if you will, but still not one Government, nor at any time one Republic? What is more expressive of political and social unity than *one law* for a people; the same for every one bearing the same national name? Yet, we have laws as different in our States as in the various countries of Europe. Louisiana and Massachusetts are an example of this, and the chaotic and conflicting character of jurisprudence in the lower Courts of every State as compared to others, fully confirms what we have said. The mere subject of divorce, with its contradictions, has more than once been pointed out by writers as entirely inconsistent with the idea of a stable and harmonious Government. Instead of striving vigorously to identify all portions of our country into one vast edifice of colossal strength, the tendency of our legislation has constantly been to separate the States still more widely. Local rivalry has developed a pride of mere peculiarity, which has been most disastrous to the sentiment of unity, and still more to that of that all-embracing greatness. Western legislatures have, in the mere luxury of eccentricity and in vanity of power, passed laws apparently with no other object than to be as different from others, and as odd and as provincial as possible. Had there been really but one Government, one country, in fact, this could never have been.

But, again, the widely differing local sentiments of different portions of America have been at melancholy or disgraceful variance for years from the feelings which should have existed under one Government. In the South this provincialism has run riot. Men have not been Americans, but Carolinians, Virginians, or what not, madly enthusiastic over their cantons, and continually exalting their little corner of the country over the country itself. We have not been like Rome of old—we *are* almost like Germany, with her thirty tyrants and her thirty thousand local hatreds. Had we been from the beginning actually one homogeneous people under one Government, these contemptible provincialisms would not have been developed—they could not.

The question now is, whether we *can* ever become a popular unit in reality, or should seek our political salvation in separate development. The hope of such a unity in many States is, frankly, desperate. And it must be borne in mind, from this time forth, that a single Government and a real Republic for those still in the Union can only be purchased at the price of a reform of the most searching and radical nature. Are we great enough for it—are we capable of it? One thing is, at least, certain, face it we *must*.

Southern Railroads.

A statement to the effect that Gov. Brown, of Georgia, had sequestrated the stock of the Macon and Western Railroad, held by Northern stockholders, obtained circulation a few days ago. It also obtained credit; for with three months' experience of the vagaries of secession, there is no excess of impolicy and absurdity which may not be anticipated from these daring experimenters in the science of government. Governor Brown, moreover, has established a peculiar reputation in this particular department of the inexact science referred to, insomuch that posterity, if indeed it find any trait in his character partaking of grandeur, will doubtless remember him as the great confiscator. But rumor in the present instance did injustice to the South and to Gov. Brown. We have an authoritative statement that no such seizure was intended; and what is better, we are furnished with a reason why it is impracticable, namely, that there is a specific act forbidding any deprivation of rights and interests held in Georgia by foreign capitalists. The shares, therefore, of the Northern owner will remain in his undisturbed possession.

While thus, however, assuring the right of property, we regret to say that we discover no disposition to restore its value. Shares in railroads, as in all other worldy goods, are little worth unless they bring profit to and fulfill the uses of the possessor. Now, while secession is thus scrupulous about proprietorship of the scrip, it has had no scruples about rendering it worthless; for it is a painful but incontestable fact that since the commencement of the disunion movement the railroads in the Gulf States have ceased to enjoy a remunerative business; and upon many of them the attention of the managers has been confined to so curtailing the working expenses as to diminish the exhausting drain upon their resources. It was impossible to reduce the trade of the several ports to the minimum of activity which the past winter has witnessed without equally damaging the business of internal transportation; and when to this circumstance is added the paralysis of Southern credit, and the inability of Southern merchants to buy their usual supplies for the ensuing Summer, we have ample explanation of the evil which has befallen the Southern railroad interest. The roads in the Border States have taken much of the business which must otherwise have remained to the Gulf States. The Mississippi steamers have been floating northward the freights that must else have gone eastward to Charleston, or southward to Mobile. These have been inevitable results of the mad capers of the fire-eaters: and should they, conscience-stricken, awake to a realization of those laws of *meum* and *tuum* which they seem so long to have forgotten, they will also do well to consider what reparation they shall make for the property they have thus indirectly stripped of its value. It is only by a restoration of order, peace, and an econominal administration of Government upon a peace-footing, that the great interests of all sorts in the Gulf States can resume profitable activity; and it is time the conservative element, thus far inert and disorganized, should exert itself for the reëstablishment of these desiderata.

Will South Carolina Ratify the New Constitution?—By the synopsis of the permanent Constitution of the Seceders, which was telegraphed to us from Montgomery, yesterday, it appears that unhappy South Carolina is snubbed, in the new Constitution, on almost every fundamental point assigned by her orators and journalists as grounds for repudiating the glorious old Washingtonian Constitution. Her voice seems to have been negatived on every vital question; and the probability is that, if we could lift the veil which hides the doings of the secret sessions of the conspirators, we should see this howling dervish of the Confederacy still furiously rampant as of yore, and still displaying those extravagant antics which have long been the wonder of Washington and the world. If she ratifies the new Constitution, she will have to eat bushels of her own crazy threats, and, indeed, nine-tenths of all the froth, which she has vomited forth before the nation for the last dozen years.

Thus, only a few weeks ago, Hon. L. W. Spratt, of South Carolina, gave the Slave-Constitution tinkers loud warning that

> "If the clause (prohibiting the African Slave trade) be carried into the permanent Government, *our whole movement is defeated.* It will abolitionize the Border Slave States; it will brand our institution. Slavery cannot share a Government with Democracy; it cannot bear a brand upon it; THENCE ANOTHER REVOLUTION. It may be painful; but WE MUST MAKE IT. The Constitution cannot be changed without."

Yet, in face of all her fiery objurgations, the new permanent Constitution, it seems, actually *does* prohibit the foreign Slave-trade.

So, also, in regard to slave representation in Congress, the old three-fifths basis, against which South Carolina politicians have howled so fiercely, is continued in the Confederate Constitution.

So likewise in regard to the abomination of tariffs, by which South Carolina, according to Rhett, has so long "been wronged and plundered" by the Federal Government, she will now find herself as badly off as ever. The tariff clause telegraphed to us, it is true, seems to have been gotten up on the same principle as the tariff plank in the Chicago Platform—so as to mean anything anybody chooses. Its words are, "Congress is not allowed through duties to foster any branch of industry." But the Congress has already given a very significant indication of how *it* will interpret the article by reënacting the United States Tariff of '57—a tariff which the leading economists of South Carolina have avouched to be more detestable than the one on account of which, thirty years ago, the State nullified the Federal laws, and declared herself ready to fight even Gen. Jackson.

As to the minor improvements provided for in the new Constitution, their quality seems to be indifferent enough, and hardly worthy the cost of a revolution. It is, doubtless, a concise amendment to our present Constitution, that "every law shall relate to but one subject, and be expressed by titles," and a still more necessary addition, that "civil officers shall be removable when their services are unnecessary;" but these empty articles are a shabby return for the deeds of dishonor which have blackened the history of the little harlot republic for the last four months.

In the meantime, or after the Fort Sumpter question is settled, let the universe prepare either to see South Carolina swallow herself, or to behold her inaugurating Spratt's *other revolution*.

Elements of Empire.

Far beyond the western confine of American civilization—seven hundred miles west of the turbulent Missouri—beyond the "Great American Desert"—(as most of the maps viciously label the vast pastoral plateau of the Continent)—amid the rock-ribbed mountains themselves—American pioneers have, during the past year, laid the foundations of a Free State, broad and solid as the hills among which it is founded; and the vernal sun which now bursts on the snow-capped summits of Pike's Peak beholds around its base an organized community of forty thousand men. Attracted thither by the magnetism of the mountains and the lust of gold, as well as by that inscrutable impulse which, from the earliest dawn of time, has ceaselessly impelled the historic races on their journey toward the setting sun, during the last two years a converging host of pioneers have turned their impetuous march along the great valleys that skirt the Platte, the Smoky Hill and the Arkansas; and the silent plains have resounded to the tramp of myriads of venturesome pilgrims. Men on mules, pilgrims afoot, with their packs on their backs, families in ox wagons, passengers by the overland express, and the endless procession of white-sailed "prairie schooners," have given a picturesque animation to the unpeopled solitudes where heretofore the bison has held eternal sway. Now, as the result, we behold the sublime apparition of a free and orderly community superseding as by magic the savage reign of the Ute, the Cheyenne and the Arrapahoe. The bustling town and the waving wheat-field, the church, the theatre and the gallows, the newspaper and post-office, the shout of the gold-digger and the hymn of the Christian household, have opened new scenes and awakened new echoes amid the solemn cañons of the Sierra Madre. And the golden strata, in response to the picks, long-toms and crushers of the miners, have already yielded millions of dollars of the coveted metal.

These results, we may say, are the work of the bygone year; for, though gold was discovered at Pike's Peak in 1858, and there was a prodigious rush thither in the Spring of '59, yet a large proportion of those who started for the mines at that time never reached there at all, while of those who did, the great majority speedily returned home again, dismayed because nuggets were not found lying loose on the surface, but hard labor was required to obtain even gossamer gold-flakes. Previously to that time, this whole vast region was known only to the trapper or the adventurous tourist. Unrivaled in the magnificence of its scenery, it was yet believed to be almost uninhabitable, and utterly valueless for any purposes of civilization.

The bill organizing this region into a Territory, and furnishing it with the necessary apparatus for carrying on a legitimate government, has just passed both Houses of Congress, and has now become a law by receiving the signature of Mr. Buchanan. The name chosen for the Territory is Colorado, (from the great river of that name which waters its western plains, and which, having its sources far north among the Rocky Mountains, sweeps across the continent and empties into the Gulf of California.) Its boundaries are thus expressed in the Organic Act:

> "Commencing on the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude where the twenty-fifth meridian of longitude west from Washington crosses the same; thence north on said meridian to the forty-first parallel of north latitude; thence along said parallel west to the thirty-second meridian of longitude west from Washington; thence south on said meridian to the northern line of New-Mexico; thence along the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude to the place of beginning."

Within this region are comprised portions of New-Mexico (including the new gold region of the San Juan Mountains, with a population of 8,000,) parts of Utah, Nebraska and the unorganized portions of the late Territory of Kansas. It includes also the three great and fertile mountain "Parks," so graphically described by Col. Fremont as "gems of rich floral beauty shut up in the stern recesses of the mountains."

The soil of Colorado east of the mountains is arid and sandy—identical with that of New-Mexico, which, however, when irrigated, produces most of the cereals with thrice the abundance even of Illinois. The valleys will produce all the great staples now successfully cultivated in New-Mexico. It is admirably adapted for stock-raising and wool-growing; indeed, it is probable that the whole of the mighty region extending from the Missouri River to the Sierra Nevada will ultimately become the pastoral region of the North American Continent.

With regard to the real extent and richness of the gold-fields of Colorado, time alone can make decisive answer. Heretofore the miners have worked principally in the region stretching from Long's Peak to Pike's Peak, north and south, and between the 105th and 107th meridians of west longitude. "Leads," however, have been discovered six hundred miles south of this, in the San Juan Mountains; and gold is known also to exist as high north as Oregon. Moreover, as the geological formation of the whole Rocky Mountain range is essentially the same, the probability is that the veins of gold-bearing quartz stretch from far up in British America down to the sea, forming the most extensive mineral region in the world. Both these gold-fields of Pike's Peak and those of Fraser's River and Washoe, bear out the law first generalized by Alexander von Humboldt, that all auriferous deposits are found in mountains running north and south.

If the various towns and diggings of Colorado are as populous as reported by the gentlemen in Washington who have been urging their claims during the past session as its squatter representative—and if the prospective emigration moves forward this Spring and Summer, the prospects are favorable for its speedy admission as the twentieth Free State.

Besides Colorado, bills organizing two other Territories in the far West—Nevada (embracing the Washoe gold and silver mines, whose history is but a repetition of Pike's Peak,) and Dacotah, passed both Houses of Congress during the last days of the session, and they also received the signature of the President.

There is on earth no grander spectacle than the founding of these successive young free Empires throughout our Western domain—bearing Christianity and Commerce on a great wave of human life to our farthest frontier. Those who would study by what throes a new democratic society comes into being—how the plastic elements of empire round into organic form,—will find in these wonderful improvisations of human energy ample materials for reflection and induction. Certainly nothing could be more notable than the swift and spontaneous manner in which an aggregate of pioneers, uninstructed in the abstractions of governmental science, realize for themselves the conditions and elements of adequate human community. Unshackled by precedent and routine, the exigencies of circumstance and condition make their own free forms of polity and civility; while the innate intellectual and spiritual longings also speedily find expression. And there is no more illustrious justification of democracy than the freedom with which men, trained in the principles of self-government, improvise the elements of a society and State.

A Presidential Whistle.—Anecdotes illustrating the career of great men in general, and their artistic tendencies in particular, are always popular, and the following is at present enjoying a vast popularity in the Southwest:

> "A prominent Ohio politician, a resident of Columbus, prepared a surprise for Mr. Lincoln, by expressing to him a whistle manufactured out of a pig's tail. The President elect, after practicing for some time upon the novel instrument this morning, remarked, he had never suspected that there was music in such a thing as that."

We are sincerely grieved to see that, in their *naïve* and agricultural ignorance, some of our Southwestern cotemporaries are retailing this (evidently authentic) story in a merry mood, as though it, in some wise, reflected discredit on the President. They evidently are not aware that it is not every man who can make a whistle out of a pig's tail—nay, that this has been for many years a sort of quadrature of the circle and perpetual motion problem to adepts in the higher mechanics, and that the very least compliment which Mr. Lincoln could pay to such a present was to discourse on it some spirit-stirring air—possibly the "*coi, coi*," pig song of Aristophanes, sung by the daughters of a peasant who is ardently desirous of seeing peace once more prevail in a distracted country. Laugh at nothing, you know, unless you can equal it, and certainly not until you understand it. The remark ascribed to Mr. Lincoln indicates not only that there was music *in* the porcine whistle, but that he had drawn it *out* of the implement, thereby showing himself versed in harmony—an omen of happiest augury for our distracted country. Our late President, we regret to say, was not a man of tune or time—in fact, he was quite out of time at all times. With Mr. Lincoln we hope for better melody and as sweet accords, now that he has laid down the whistle and taken up the great, jarring popular harp of a thousand strings, which at present is so sadly in need of tuning.

Enterprising Journalism.—Our satanic neighbor—him of the "good ould brogue and the Scotch plaid"—is a genius in his way, a way exemplified daily in the peculiar enterprise which he exhibits in the furnishing of news. For example, in the *Herald* of yesterday we find a graphic description of the President's first *levée* at the White House, embodying a first-class advertisement for the President's tailors. To be sure, the *levée* was held nearly a week ago, and full accounts thereof have appeared in the Times and other old fogy papers—but ideas differ, and *chacun a son gout*.

In the same paper is a letter from Charleston, detailing the circumstances connected with the firing of a shell from the battery on Cummings' Point at Fort Sumpter, circumstances which were given with more minuteness and accuracy in the Times of Tuesday last—a fact, however, of no earthly consequence to the *Herald*, or, of course, to the *Herald's* correspondent.

Another feature of the *Herald* which must be very gratifying to its readers is that of publishing contradictory reports from Washington—all obtained by reliable men at the earliest possible moment from "official sources." For instance, on the 9th inst. the *Herald* informs the world that a Major Anderson has but fifteen days' provisions in the fort, while in the *Herald* of the 15th, we learn that he has a twenty days' stock. "Ten thousand men" is given as the number required to reinforce Fort Sumpter, according to Gen. Scott, but hardly have the public swallowed that, when they learn from the same enterprising and veracious sheet, that twenty thousand would be the requisite force.

Wake up, neighbor; stimulate your brain with a pinch of snuff, exhibit that degree of enterprise which twenty years ago endeared you to the New-York public, and you may continue to live, happy and prosperous, until the time comes "when you too must die."

What is Treason?

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Luther Martin, in his very able letter to the Legislature of the State of Maryland in reference to the proceedings of the Constitutional Convention, of which he was a prominent member, makes use of this significant language: "By the 3d section of the 3d article it is declared that treason against the United States shall consist in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid or comfort. By the principles of the American Revolution arbitrary power may and ought to be resisted by arms if necessary. The time may come when it shall be the duty of a State, in order to preserve itself from oppression of the General Government, to have recourse to the sword—in which case the proposed form of Government declares that the State, and every of its citizens, who act under its authority, are guilty of a direct act of treason; reducing by this provision the different States to this alternative, that they must tamely and passively yield to despotism, or their citizens must oppose it at the hazard of the halter if unsuccessful—and reducing the citizens of the State which shall take arms to a situation in which they must be exposed to punishment, let them act as they will, since, if they obey the authority of their State Government, they will be guilty of treason against the United States; if they join the General Government, they will be guilty of treason against their own State. To save the citizens of the respective States from this disagreeable dilemma, and to secure them from being punishable as traitors to the United States, when acting expressly in obedience to the authority of their own State, I wished to have obtained an amendment to the third section the following clause: Provided that no act or acts done by one or more of the States against the United States, or by any citizen of any one of the United States, under the authority of one or more of the said States, shall be deemed treason or punished as such; but in case of war being levied by one or more of the States against the United States, the conduct of each party towards the other, and their adherents respectively, shall be regulated by the laws of war, and of nations.

But this provision was not adopted—the great object of many of the leading men of the Convention being to leave the States at the mercy of the General Government."

By this it is clearly to be seen that the Convention refused to amend that clause of the Constitution defining what treason is, which if so amended would have exempted those who are now in open rebellion against the authority of the General Government. This is a significant fact, and should find a general circulation among the Northern journals.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

Draining the State Treasury—Hudson and Lake Ontario Railroad—The Scott Life Guard—Broadway Railroad—Post-office Site, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 13, 1861.

During the session of last evening, the Supply bill being under consideration, the particular item being an appropriation of thirty thousand dollars to complete the draining of the Cayuga Marshes, a motion was made to strike out the words "Cayuga Marshes," and insert "State Treasury." But members generally becoming posted relative to the fact that it was a much larger appropriation than was at all necessary for the latter object, the motion was withdrawn.

The Senate having sent down the bill extending the time for the completion of that part of the Hudson and Lake Ontario Road between Saratoga and the Lacandaga rivers, it was immediately put upon its passage in the Assembly, and passed by a unanimous vote. This sudden manifestation of life in an apparently defunct organization, is owing, it is said, to the success of efforts that have been made to enlist foreign capital in the enterprise. By the original act of incorporation, two hundred and fifty thousand acres of land were given to the Company on certain conditions, which would be forfeited at a certain period, if that much of the road be not then completed. This land has no value now, except to those parties who encroach upon those lands for the purpose of cutting hoop-poles and hemlock bark,—in both of which articles a lucrative trade has been carried on at the expense of the growing timber and the State. Much of this land being well timbered—all well wooded—and a large portion of it rich in the best iron ore in the world, it is not strange that capital can be enlisted in an enterprise that would develop this latent wealth. There is now in this city a gentleman who purports to represent sufficient English capital to put in operation enough of the road to secure its grant, provided time enough shall be extended. This has been done by the bill that passed to-day, hastened through to take advantage of the sailing of the first steamer for England. It is therefore "A big thing," or a great sell.

The Senate passed, to-day, a bill incorporating the Veteran Scott Life Guard, of which the leading corporators are J. H. Hobart Ward, John D. McGregor, Ward B. Burnett, Robert M. Harper, James E. Kerrigan, Conrad Mueller, John McLeod Murphy, and some fifty others who served in the late war with Mexico. The object is to secure against pecuniary want the members and surviving widows, to secure all other advantages of mutual benefit associations, and to perpetuate the memory of their campaigns in Mexico. It is allowed to hold the real estate necessary to the objects of the Association.

The Senate also passed the bill relative to altering the plan of the City on Washington Heights, and the bill creating the Commissioner of Lunacy.

There is a slight mistake in the paragraph in yesterday's letter in relation to the Broadway Railroad bill. In saying that the bill would be soon reported, "not materially altered," please *dele* the "not." When reported, as it probably will be in the course of the present week, if reports from Committees shall again be in order, it will be very materially altered from the bill as first introduced.

The Judiciary Committee, to which was recommitted the bill ceding the jurisdiction of the State over the present Post-office site to the General Government, will report a bill materially changed from what it was when recommitted. Instead of confining the General Government to the present locality, it will give them the jurisdiction required over any part that may be selected as the Post office site, retaining concurrent jurisdiction for the purpose of service of writ, execution of process, &c., which provision was wanting in the original bill, and be otherwise changed in its details.

The Susquehanna Railroad bill occupied the entire session of the Assembly to-day until the hour of recess, eliciting an animated discussion, in which the Speaker took a prominent part, with all the warmth and earnestness which belongs to all efforts of his on behalf of objects in which he feels interested. The bill was ordered to a third reading by a vote that will secure its passage through the House if it is able to command, on its final vote, the support of all who give it their aid to-day. The Attorney-General, in response to a resolution of inquiry, presented a lengthy argument as to the constitutional vote required to pass this bill, and concludes with the opinion that it is put a majority bill, and does not require a two-thirds vote.

Senator Goss' concurrent resolutions amending the Constitution so as to prohibit the traffic in intoxicating liquors passed the Senate to-day by 26 votes.

P. S.—I don't complain, nor do I say whose fault it is, but the paragraph relative to the Capital Punishment bill, by the change of what I intended for "swine" into "some," materially impaired the sense of the figure.

NEW-YORK STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 13.

Mr. FIERO introduced a bill repealing the act to extend the New-York Central Park; also a bill amending sections 307, 308 and 309 of the code of procedure. It alters the allowances of costs.

Mr. RAMSAY moved a reconsideration of the vote upon the report of the Judiciary Committee against incorporating an association for the safe keeping of valuable packages, by means of burglar-proof safes. Agreed to, and the bill was committed.

Mr. HAMMOND reported favorably on the bill ceding to the United States' jurisdiction over certain lands for light-house purposes.

BILLS PASSED.

To incorporate the Veteran Scott Life Guards.

To create the office of Commissioner of Lunacy.

The bill to incorporate the National Horse Show Association was lost by 14 to 10. A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The Senate then went into Executive session, with closed doors.

On the reopening of the doors the resolutions amendatory of the Constitution, prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, was taken up.

Mr. Goss advocated their adoption.

The resolutions were adopted by 20 to 6, all the Republican Senators, with J. McLEOD MURPHY, Democrat, voting in the affirmative. All the other Democratic Senators voted in the negative.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 13.

Mr. COLLIN brought in a bill to facilitate the construction of the Lebanon Springs Railroad. It imposes the same tax as the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad imposes, giving the road $200,000 a year of its proceeds.

Mr. PHILBRICK introduced a bill to amend the law relating to Banks of New-York City by requiring the advertising of reports on Monday instead of Tuesday.

The Attorney-General gave it as his opinion that the vote required to pass the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad bill is a majority vote only, and that the bill is not a two-thirds bill.

The annual report of the American Institute was presented. The speaker presented the statement of the New-York Street Commissioners in relation to the cost of opening streets in New-York City for a series of years.

The Senate bill to aid in the construction of the Lake Ontario and Hudson River Railroad was passed.

The remainder of the session was consumed in the discussion of the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad tax bill, which was taken up as a special order.

After a long debate, the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad bill was ordered to a third reading.

A motion to strike out the enacting clause was lost by 39 to 63. Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

The Railroad Committee reported favorably on the Broadway Railroad, with amendments striking out the side lines, and leaving the bill simply a grant for a road in Broadway. A motion to make the bill the special order for Friday next was lost.

The Committee presented a written report giving the reasons for the passage of a bill.

The same Committee also reported favorably the bill to amend the Charter of the Long Island Railroad.

Mr. PRICE, from the Special Committee to devise means to facilitate the business, presented a written report, favoring a sort of Grinding Committee, but less objectionable than those heretofore in vogue.

The Railroad Toll bill coming up, the special order was postponed one week.

The Supply bill was taken up and discussed in Committee of the Whole to a late hour.

After a lively discussion on the proposition to pay the Commissioners to the Washington Peace Congress $500 each, it was adopted.

The Committee finally reported progress, and at 11 o'clock adjourned.

The New-Jersey Legislature.

TRENTON, Wednesday, March 13.

The Legislature has made two or three ineffectual attempts to hold another joint meeting.

The Senate is still fighting over the bill to divide the State into sixty Assembly Districts.

To-morrow is the day set down for the final adjournment, but in consequence of the state of the District bill doubts are expressed as to the adjournment at the time named.

The bills to authorize the taking of 7 per cent. interest in the Middlesex and in the Camden and Amboy Railroads have both been defeated.

LATER FROM THE PACIFIC.

Arrival of the Overland Express—The California Senatorial Question—Whaling News, &c.

FORT KEARNEY, Wednesday, March 13.

The Pony Express passed here at 6½ A. M.

SAN FRANCISCO, Wednesday, Feb. 27—3 40 P. M.

The heavy rains prevailing when the last Express departed extended over the State, and were very severe at some points on the mountains, and in the Washoe mining regions the fall of snow was heavy. The weather is again pleasant this week.

G. B. POST, a pioneer merchant of San Francisco, died on the 26th.

The Legislature adjourned over from the 21st to the 26th. The sessions continue to be occupied with discussions of Union resolutions, the Broderick expunging resolutions, and the intrigues over the proposed Senatorial election. There has been no legislation of any importance yet.

The reconstructed Democratic Party Caucus, composed of the Breckinridge and a portion of the Douglas Democrats, met at Sacramento last evening, only 44 strong. The Legislature being composed of 115 members, this was an unexpectedly weak show, and an unfavorable indication for DENVER. It is reported that a majority of the Douglas Democrats and all the Republicans are endeavoring to induce McDOUGAL to withdraw from the contest, when an effort to elect some compromise candidate will be made. The friends of McDOUGAL are making great efforts to get the Republicans to support him.

Accounts from San Diego state that the whalers at that port have already taken seventy-five whales, and the season for catching is not half over. Each whale is worth about $1,000.

The late Legislature of Washington Territory granted divorces to seventeen disaffected couples.

Tehuantepec dates had been received from the Atlantic States to the 11th inst., giving an account of the choice of DAVIS and STEPHENS as head of the Southern Republic.

Californians, more than ever, fear a permanent dissolution of the Union inevitable, and hope the calamity may not be aggravated by unnecessary war.

The Overland Mail which left St. Louis on the 7th reached Los Angeles on the 26th, and will reach San Francisco about the 30th.

The Butterfield route is now believed to be free from Indians, and no further interruptions to mails apprehended.

SHIPPING AND COMMERCIAL NEWS.

Arrived 23d, ship *Shirley*, Boston; 24th, *William Sprague*, *Coronet*; bark *F. A. Rawlins*, Malaga; bark *Barbo*, Rio Janeiro; schooner *Florence*, Valparaiso; 27th, ship *Mary Whitridge*, 39 days from Hong Kong.

Sailed 23d, ships *Aurora*, Liverpool; 24th, *Benjamin Howard*, Puget Sound; 26th, bark *Nakeimoff*, New-Archangel, and ship *Webfoot*, Liverpool.

There are now in the berth, loading with breadstuffs for England, ships *Eagle Wing*, *Jacob Bell* and *Richard Busteed*. The ships *Dashing Wave*, *Ocean Telegraph* and *Skylark*, are under charter for promiscuous cargoes for New-York, considerable portions being Barley and Wheat.

The ships *Great Republic*, *Lookout*, *Syren* and *Shirley* are still unengaged. The ship *Mary Whitridge* arrived this morning, in the short passage of 39½ days from Hong-Kong. She brings a large cargo, consisting principally of Sugar, Rice, Tea, Pepper and Oil. The *Torrent* sailed for this port Jan. 9. At last accounts, the *Kingfisher*, *Rapid*, *Lotus* and *Imperial* were on the berth, for this port.

The *Memnon* had been chartered for a cargo to this port for Manilla, and had sailed for that port. According to the Overland trade report, Teas were scarce and high, with diminishing stocks.

COMMERCIAL.—Transactions from first hands have been moderate for the last three days, with a few trifling fluctuations in prices. Butter is salable in small lots, at advancing rates. Extra Isthmus, to-day, brings 30c. Candles have been wanted; sales during the week 5,000 boxes, at about 20c., closing dull and less firm. Crushed sugar is a trifle easier; sales of No. 1 China, to-day, at a decline; Syrup is tending downward. Sales of American Whisky at an advance, say 47½c.@50c. for high and low proof. Domestic spirits continue to meet encouraging inquiry. For domestic produce the market is very firm. The best quality of Wheat, for export, brings $2 per 100 lbs.; Barley $1 10.

News from Mexico.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, March 13.

The steamship *Tennessee* has arrived at this port, bringing Vera Cruz dates of the 8th inst.

The British Minister at Mexico had formally recognized the Constitutional Government.

Gen. URAGA has accepted the mission from Mexico to the United States.

The Methodist Conference at Newark.

NEWARK, Wednesday, March 13.

The Maryland Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church assembled in the Hill-street Church, in this city, this morning, Rev. L. U. BATES presiding. About one hundred delegates were in attendance. The opening sermon was preached by Rev. DANIEL U. BATES, of Maryland.

Senatorial Nomination in Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURGH, Wednesday, March 13.

The Republican Legislative caucus to-night nominated Hon. DAVID WILMOT for United States Senator, in place of Hon. SIMON CAMERON. The election takes place to-morrow.

The first ballot stood: WILMOT, 76; KETCHUM, 13; CAMPBELL, 8.

WM. H. WELSH will receive the courtesy of the Democratic vote.

Arrival of the United States Steam Frigate Pocahontas.

NORFOLK, Wednesday, March 13.

The United States war steam-frigate *Pocahontas*, from Vera Cruz, arrived in Hampton Roads last evening.

The frigate *Columbia* is hourly expected to arrive.

Reduction of the Prices of Freight on the New-York Central Railroad.

BUFFALO, Wednesday, March 13.

The New-York Central Railroad Company, in anticipation of the opening of the Canals, have reduced the rates of freight on flour to 60c. per barrel, and on grain to 30c. per 100 pounds, from Buffalo to New-York.

The Connecticut River.

HARTFORD, Wednesday, March 13.

Navigation is resumed. The river is now free of ice, and the steamers *City of Hartford* and *Granite State* are running regularly between New-York and Hartford without detention.

The Recent Fire in Mexico, N. Y.

OSWEGO, Wednesday, March 13.

The City Insurance of Hartford loses $2,000 by the Mexico fire; the Phœnix, of Hartford, $2,000; and the Ætna, $700.

Death of a Prominent Lawyer and Politician.

HOMER, N. Y., Wednesday, March 13.

E. F. GOULD, a prominent lawyer and politician, died at his residence in Cortlandt this morning.

Non-Arrival of Steamers.

SANDY HOOK, Wednesday, March 13—11 P. M.

There are no signs of the steamship *Etna*, now fully due off this point. Wind northeast, moderate; very dark and rainy.

PORTLAND, Wednesday, March 13—11 P. M.

There are no signs of the steamship *Bohemian*, now due at this port.

Southern Ocean Steamer Movements.

SAVANNAH, Wednesday, March 13.

The United States Mail steamship *Augusta* arrived at Tybee at 12 o'clock Tuesday night, and at her wharf at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning.

SHOCKING TRAGEDY IN FLORIDA.—The Augusta *Chronicle and Sentinel* gives the particulars of a bloody tragedy which recently transpired in Sumpter County, Fla. Rev. GEORGE ANDREWS, pastor of a Methodist Church, had seduced and maltreated a young lady relative who was residing at his house, and having heard that he was to be summoned for trial, went to the house of the man who was to serve the paper upon him, to dine. He had with him a double-barrel gun, a Yager rifle, two repeaters, and two bowie-knives. After dinner, Mr. Lane, Mr. McLendon, Mr. Hyatt, and Mr. Andrews, went to the workshop, and in the course of conversation Mr. Lane said that he had a summons for Mr. ANDREWS to appear for trial. At once ANDREWS leveled his gun at McLENDON and fired, killing him instantly; turned and shot at LANE with the second barrel, wounding him in the hand, and as HYATT picked up the yager to defend himself, fired at him with the revolver, grazing him on the shoulder. HYATT discharged the yager ineffectually, and then ran, leaving ANDREWS to return to the shop and reload his guns, when he went to a Mr. CONDRAY'S, about a mile distant. Meeting Mr. CONDRAY, he shot him in the abdomen, inflicting a fatal wound. Rev. Mr. PARKER chanced to be standing by, and seizing the wretch, managed to hold him until help came, when he was tied and confined until morning under strict guard. At noon the next day sixty or seventy of the citizens tried and convicted him, and hung him at once. His last words were, "I am only sorry that I did not kill three or four more."

FROM BALTIMORE.

The Inaugural in Maryland—Not Considered Hostile—President's Duty—Views of the Breckinridge Party—The Dred Scott Case—The Fidler and his Wife, &c.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

BALTIMORE, Saturday, March 9, 1861.

Never did oracle, in its most evasive response, receive so many, and such various interpretations, as did the President's Inaugural on its first appearance. It has now, however, been read by the million, and, no doubt, marked, conned, and inwardly digested by the thousand—a liberal proportion even in this enlightened land—and the first excitement having subsided, public opinion in regard to it seems to have found its natural level.

In this latitude, there does not exist a class of any respectability to whom it can be said to have given pleasure; the interests and questions involved in it are too serious in their character to admit of any discussion without causing anxiety. There are those among us, too, and many of them, who, in the nature of things, could not possibly approve of anything emanating from President LINCOLN, unless he were to deliver as his own a discourse written by JEFFERSON DAVIS, Mr. MEMINGER, or some other of the members of the Wite-na-gemote at Montgomery; and not then, unless accompanied with properly authenticated certificates of the fact. Gentlemen of this temper would expect the Pope to turn Protestant, and in the time of the Flood would, in all probability have had, out of the ark window, a shot at the dove with the olive branch in its mouth, on the pretext that it was destroying the shrubbery. They are not without a large share of influence in this, as in most other communities; for mankind are naturally submissionists, and often surrender a point rather than dispute with adversaries who in such struggles are more invincible than Ajax—less, perhaps, from their skill at fence, than from the brazen armor that protects them.

There is also a reluctance on the part of some to plunge into unprofitable discussion. This often gives to public opinion the appearance of being on the side of the violent. When the Inaugural first appeared it was pronounced warlike, incendiary, and, in short, coercive—that climax of everything monstrous and wicked. Such was the first surface, the froth and foam of public opinion; but, below, there was evidently a more solid stratum of a different sort. Most of those who have not been with the Southern extremists from the beginning, and who are willing to consider matters patiently and impartially, admit that, to them, the tenor of the Inaugural is pacific and conciliatory.

In regard to some positions it is difficult to conceive how the President could have taken different grounds. He is as much bound by his oath and honor to defend the Government and the public property intrusted to his charge, as Major ANDERSON is to defend the military post now held by him; and the gallant commander at Fort Sumpter could, with as little propriety hand over his post to the Secessionists, as could his superior officer, the President of the United States, order it to be surrendered. If the public, as here they unquestionably do, approve the fidelity of ANDERSON for what he has done, they cannot consistently condemn Mr. LINCOLN for what he promises to do. The utmost that the most sanguine friends of secession should have desired of Mr. LINCOLN ought to have been, as consistent with his duty and obligations, the recommendation of a general Convention of the United States, to recognize the independence of the seceded States. And though he does not recommend this course, he clearly intimates his willingness to receive instructions from the American people. Surely this recourse is not one likely to lead to war. Dr. JOHNSON told BOSWELL that "every man thinks meanly of himself for not having been a soldier." We differ from the learned lexicographer. Certainly, when the experience is to be gained in civil war, in fraternal strife,

> "The ties of blood are strong,
> Stronger than oaths, and mightier than the law!"

Let us sincerely hope that they are strong enough to avert this evil. War is terrible at all times, but to be dragged into a war with one's own countrymen, in consequence of somebody's preamble and resolutions, to fight for an abstraction, an idea, which nature has pronounced impracticable, is enough to sodden the lightest and bravest heart. Yet, as much as such an event would be deprecated by the people of this State, the Breckinridge portion of the opposition to Mr. LINCOLN insist on predictions of hostilities, and on denunciations of the Inaugural as a proclamation to that effect. They doubtless think that if they can imbue the public mind with this opinion, its results will be to place Maryland and the Border States on the side of the South. Such thoughts flit through the mind of many an otherwise honest fellow within the limits of this respectable old Commonwealth. The secession fight here has already been fought and won by the Union. The great majority of the people will not recognize in any political platform a justification for a disruption of the country. They are national to the core, and see in the present Confederacy advantages which they would look in vain for among its fragments. Though they regard with unanimity the decision of the Supreme Court, in the Dred Scott case, as the law on the Slavery territorial question, and repudiate as a dangerous heresy the same that they struggled against in Jacksonian days—the idea that in constitutional matters it is subordinate to the will of a political majority,—they, at the same time, believe the question, notwithstanding this decision, as practically settled in favor of the North. Their view of the alleged cause of quarrel is illustrated by a story told by GOLDSMITH, in his *Citizen of the World*, of the fiddler and his wife who had rubbed through life generally the best of friends, at other times not so well; until one day they happened to have a dispute about the occupancy of a fiddle-case, which, for certain reasons that Mr. GREELEY might explain, was no longer adapted as a place of deposit for the instrument itself. The dispute was conducted with becoming spirit on both sides. The wife was sure she was right, and the husband considering a fiddle-case a fiddle-case, was resolved to have his own way. The quarrel grew worse by explanations, and at last the fury of both rose to such a pitch that they made a vow never to sleep together in the same bed for the future. This was a most rash undertaking, for their interests were indissoluble, and they were still friends at bottom; besides, they had but one bed in the house. However, resolved they were to go through with it, and at night the fiddle case was laid in bed between them in order to make a separation. In this manner they continued for some time. After a while, however, each heartily repented of the vow, their resentment was at an end, and their love began to return. They wished the fiddle-case away, but both had too much spirit to begin. One night as they were both lying awake with the detested obstacle between them, the husband happened to sneeze, to which the wife, as is usual in such cases, bid God bless him. "Ay, but," returns the husband, "woman, do you say that from your heart?" "Indeed I do, my poor friend," cries the wife; "I say it with all my heart." "If so, then," says the husband, "we had as good remove the fiddle-case." Dearly, and nearly as they have been united—very good friends, as I still trust they are, at bottom, don't you think that the North and South have had the fiddle-case sufficiently long between them?

CECIL.

Amusements.

WINTER GARDEN.—We cannot honestly compliment Miss JANE COOMBS on the merit or novelty of her *repertoire*. It may perhaps be a serviceable one for the Provinces, but here, where freshness is most in demand, it is anything but attractive. Last evening BULWER'S very young-manish play of the "Lady of Lyons" was produced, and considering the badness of the weather and the staleness of the piece, attracted a better house than could reasonably have been expected. It is rather too late in the day to speak of its merits as a literary work, but we may say that a purely dramatic revelation of character is avoided in the *rôle* of the heroine, whose character is wrought upon and utterly changed by the mimic events which are made to transpire. For this reason, the piece is always popular with young lady actresses, who, seeing the path clearly mapped out before them, generally tread it with success. Miss COOMBS is, in many respects, the best *Pauline* we have recently had on the stage. Her personal appearance, so youthful and prepossessing, suggests all the confiding love and ambition of the earlier portions of the work, and the passionate bursts which a warm and poetic temperament lend naturally to an indignant woman seem to come properly from a loveliness that has been so grievously outraged. These expositions of womanhood were clearly and ably rendered by Miss COOMBS, but with occasional strainings after points, which, whilst they pained the listener, added nothing whatever to the effect. If the lady would trust to her natural powers, and to the sensitive instincts of a fine nature, rather than to the dreary tradition of an imperfect and old-fashioned histrionic education, she would leave but little to be desired. As it was, and notwithstanding occasional mannerisms, which could only have been gathered from the worst of teachers, her success was pronounced and merited. Miss COOMBS has, in fact, much to unlearn, but in view of her rare natural talent, it must be a matter of interest to the critic to observe how quickly she can perform that most difficult of all feminine tasks.

The piece was well cast; the performance more than an average one. It will be repeated to-night.

A CATHOLIC CHURCH DEDICATED IN BOSTON.—The Church of the Immaculate Conception, the corner-stone of which was laid on April 27, 1858, was dedicated in Boston on Sunday, March 10. Bishops FITZPATRICK, McCLOSKEY, of Albany; McFARLAND, of Hartford; BACON, of Portland; BAILEY, of Newark, N. J., and McLAUGHLIN, of Brooklyn, took part in the ceremonies, which were very imposing. Archbishop HUGHES preached the sermon from First Timothy, 3d chapter, 14th and 15th verses.

TRUSSES—RADICAL CURE OF HERNIA OR RUPTURE.—Dr. S. N. MARSH, of the well-known house of MARSH & CO., No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor-House, opposite St. Paul's Church, devotes special attention to the surgical adaptation of his Radical Cure Truss. Also, a large assortment of silk and Lisle thread elastic Stockings, for varicose veins; Female-supporters, Shoulder-braces, improved Suspensory Bandages, and instruments for physical deformities. A lady in attendance.

Batchelor's Hair Dye produces a perfectly natural black or brown; no staining the skin or injury to the hair; the ill effects of bad dyes removed; the hair invigorated for life by using this dye. Factory, No 82 Barclay-st. Sold and privately applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond-st.

Dyspepsia Cured by Dr. Gifford's Homœopathic Remedy, as thousands can testify who have used it. Price 25 cents per box.

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Everybody Should Call and See Dr. Brown's PATENT BABY TENDER, at 672 Broadway, between Bond and Bleecker sts. Sent by express anywhere. Send for our circulars. J. S. BROWN & CO.

Barry's Tricopherous is the best and cheapest article for DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING AND RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists.

The Ladd & Webster Sewing-Machine may now be had for Fifty Dollars.

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Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines—At reduced prices, with Glass Cloth-Presser, improved Loop-Check, new style Hemmer, Binder, Corder, &c. Office No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Kingsford's Oswego Silver-Gloss Starch

Gives a beautiful finish to the Linen.

CAUTION.—Use less than usual, as it is very strong. Be sure you get *Kingsford's Silver-Gloss*.

Batchelor's New Invented Wigs and Toupees are most perfect imitations of nature. Send for a measure card, to No. 16 Bond-st., New-York.

Ladies' Hair Dyed, Gentlemen's Hair Dyed in twenty private rooms, at W. A. BATCHELOR'S Wig and Moldavia Cream Factory, No. 16 Bond-st.

Moldavia Cream Forces the Hair, Whiskers and Moustache to grow luxuriantly. Sold, wholesale and retail, by W. A. BATCHELOR, No. 16 Bond-st.

MARRIED.

KEMP—TRYON.—In this City, on Wednesday, March 13, at Christ Church, by Rev. Wm. F. Morgan D. D., Rector of St. Thomas' GEORGE KEMP to JULIET A., daughter of Francis Tryon Esq.

LAMBERSON—STOTESBURY—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 12, by Rev. George E. Thrall, of the Church of the Messiah, WM. C. LAMBERSON, Esq., of Monmouth, N. J., to Miss SARAH A. STOTESBURY, of Brooklyn.

SOULE—SHADDLE.—In Jersey City on Wednesday, March 13, by Rev. T. B. Romeyn, of Blawenburgh, N. J., GEORGE H. SOULE to ANNIE, daughter of H. V. Shaddle, Esq.

McCABE—FISH.—On Tuesday, March 12, by Rev. H. Lounsberry, JAMES D. McCABE, of Scarsdale, to SARAH E., daughter of Nathaniel Fish, of Greenburgh.

WISE—FOWLE.—In Penn Yan, N. Y., on Tuesday evening, March 12, by Rev. L. S. Fine, Mr. JOHN J. WISE, of the Compton House, New-York, and Miss RUTH ANN, eldest daughter of Edward J. Fowle, of the former place.

DIED.

MACINTYRE.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 12, of disease of the heart, JOHN D. MACINTYRE, Sr., aged 54 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of Mr. Robert Schultz, No. 317 2d av., at 2 o'clock, this (Thursday) afternoon.

☞ St John, N. B., papers please copy.

MORTON.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 12, of congestion of the brain, GEORGE MORTON, in the 23d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his brother's residence No. 87 Monroe-st., this (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, without further invitation.

SCANTLEBURY.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 12, JOSEPH, youngest child of Edward and Mary Anna Scantlebury, aged 2 years and 10 months.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Fifth Day, 14th inst., at 2 o'clock, at the residence of his grandfather, Enoch Stratton, No. 164 West 25th st.

LANNY.—In this City on Tuesday night, March 12, Mrs. CHARITY LANNY, widow of the late Dr. Lanny, in her 80th year.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of her son, Grasset Lanny, this (Thursday) afternoon, March 14, at 2 o'clock, from No. 87 East 29th st.

FOGGO.—In this City on Wednesday morning, March 13, THOMAS, eldest and only remaining son of Thomas and Grace Foggo, aged 2 years, 11 months and 3 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 94 Perry-st., this (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, without further invitation.

FOY.—On board steamer *Wamsutta*, on her passage from New-Bedford, Mass., to New-York City, on Tuesday, March 12, ELBRIDGE FOY.

The funeral will take place at the residence of J. K. Cowperthwaith, No. 6 East Broadway, at 1 P. M., this day, (Thursday,) and the remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery.

☞ Brooklyn and Williamsburgh papers please copy.

HAGEMEYER.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 13, CORNELIA, wife of F. E. Hagemeyer, and daughter of Rev. E. M. Johnson, aged 21 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral at St. John's Church, on Friday, 15th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

GORDON.—In Jersey City on Tuesday, March 12, after a lingering illness, PHILIP GORDON, in the 68th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the First Unitarian Church, corner of Montgomery and Grove sts., on Friday, March 15, at 1 o'clock P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at the ferry until 1 o'clock.

SANDS.—On Third Day morning, the 12th of Third Month, 1861, JOB SANDS, in the 61st year of his age.

The funeral will take place on Sixth Day morning, 15th inst., at 10 o'clock, at Friends' Meeting House, at Northcastle, Westchester County, N. Y.

ALBRO.—On Wednesday, March 13, WILLIAM ALBRO, in the 64th year of his age.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend his funeral, this day, (Thursday,) 14th inst., at 12 M. Train leaves 26th st. station at 11 A. M. for Melrose.

JORDAN.—At Centreport, L. I., on Monday, March 11, at 6½ o'clock P. M., Mrs. ANN JORDAN, beloved wife of D. C. Jordan, Sr., aged 60 years, 11 months and 21 days.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of Mrs. Thos. Eames, No. 382 Grand-st., Williamsburgh, on Thursday afternoon, the 14th inst., at 1 o'clock.

FISHER.—In Fordham, on Wednesday, March 13, SARAH H. B., wife of Thomas Fisher, Esq., aged 50 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from St James' Church, on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

WORTHINGTON.—In Batavia, N. Y., on Sunday, March 10, of apoplexy, GAD WORTHINGTON, aged 75 years.

WARREN.—In Baltimore, Md., at the residence of his brother, on Sunday, March 10, DAVID M. WARREN, aged 41 years.

The deceased was a member of the well-known publishing house of H. Cowperthwait & Co., of Philadelphia. His funeral will take place at Worcester, Mass., on Friday, 15th inst. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend, without further notice.

ERICSSON'S CALORIC ENGINES.

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Of cylinder, for sale
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SEND FOR A PAMPHLET.

Various applications of the Engine to pumping, turning machinery, and to Sewing-machines, hoisting-machines, &c., may be seen at the Agency.

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OFFICIAL DRAWINGS, BY TELEGRAPH,
OF THE LEGALIZED
LOTTERIES.
WOOD, EDDY & CO., MANAGERS
OF THE
DELAWARE, KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE
LOTTERIES,
AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE.

The undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the Governor of the State of Delaware to superintend the drawings of the Delaware State Lottery, do certify that the following are the numbers drawn this day:

DELAWARE LOTTERIES.

Extra Class, No. 173, March 13, 1861.

38, 71, 19, 72, 8, 44, 62, 55, 28, 76, 30, 42, 77.

Class No. 174, March 13, 1861.

66, 58, 5, 4, 70, 67, 54, 18, 53, 50, 25, 7, 28, 17.

Witness our hands, at Wilmington, Del., March 13, 1861.

GEORGE C. GORDON,
JOSEPH SEAL,
JAMES DUNCAN.

Circulars containing schemes for the month, will be mailed free of charge, by sending to

WOOD, EDDY & CO.,
Wilmington, Del., or St. Louis, Mo.

LOTTERIES.

Messrs. WOOD, EDDY & CO. would most respectfully inform the public that our several Lottery grants do not expire until the following periods: The Delaware State Grant will continue to be drawn until the year 1862; the Kentucky State Grant will continue until the year 1877, and the Missouri State Grant until the year 1874, and the business will be conducted until the expiration of all those grants with the same promptitude that has characterized it for the last 40 years under the management of our predecessors, Messrs. Yates & McIntyre, Gregory & Co., J. W. Maury & Co., Gregory & Maury, and the undersigned,

WOOD, EDDY & CO.,
Managers.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS
OR MOUSTACHES?

Most men do, but unfortunately, upon some they will not grow naturally, and then art becomes omnipotent. Now the only thing in existence that will force the beard and moustache to grow upon the smooth face is my Onguent, (established 1852,) which will produce them in six weeks' time, and won't stain or injure the skin. Price $1. Sent by mail, postage free, anywhere. R. G. GRAHAM, No. 109 Nassau-st., New-York.

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT OF COLUMBIA COLLEGE.—The fifty-fourth annual Commencement of this Institution will be held at Irving Hall, corner of Irving-place and 15th-st., on THURSDAY, March 14, at 7½ P. M. Charge to the Graduates by EDWARD DELAFIELD, M. D., President of the College; Valedictory Address by HENRY M. LYMAN, M. D., member of the Graduating Class. Address to the Alumni of the College by THOMAS W. BLATCHFORD, M. D., Alumnus of 1817. The profession and the public are invited to attend.

JOHN C. DALTON, Jr., M. D., Sec'y of Faculty.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY.

The following is an extract from a letter written by Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger," at Chambersburgh, Penn.

A BENEFACTRESS.

"There is a woman in the public eye, whose name had all along been associated, in our mind, with the 'Yankee,' 'Quack,' and 'Humbug.' But it is so no longer, and we desire to wrest her name from all such suspicious association in all other minds. Whatever notions we may have of womanly delicacy and propriety, we will all admit that woman alone is the Nurse—the GOOD Nurse—the BEST Nurse. Whether we shall have female physicians or not is a question which must be decided by time and principle, and not as a matter of taste. Pride, prejudice, caprice and custom may as well behave themselves, for if there is really a want there will also be a supply—if there be a 'calling,' there will be a 'coming.' Nature and Human Society are always self-supplying, and though Art and Fashion may hinder, they cannot prevent.

Mrs. Winslow does not want to treat you, gentlemen! nor does she prescribe a regimen for your wives; but modestly appears as a messenger of health and happiness to your INFANTS in the cradle. Is there anything improper in that? A nurse of 'ten years'' experience can boldly say what is or is not good for a babe—and ought to be listened to. God speed her on her humble but happy mission. She is the most successful physician and most effectual benefactress our little one ever enjoyed—her doting parents not excepted. Just open the door for her, and Mrs. Winslow will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the nursery. Of this we are so sure that we will teach our 'Susy' to say, 'A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW,' for helping her to survive and escape the griping, collicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the Prospectus. It performs precisely what it professes to perform—every part of it, nothing less. Away with your 'Cordial,' 'Paregoric,' 'Drops,' 'Laudanum,' and every other narcotic, by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life!

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It cures Consumption.

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It was providentially discovered by a missionary while traveling in Arabia. He was cured of Consumption by its use after his case was pronounced hopeless by learned physicians in Europe.

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From Bentley's Miscellany.

GUSTAVE AIMARD.

What may be termed savage literature, always possesses a great fascination for the reader, and the few writers who have devoted themselves to that field have always secured ready perusal. Who is there among us who has not hung with breathless interest over the "Last of the Mohicans?" or followed the "Pathfinder" through the series of works that depict his adventurous career? Next came Ruxton, too soon taken from us, alas! but the few memorials he left showed how great a loss our literature suffered in him. Lastly, we have had Mayne Reid, who has his readers by tens of thousands, and whose novels are full of incident and vitality. Others have trod this field and have failed: in charity to them we will omit their names.

The French had a very celebrated representative, known as Gabriel Ferry, but even his deservedly great reputation has paled before the rising lustre of Gustave Aimard, who is at once the French Mayne Reid and Fennimore Cooper.

Aimard's Indian tales will be found superior to those of both the above named authors, and for very simple reasons. Although Cooper possessed a great talent for inventing a story, the misfortune is, that the scene is laid within a very confined space; he deals with only the Eastern tribes, those which the Yankee element came most into collision with; and these tribes, inexorably driven back before the white man, soon lost those salient points which distinguish the savage of the Western prairies.

Mayne Reid, on the other hand, acted wisely in laying the scene of his stories among the untamable tribes of the Western prairies—the Pawnees, the Apaches, and the Camanches—that haughty race which calls itself "Queen of the Prairies," and defies the white man. These tribes still lord it in the desert; they are constantly at war with the pale faces.

Unfortunately, however, when you have read one of Capt. Reid's stories you have read them all, for a marvellous likeness pervades them.

The case is very different, however, with the subject of our paper. Gustave Aimard has written some dozen Indian tales, all interesting and all unlike. The great charm of his stories is, indubitably, the vitality he manages to throw into them; and he writes with such spirit that, while reading, you cannot but imagine that he is describing to you scenes of which he was an eye-witness. And this was very probably the case, for Aimard's life has been one which we defy the most practised romancer to out-romance. He has lived an age (for such an existence cannot be measured by years) among the savages. As adopted son of one of the most powerful Indian nations, he has fought, hunted, trapped by their side, and is thoroughly acquainted with their every ruse. But this is not all; and fortunately for his readers, he has gone through every phase of desert life. He has been in turn squatter, hunter trapper and miner, and has seen the mode of life of all the adventurers who traverse the Indian deserts in every direction. Twice he was led to the stake of torture by the Apaches, and only saved by a miracle; he wandered about alone for upwards of a month on the great Del Norte Desert; he was a slave in one of the sacred cities of the Sun, and is probably the only European who returned alive from those gloomy caverns, where the sacred fire of Montezuma is still kept burning, carefully tended by Vestals, as in ancient Rome; he was a prisoner for a lengthened period with the cruel and treacherous Patagonians—in a word, there is not a portion of uncivilized America, North or South, which he has not traversed, with his good rifle in his hand, in defiance of the wild beasts and the still wilder and more dangerous inhabitants.

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The reception will take place between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock.

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POTATOES.—PELHAM FARM SEEDLING POTATOES FOR SALE.—The earliest known—will keep a year. Also, refined cider and vinegar. Apply to R. L. PELL, or at the Agency, No. 4 Erie Buildings, Duane-st.
M. A. J. LYNCH.

WANTED—A STEAM ENGINE, CYLINDER NOT less than 5 inches, 12 inch stroke, with a locomotive boiler; must be in perfect order. Address Box No. 2,390 New-York Post-office, stating price and where to be seen.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT the Brush Factory, No. 329 Pearl-st., Harper's Buildings. All articles at reasonable prices, wholesale and retail. JOHN K. HOPPEL, No. 329 Pearl-st.

TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN THE TIMES BUILDING.—Apply at the Times Office, to GEORGE JONES, or at Room No. 3, to JAMES M. SMITH.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE NEW AND ELEGANT five-story, marble-front store on the northeast corner of Broome and Greene sts., 50 feet front on Broome st. by 100 on Greene-st., with vaults on both streets, and basement 12 feet high. Can be divided into two stores if required.

Also, the first floor and basement of the adjoining store on Broome-st., 25x95 feet; both stores are built in the most substantial manner, and the vaults covered with granite flagging.

Also, a five-story, marble-front store, 22x75 feet, on the north side of Howard-st., 100 feet west of Broadway.

The above stores will be ready for occupation by the middle of April, or before.

Apply to ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO., between 12 and 2 o'clock, or to Mr. GRIFFITH THOMAS, Architect, No. 472 Broadway, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

PART OF A FRAME COTTAGE TO LET, consisting of back basement, two rooms on second floor, and one room on third floor; gas, water range—No. 221 South 9th-st., Brooklyn, E. D.; ten minutes' walk from ferries. A first rate chance for a young married couple—the family occupying the rest of the house consists of three adults. Rent $150. Address J. A. DELANOY, Bowery Insurance Company, No. 124 Bowery, New-York.

TO LEASE.—A HIGH-STOOP, FOUR-STORY brown-stone, front house, on the west side of Lexington-av., between 28th and 29th sts., with every convenience, and in complete order; newly fitted up and furnished, &c., for sale low, if desired; an excellent opportunity for a family about to commence housekeeping. House and location very desirable. Rent, $1,200. For further particulars, address, with real name, Box No. 2071; or apply at No. 35 Broadway.

FOR SALE BY EXECUTORS—A THREE years' lease of the premises No. 202 Fulton-st. The lease of the above premises will be sold at private sale for the unexpired term of (3) three years. The location is excellent, being near the Washington Market, and on a thoroughfare. If not sold, will be rented for any term not less than one year. For further particulars, apply to W. A. FALES, Executor, Corn Exchange Bank, No. 13 William-st.

STEAM POWER TO LEASE—IN THE NEW five-story brick buildings, Nos. 42, 44, 46, 48 and 50 Greene-st.; the best lighted, and most superior rooms in the City; location most central, one block from Canal-st. and Broadway. Buildings are heated by steam, steam hoist and every accommodation. Insurance is 1 per cent. Rent low. Apply immediately to N. J. HOWARD, on the premises.

TO LET OR LEASE.—THE TWO NEW MODEL English basement houses Nos. 291½ and 293 West 19th-st., between 9th and 10th avs., with all modern improvements, hot and cold water to fourth stories, bathing rooms, water closets, front and rear vaults, front and rear stairways, mirrors, &c., will be rented to good tenants at moderate prices. Apply, for further particulars, to Messrs. ROOME & WELLS, No. 167 9th-av.

$500—TO LET—NO. 96 WEST 45TH-ST., NEAR 6th av., an English basement brick house, four stories, containing 12 rooms, 10 pantries, range, hot and cold water, bath, gas with fixtures, sub-cellar under the whole house; will be painted outside and in, and leased to a good tenant for three years. Apply to
KIMBALL N. PRINCE, No. 169 Centre-st.

TO LET. STORE AND BASEMENT AND A FINE suite of offices on the 2d floor of house No. 52 John-st.; houses No. 116 Franklin-st., rent $475, and No. 86 Henry-st., rent $375; store and Basement No. 204 William-st., and offices on the 3d and 5th floors of No. 113 Nassau-st. Apply to M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 78 Nassau-st.

A SMALL FAMILY, HAVING MORE ROOM than they require, would like to rent a parlor and bedroom to gentlemen, or a gentleman and wife. Rooms contain hot and cold water; house delightfully located for the Summer, near Broadway. Apply at No. 23 Stuyvesant-st., first new house east of 3d-av., and between 9th and 10th sts.

TO LET, FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—IN the best neighborhood in Jersey City, a four story English basement house, 13 rooms, gas and water; rent $400; will be sold cheap or exchanged for Stocks or bonds; also, six full lots, in one piece, near Erie Railroad. Address JOHN HEADDEN, Jersey City; terms for all easy.

ROOM TO LET, WITH OR WITHOUT STEAM POWER.—A room, 60x40 feet, in a new building, well lighted all around. An interest in some acceptable manufacturing business might be taken by the advertiser. Apply on the premises, No. 62 Cannon-st., or at No. 63 Murray-st., corner College-place.

TO LET OR LEASE—LOW TO GOOD TENANTS, two new 20 feet four-story brown stone houses, Nos. 139 West 45th-st., and 144 West 46th-st., each a door or two from Broadway; location and view beautiful. Apply to Mr. PHILIPS, No. 600 7th-av., one door from 45th st., or Dr. HEATH, No. 647 Broadway.

TO LET—HOUSES WITH ALL THE MODERN improvements, and in good order, in Ludlow-place, (Houston-st., between Sullivan and Macdougal,) and in Macdougal-st., near Houston-st. Rent, $700.
F. S. TALLMADGE, No. 51 Macdougal st., or
No. 50 Wall-st.

TO LET—A THREE-STORY HOUSE IN TWENTY-second-st., near Lexington-av., to a family without children. Most or nearly all of the rent would be taken in board. Apply at No. 163 Bowery, near Broome st., third story, from 11 to 1.

TO LET—THE HOUSES NOS. 18 AND 30 7TH-av., west side, between 12th and 13th-sts. These premises are very desirably located, fitted with all modern improvements, and will be put in thorough order for good tenants. Apply at the office, No. 246 Greenwich-st.

TO LEASE—DODWORTH'S HALL, WITH DRESSING rooms, eleven apartments for family, and 12 studios, for one or three years; rent $4,000 per year. Apply to A. DODWORTH, on the premises, No. 806 Broadway.

TO LET—THE LARGE HOUSE NO. 114 WEST 14th-st., $1,100; also corner Bank and Bleecker sts., $800; and several other houses, from $350 upwards.
J. & W. DENHAM, 8th av. and 16th-st.
Office open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

TO LET.—A SUPERB LARGE 4-STORY STONE house, with a 40-foot extension, containing 28 rooms, and every modern improvement, near Madison-square, on the avenue. Rent 20 per cent. less than other property of its class. Inquire of KINSHIMER & CO., 343 4th-av.

TO LET—NO. 137 WEST 49TH-ST., ENGLISH basement house, four-stories and about 15 feet wide; situated close to Broadway; in excellent order and desirable in all respects; rent, $550 per annum. Apply to J. M. DAVIES, No. 66 Wall-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE THREE-STORY brick house, No. 71 Bleecker st., one door from Broadway, north side; will be altered for business purposes if desired. Apply to
W. HARSELL, No. 48 Cliff-st.

TO LET.—THE STORE NO. 83 BARCLAY-ST., near Washington-st., an excellent location for business. The whole premises will be put in thorough repair for a good tenant. Apply at the office, No. 246 Greenwich st.

TO LET—THE FIVE-STORY BUILDING NO. 217 Greenwich-st., now occupied as a large clothing establishment, and has been for the last ten or twelve years. Apply to WM. SMITH, JR., No. 276 West 19th-st., at 1 P. M., or 6½ P. M., for one week.

TO LET—THE NEW FOUR-STORY MODERN English basement brown-stone house, with high stoop and sub cellar, No. 16 East 30th-st., near 5th-av., with immediate possession. For terms and keys apply to DINGEE & HOLDEN, 8 Pine-st. and 1,244 Broadway.

TO LET.—A LARGE FACTORY, 46x160, FOUR stories, well lighted, situate Nos. 156 and 158 East 21st-st. Will let the whole or in parts. Rent low. Inquire of J. W. FIELDER, No. 72 East 26th-st. Possession 1st of May

TO LET—ROOMS, WITH STEAM POWER, IN the buildings Nos 211 and 213 Centre-st., and Nos. 137 and 139 Elm-st.; desirable rooms on the 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th floors and basement, with steady steam power. Apply at the office. No. 213 Centre st.

A LARGE NUMBER OF FURNISHED AND unfurnished houses to let, in central locations. Rents from $600 to $1,200. For particulars and cards of admission, apply to DINGEE & HOLDEN, No. 8 Pine-st. and No. 1,244 Broadway.

TO LET—ON 111TH-ST., BETWEEN 3D AND 4TH avs., near Central Park, two well-finished cottage houses; eight rooms and fine yard each. Facilities good for getting down town. Rent $200 a year. Inquire at No. 269 Pearl-st., or on the premises.

TO LET—TWO SMALL THREE-STORY BRICK dwelling houses, near the Second and Third avenue Railroads, in 65th-st., with all the modern conveniences. Rent $350. Apply at No. 397 4th-st., near the Bowery.

TO LET—OFFICES IN THE NEW BUILDING corner of Broadway and Fulton-st., suitable for Banking, Exchange, Railroad Companies, Lawyers, Architects, &c. Apply on the premises to J. M. JACQUES, Room No. 10.

BUSINESS ROOMS TO LET AT NO. 66 Fulton-st., corner Ryder's-alley; first-class building, excellent light.
Cheap rent to responsible tenants.

LOTS TO LEASE OR FOR SALE—ON 19th and 20th sts., from Avenue A to the East River. Also, the stone building now used as a saw-mill. Apply to BANKS & ANDERSON, No. 54 Wall-st.

TO LET.—THE THREE STORY AND BASEMENT houses, Nos. 285 and 289 West 19th-st., replete with all the modern improvements. Inquire at No. 288 West 19th-st.

TO LET.—THE HOUSE NO. 49 CHARLTON-ST. Also, two small stores on Lispenard-st., near Broadway. Apply to P. DICKIE, No. 413 Broadway, up stairs, between 11 and 12 A. M.

TO LET—TWO UPPER ROOMS, WITH AMPLE power; well warmed and lighted; location very desirable. Apply to JOSEPH NASON & CO., No. 61 Beekman-st.

STORE ON BROADWAY—ONE DOOR NORTH of 42d-st., including cellar, to let or lease for a term of years. Dimensions, 22 feet in width by about 60 feet in depth. Inquire of WILLIAM LALOR, No. 112 8th-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—THE BROWN-stone dwelling northeast corner of Lexington-av. and 30th-st. Attention of physicians particularly called to this property. Apply to A. LONGETT, No. 34 Cliff-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT THE EMPIRE Works, foot of East 24th-st. Rooms 200 by 45, or smaller, and engines 1,000 horse power. Inquire on the premises. SAMUEL LEGGETT, Superintendent.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, with the modern improvements and in good order, 25 feet front, No. 5 Varick place. Apply at office, No. 6 Bible House, Astor-place.

TO LET.—"EXCELSIOR COAL YARD," DEgraw-st., Brooklyn; in perfect order, and the most convenient yard in the City. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET—PLEASANT APARTMENTS (3 ROOMS) for two or three persons, in a good house, No. 107 East 29th st. Rent, $180. N. B.—Not a tenement-house.

TO LET—PRIVATE STABLES IN 38TH-ST., one door from 5th-av. Apply on the premises or at No. 350 Broadway, up stairs.

TO LET—NO. 151 SPRING-ST., SECOND AND attic floors—Croton and gas. Rent $325 to a small family. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET—STORE NO. 125 MERCER-ST., SUITable for retail liquor store, grocery or saloon; rent low. Apply immediately at 26 Cortlandt st., up stairs.

LIGHT ROOMS AND STEAM-POWER TO let by JOHN GAUDU, No. 102 Walker-st.

TO LET.

TO LET.—THE SUPERIOR DWELLING-HOUSE No. 138 East Broadway. If desired, part or most of the furniture will be sold to the tenant. Apply on the premises. Possession before the 1st of May if desired.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET

FURNISHED HOUSE AND GROUNDS NEAR ASTORIA, L. I.—To let for one or two years on the shore Road, opposite Ward's Island, one mile from the steamboat landing and ferry to 86th-st. The house is 42x55 feet, with large airy rooms well and completely furnished. The stable and carriage house of brick, 27x40 feet. There are 4½ acres of land, having a frontage of about 200 feet on the river. A well shaded lawn and extensive garden, with abundance of choice fruit trees and shrubs, asparagus and strawberry beds, &c., &c. A pair of fine horses, carriages and harness, cow, &c., for sale. Apply at No. 84 Beaver-st., second floor.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT AT Astoria to rent, containing nine rooms, exclusive of basement rooms, kitchen and cellar; is furnished with furnace and range, and supplied with gas; ground about one acre. Also, an unfurnished house, beautifully situated on the East River, containing ten rooms. The grounds front 100 feet on the river, and are nearly 400 feet deep; well stocked with choice pear trees; also, grape-vines in full bearing. Steamer Mattano makes five trips daily, (Sunday excepted) from foot of Fulton-st. Apply to H. WHITTEMORE, Astoria,
or No. 98 Liberty st., New-York.

FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT TO LET—On the west bank of the Hudson, one mile north of Newburgh, containing 15 acres of lawn, flower grounds, garden and fruit orchards. The dwelling is a large, old-fashioned mansion, fully furnished and very convenient, with numerous and capacious out-buildings, carriages, wagons, cows, poultry, &c., &c. The place is in perfect order, and to be rented to a private family only. Possession given 1st of April. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st., in this City, or Hon. J. J. MONELL, Newburgh.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED HOUSE, SITUATED at Summit, N. J., with four acres of land, on the line of the Morris and Essex Railroad; distance one hour's ride from New-York, and four minutes' walk from the dépôt. The house has the modern improvements, hot and cold water throughout, ice-house, well-fitted stable and carriage-house complete for four horses. For terms, apply to T. & F. FOWLER, No. 22 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET IN BROOKLYN—From 1st of May or June until 1st of October or November. It is convenient to any of the Ferries, and containing 13 rooms, besides dining-room and kitchen in the basement; has also range furnace, water and gas. Address J. D., Box No. 467 Lower Post-office, which will be attended to in person.

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET AT Scarsdale, Westchester Co., with stable, carriage-house, ice-house, good garden, &c., all in complete order and ready for immediate occupancy; within three minutes' walk of depôt, and one hour's ride from the City. Apply to F. H. PALMER, No. 20 Merchants' Exchange, Hanover-st.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—NO. 192 10th-st., between 2d and 3d avs. To be rented from the first of April next, for seven months, or an arrangement may be made to rent it for 13 months for seven months, the rent will be $1,000. Apply to D. T. MACFARLAN, No. 180 10th-st., near 3d-av.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE, NO. 135 WEST 49th-st., just east of Broadway. English basement and four stories high; well built, in good order and handsomely furnished; rent $850 per annum. Apply to J. M. DAVIES, No. 66 Wall-st.

TO LET—A HOUSE BETWEEN 1ST AND 2ND avs., partially or fully furnished, and well adapted to a boarding-house; family wish to remain as boarders; for tenant a single (New-England) lady preferred.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FROM 1ST OF MAY next, the first-class house No. 36 East 12th-st., near Broadway. Apply to RIGGS & CO., No. 56 Wall-st.

TO LET—A DESIRABLE FURNISHED HOUSE in West 13th-st., between 6th and 7th avs. Address Box No. 853 Post-office.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—HOUSES AND LEASE OF LOT NO. 138 East Broadway, running through to Division-st. Terms easy. Inquire on the premises.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—FOR SALE, A first-class brown-stone house on Remsen-st., Brooklyn Heights beautifully located, overlooking the Bay, &c. and within three hundred yards of the Wall-st. Ferry.

This house is but a few years old, built in the most substantial manner, and is replete with every modern improvement. Apply to SAMUEL C. THOMPSON,
No. 2 Wall-st.

A BARGAIN.—HOUSE AND LOT, 25x100, SITUATION one of the best in Brooklyn in all particulars, 20 minutes' walk from the ferries, convenient for one or two families; 13 rooms; gas and water; stable on rear all in excellent condition; price, $3,800. No. 30 Portland-av., north of Lafayette-av. JAMES E. WALKER, No. 114 Fulton-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY, BASEMENT and sub-cellar brown-stone front houses, Nos. 15, 19 and 21 Second-place, Brooklyn; lots 20 feet 1½ inches by 133 feet 5½ inches; houses built with all the modern improvements; will be sold cheap and on easy terms. For particulars apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 90 Beaver-st., New-York.

$5,800—VERY CHEAP—ONLY $1,800 CASH required, for the genteel 3-story, high-basement house, situated in a handsome block, with gas-fixtures, bath, &c., No. 130, 53d-st., near 3d-av. If not sold by April 1, will be leased to a small family for $500, water rent and repairs. Inquire at No. 186 West 11th-st.

FOR SALE—TWO BROWN STONE FRONT houses, Nos. 45 and 47 East 37th-st.; replete with the modern improvements; hard-wood doors and hall trimmings in parlor story and black walnut stairs; the site and style of the buildings are unsurpassed. Inquire on the premises of W. W. RYER.

FOR SALE—ON CLINTON AND WASHINGTON avs., Brooklyn, an elegant house, extra lots, carriage house complete. Also a new brown-stone, house $5,000; easy terms. Good houses to exchange for Western lands, lots, farms. Houses for sale and to let.
JONH BRAINERD, Wall-st. Ferry, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN, ON FORT Green-place, east side, between Fulton and DeKalb avs. three magnificently finished houses, brown-stone, basements, high stoops, and all modern improvements. Price $5,600, part on bond and mortgage. Apply to CLAFFY & FAGAN, on the premises.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone house, with all the modern improvements, finished in the best style, situated north side of Stuyvesant park. Inquire on the premises, No. 138 East 17th-st. Can be seen between 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR GOOD MERCHANDISE—The high-stoop dwelling-house No. 75 Hudson-st., Jersey City; near the Ferry and in view of the Bay; convenient for a gentleman doing business in the City. Inquire at 376 Washington-st., New-York.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL—100 FEET east of Lexington-av., in 38th-st., six small first-class three-story and high basement brown-stone houses, with all modern improvements, on easy terms. Inquire on the premises. or No. 99 opposite.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE IN 45TH-st., north side, between 6th and 7th avs.; every modern improvement, brown-stone front, high stoop; will be sold low. Inquire of A. A. DENMAN, foot of West 20th-st., before 10½ A. M., or after 3 P. M.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY STONE English basement house, No. 77 East 35th-st., (Murray Hill,) between Park and Lexington avs., one of the most desirable locations in the City. Apply to E. GILDERSLEEVE, at the marble works, No. 182 East 23d-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON GILFORD-PLACE, 46th-st., between 3d and Lexington avs., brown-stone front houses, with all the modern improvements. Also, a house on 50th-st., between 2d and 3d avs. Inquire on the premises, 46th-st. Terms easy.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE house, 30x65, with extension; has two staircases all of black walnut, finished complete, situate on Madison-av., west side, between 33d and 34th sts. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—THREE TWO-STORY AND BASEment brick houses, with the modern improvements, situated in DeKalb-av., adjoining the corner of Skillman-st., Brooklyn. Inquire of BADEAU, LOCKWOOD & CO., No. 227 Washington-st., New-York.

DRY GOODS WANTED.—PARTIES WISHING to retire from business, and sell their stock on hand for good farming land and bond and mortgage, can find a purchaser by calling upon JOHN H. UHL, No. 5 College-place.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—THE TWO FOUR-story English basement houses Nos. 135 and 137 East 13th-st., brown-stone fronts, and finished with all the modern improvements. Houses 20 by 65. Apply to
E. G. KIDDER, No. 161 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS four-story brown-stone front house No. 391 5th-av., corner of 39th-st. Rent $3,000. For terms apply to E. G. KIDDER, No. 161 Chambers-st., or No. 113 West 42d-st., after 5 P. M.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—THE FIRST-class four-story brown-stone house No. 113 West 42d-st. House 25 by 60. Price $22,000. Rent $1,800, with gas fixtures. Apply to E. G. KIDDER, 161 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ONE OF THE FIVE very desirable new first-class four-story brown-stone houses on the north side of 45th st., between 5th and 6th avs. Terms reasonable. Inquire opposite, at No. 62.

FOR SALE LOW, ON EASY TERMS.—SEVeral first-class three-story brown-stone high-stoop houses on West 50th-st. Apply at No. 225 West 50th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—NO. 86 WEST 46th-st., near 5th-av, a new and elegant house in perfect order, and will bear close examination. Terms favorable.
A. P. MAN, No. 64 Wall-st.

FOR SALE.—THE HOUSE AND LEASE OF LOT No. 75 Madison-st. The house has the modern conveniences and will be sold on liberal terms. Apply to EDWARD WOOD, No. 33 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—FIRST-CLASS, FOUR-STORY brown-stone house, No. 8 West 28th-st., 25x60, full lot; built by day work; terms liberal; apply on the premises, or address Box No. 2,566 Post-office, New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—THE 5-STORY marble front store No. 143 Reade-st. Apply to
KIDDER BROTHERS, No. 161 Chambers-st.

ASTROLOGY.

N. B.—WHO HAS NOT HEARD OF THE CELEbrated Madame PREWSTER, who has been consulted by thousands in this and other cities with entire satisfaction? She feels confident she has no equal. She tells the name of future wife or husband, and that of her visitor. If you wish the truth give her a call, at No. 251 3d-av., above 21st-st. Ladies 50 cents, gentlemen $1.

CLAIMS OF AMERICAN CITIZENS ON any of the Federal Departments, before Congress or the Court of Claims, or against any foreign government; and debts, legacies, inheritances, &c., in the United States, as well as foreign countries, efficiently prosecuted and recovered, by the undersigned, Counsellor of the Supreme Court of the United States and Consul General of Ecuador.
AARON H. PALMER.
WASHINGTON, Feb., 1861.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE, and possession given immediately. Five beautiful country seats for sale in and near Madison, containing from one to eight acres. These places are worthy of immediate attention from any one who desires beautiful places; houses large, and after the modern style, surrounded by large lawns of evergreens, shrubbery, and fruit of all kinds and very choice; fine gardens, out-buildings, stabling, &c. Four of them are within five minutes' walk of the railroad depôt. All will be sold at fair prices if applied for immediately. Payments made easy. Inquire of the subscriber, near the dépôt, Madison, N. J. S. D. HUNTING.

COUNTRY SEAT TO LET OR FOR SALE.—Beautifully situated on the banks of the Passaic River, ten miles from the City, near North Belleville, New-Jersey; communication with Wall-st., within an hour by railroad; there is a cottage containing thirteen rooms, also all necessary outbuildings, on a lawn of ten acres, sloping beautifully to the water's edge; the lawn will cut about $100 worth of hay, and contains the greatest variety of shrubbery and fine fruit and shade trees; good bathing, fishing and boating in front of the house; situation exceedingly rural and picturesque; ice-house filled. Rent, partly furnished, $600; unfurnished, $500. Apply at No. 155 West 14th-st.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT ON THE SOUND, about one mile from the Mamaroneck Station, on the New-Haven Railroad, one hour from the City. Twenty-six acres (26) of land, all under cultivation; a new and convenient house, stable, ice house (filled,) and all necessary out buildings. Location perfectly healthy. Furniture would be sold with the house if desired. To a cash purchaser this property would be sold much below its actual value. For particulars apply to
L. M. HOFFMAN, JR., No. 27 Pearl st.; or
E. H. LUDOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

COUNTRY SEAT AT OLD SAYBROOK, CONN., FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—It is situated on the sound, at the mouth of the Connecticut River, and adjoining the splendid residence of John Allen, Esq., and contains about seven acres, very desirably located, and commanding a fine view of the river, sound and surrounding country. The house and outbuildings are new and in complete order. The place can be reached in 4½ hours from New-York by the New-Haven and New-London Railroad, or by the Hartford steamer. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE AT Yonkers, on Broadway, within five minutes walk of the dépôt and steamboat landing. The house is large, 41x40, with extension, built in the most elegant manner, with all the conveniences of a city home; gas, hot and cold water, baths, range, furnaces, &c; ice-house, carriage-house, with about three acres of land; with a fine river view. For particulars apply to COE & WALLIS, Esqs., No. 42 John-st., or to DAVID H. FOWLER, Esq., No. 320 West-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A DESIRABLE COUNtry residence, situated on the Passaic River, within two miles of Newark, N. J., and within an hour of Wall-st., consisting of a large mansion house, containing 16 rooms, besides cellar, with commodious outbuildings, and surrounded with a beautiful lawn of about 4½ acres, sloping to the river. Price $10,000, or rent at moderate terms. Possession on the 1st of April. Apply to RUTHERFORD & EMBREE 37 Wall-st., New-York, or on the premises.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—WILL BE EXchanged for improved property in the City of New-York or vicinity, a highly improved property, situate in one of the most beautiful cities in Central New-York, consisting of eight lots of ground, with a first-class house, barn, carriage-house, ice house, &c. Fruit of choicest varieties in great abundance. Free from incumbrance. Money can be raised on it if desired. Apply to SMITH & GODDARD, No. 86 Cedar-st., or to JOHN A. KENYON, Tarrytown.

FOR SALE, TO LET, OR EXCHANGE FOR improved property in Brooklyn, a country residence in Orange, N. J., consisting of a well built double frame house, with nearly two acres of ground, five minutes' walk from the dépôt, yet sufficiently retired from the village; forty minutes from New-York, via Morris and Essex Railroad. Possession can be had immediately. Inquire of THOMAS H. NORRIS, No. 62 Gold-st., New-York.

TO LET.—STATEN ISLAND.—ONE FURNISHED large family mansion, and two unfurnished houses, at New-Brighton, containing gas, bath-rooms, water-works, speaking tubes, and all modern conveniences, also stables, coach-houses, fine woodlands and lawns, fruit flower and kitchen gardens; situation unsurpassed, on the heights, and within five minutes of the ferry. For further particulars, apply to CHAS. K. HAMILTON, No. 6 Hanover-st., Post's Buildings.

SUBURBAN RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—A Gothic two-story and basement cottage, with tower, twelve rooms, bath-room, wash-tubs, gas, hot and cold water; grounds handsomely laid out, productive garden, vines and fruits, fine old shade trees—on the banks of the Hudson, with fine river view; forty-five minutes from Chamber-st.; convenient to station; carriage-house, stabling, poultry yard. Apply at No. 649 6th-av., northwest corner of 38th-st.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE, with 16 acres of excellent land, situated in Westchester County, near the dépôt, and within 20 minutes' ride of 27th-st., on the New Haven Railroad. The buildings are new and modern; hot and cold water, bath room, &c., shade and fruit trees. Will be sold low, or exchanged for a City house or country seat with less land. Inquire of GREGORY & CO., No. 25 Bond-st., N. Y.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—DESIRAbly located in the village of Astoria, less than one hour from the City, and accessible at all hours; premises consist of a good house, barn and other outbuildings all in good order, a pleasantly-shaded yard, and an excellent vegetable garden. Possession on or before May 1. Inquire of E. MILLS, Astoria, or GOODRICH, FREEMAN & FOSTER, Nos. 56 and 58 Murray-st.

A GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE FOR SALE, to let or exchange for improved City property. A fine house and stable, with eleven lots of ground, situated on the corner of Green and Bushwick avs., Williamsburgh, about twenty-five minutes by cars from the ferry. The grounds are well laid out, with grapevines, fruit trees, &c. Apply to W. W. BROWER, No. 5 Coenties-slip, New-York.

FOR SALE.—A HOUSE AND ABOUT THREE-quarters of an acre of ground, beautifully situated, at White Plains, on the main street; attached is a stable and other out-buildings. The house is commodious and in good order, and will be sold reasonable and on easy terms. Apply to JOHN H. MORRIS, No. 84 Nassau-st.; or to GEO. T. E. SHELDON, White Plains.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIdence in New-Windsor about a mile south of Newburgh. The premises comprise some seven acres of land in lawn, orchard and garden, with choice fruit trees and vines of various kinds, a commodious house of brick 50 feet square with an extension; also necessary out buildings. Apply to F. C. HAVEMEYER, No. 102 Wall-st.

COTTAGES AT ROCKAWAY TO LET.—Three cottages, near the sea shore, in full view of the ocean: one with 14 rooms, fully furnished; the others, 10 rooms, partially furnished; stable and ice-house (filled) to each. Terms moderate. Apply, personally or by letter, to W. H. BOLTON,
Far Rockaway, L. I.

COUNTRY PLACE AMONG THE HILLS FOR SALE—Twenty miles from town by railroad, two minutes' walk from depôt; land from one to fifteen acres; choice fruit and shrubbery, neat cottage, magnificent view, pure water, and fine mountain scenery. Also, a cheap place of twenty acres, for $3,500. Apply to E. MARTINDALE, No. 167 Broadway, third story.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—IN MORRISANIA, a very neat country residence, with four City lots, convenient to the Harlem Railroad, 2d and 3d av. railroads, and to the boat. Apply to C. GERLACH, Waverley-st., between Cortlandt-av. and railroad, Melrose, or at No. 80 Warren-st., C. GERLACH, with Gray & Beck.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOUR SPLENdid country seats within 12 miles of this City; one of 40 acres, fine buildings, 5,000 grape vines, &c.; one of 38 acres, fine buildings; one of 10 acres, new buildings; and one of three acres, modern house. Also, a number of other choice places. Apply to A. SERGEANT, No. 15 Wall-st.

TO LET—ON STATEN ISLAND, AN ELEGANT country seat, with about 10 acres of ground, barn, stable, carriage-house, &c.; 15 minutes' walk from Factoryville Landing; a fine healthy location, on high ground. For particulars, apply to JOSE MANZANEDO, No. 13 South William-st.

TO LET—LARGE FIRST-CLASS DOUBLE HOUSE at Orange, 5 minutes from dépôt, easy of access; good stables, wells, ice-house, hennery, &c. Grounds tastefully laid out; rustic fences, wide piazzas, mountain scenery, with six acres, or more, if desired. Apply to JOHN B. STEVENS, No. 67 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—AT WEST MORRISANIA, OPPOSITE Melrose station, a large and convenient house, with twelve lots of ground attached. The grounds are well stocked with a variety of choice fruit, shade trees, shrubbery, &c., in excellent order. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

TO RENT OR LEASE—NEAR MORRISTOWN, N. J., furnished or unfurnished, at a low rent, an elegant and strictly first-class house, grounds and outbuildings. The site is elevated; water pure and convenient, and scenery most beautiful. Apply to
PIERCE & WADSWORTH, No. 19 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—IN FAIRMOUNT VILlage, near West Farms, in Westchester County, a plot of ground, 258 feet front, on Woodruff-av.; a gothic house and carriage house, and abundance of fruit trees. To be appreciated it must be seen. For particulars, inquire of the owner, No. 198 10th-av.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE RESIDENCE at New-Rochelle, Westchester County, N. Y., situated on the margin of Long Island Sound, lately occupied by Edward Gardiner, Esq., deceased. For further particulars, apply to HENRY W. CLARK, No. 33 Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE AT FLUSHING, L. I.—A VILLA residence, pleasantly situated, within three minutes' walk of the Railroad dépôt; also, choice building sites. For particulars, apply to JOSEPH HARRIS KING, Flushing; or to H. RIPLEY, No. 244 Pearl-st., N. Y.

HOUSE TO LET—AT WESTPORT, CT., CONsisting of 8 rooms; within five minutes' walk of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad station, and two hours from New-York by railroad. For particulars inquire of H. D. ALLEN, No. 477 Broome-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.—A gentleman's residence on Grimes' Hill, Staten Island. House large, containing all modern improvements; grounds beautifully laid out. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIdence at Mamaroneck. Price $4,000. Terms easy. If not sold by the 19th of March will be sold at auction on the premises. For particulars apply to E. RANDAL, No. 146 Clinton-st., or W. A. WHITE, Mamaroneck.

COTTAGE TO LET—NEAR PORT MORRIS, Westchester County, N. Y., a short distance from the dépôt of the 2d, 3d and 4th-av. railroad; one acre of ground, new stable, &c. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., or No. 59 East 13th-st., 2d story.

ORANGE AND NEW-BRUNSWICK, N. J.—For sale, exchange or rent—select farms, country seats, villa sites and residences, within a short distance of New-York. Inquire of HARDENBURGH, OTIS & CO., No. 58 Wall-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET AT SING SING—A neat cottage-house, with 8 or 10 rooms; 4 acres of land, well stocked with fruit; carriage-house, wash-house, henery, &c.; 1¼ miles from the dépôt. Terms easy, if sold; rent $300. Apply at No. 376 Washington-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY SEATS, VILLAGE residences, farms and villa sites, a great variety, within an hour of Cortlandt-st., for rent and for sale very low by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

TO LET—A NEAT TWO STORY HOUSE, CONtaining twelve rooms, in Bloomfield, New-Jersey, within about eight minutes' walk of the dépôt. Inquire of J. CRANE & CO., No. 50 Maiden-lane.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

DELIGHTFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—With 25 acres of land, highly cultivated; a fine assortment of fruit in full bearing; mansion 50 feet square, built in best manner; grapery, green-house fine garden, handsome shrubbery, lawn, &c; pure spring water carried to top of house. Surface of the country is rolling but not rough scenery highly attractive, climate unsurpassed for health, and the neighborhood a desirable one; distant from New-York City by railroad 1¾ hours, in New-Jersey; more land can be had if wanted. Persons wishing to buy an attractive and valuable property, may obtain particulars, by addressing with real name, B. G., Box No. 2,575 New-York City Post-office; but the communications of irresponsible parties will be noticed.

HOUSE TO LET IN NEWARK—IN NEW North Broad-st., No. 63, the new three-story brick house. Philadelphia front, with a two story extension, handsomely finished, containing 15 rooms, (four small,) good cellar and cellar-kitchen; parlors, dining-room and kitchen on the same floor. The house occupies a lot 50x100 feet, has every convenience, is in a pleasant, airy, healthy locality, and six minutes' walk from M. & E. R. R. dépôt. Possession immediately. Rent $350. JOHN PROVOST, No. 192 Broad-st., Newark.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT IN RYE—A LARGE commodious double house, (mostly furnished,) with out-buildings, abundant fruits, shrubbery, &c., and six acres of land. Rent, $730. Also, a handsome cottage, with stable, &c, and two acres. Rent, $375. Both places pleasantly situated, and near the dépôt. Apply to W. H. PARSONS & BRO., No. 74 Duane-st.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL NEW FRAME COTtage and two lots, at Elizabeth, New-Jersey. Nine rooms, piazza, marble mantels, sliding doors, front and rear stairs, gas, good well and cistern. A desirable residence for a private family, near the dépôt. Terms very easy. Apply at No. 281 Grand st.
S. A. SPENCER.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A COUNTRY seat of 4 acres, at Stamford, Conn., highly improved, new modern house, with observatory, ornamental shade and fruit trees; near railroad and steamboat landing. Full view of Long Island Sound. For particulars, apply to A. SERGEANT, No. 15 Wall-st.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE—MODERN STYLE, water, baths, 86x93 3½-stories, 48 airy rooms, cross halls, two piazzas, balconies, fine view of Newburgh Bay and surrounding country; three minutes' walk from Fishkill Dépot. For sale or to rent. C. B. PUGSLEY, Fishkill Landing, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—SEVERAL FINE COUNTRY RESIdences overlooking the Hudson, on the west side of the river, with from one to ten acres improved land. Price from $5,000 to $15,000. Terms easy.
S. SEYMOUR, No. 30 Pine-st.

HOUSES TO LET.—IN ASTORIA, LONG ISLand, pleasantly situated; rents from $150 to $600. Inquire of R. M. Blackwell, Astoria, or R. M. Blackwell & Co., No. 144 Front-st., N. Y.

TO LET—ORANGE, N. J.—THREE DWELLINGS, with one or more acres of ground; 2 minutes' walk from dépôt. Rent, $1,000, $350 and $250. Apply to A. D. BALDWIN, No. 281 Pearl-st.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS—AT Yonkers, a first-class house, with 14 acres of land. For full particulars, apply at No. 98 Broad st., between 11 and 2 o'clock.

STATEN ISLAND.—TO LET AT NEW-BRIGHTon, two cottages, with stables &c.; rent $450 and $400. Apply to W. T. JOHNSON, 50 Exchange-place.

FARMS.

FARM FOR SALE—SITUATED IN THE HEART of Ontario County, N. Y., half a mile from Clifton Springs, and within a short drive of the beautiful villages of Canandaigua, Geneva and Vienna, and directly on the New-York Central Railroad. It contains 106 acres of choice land, ten of which are well timbered. The dwellings and outbuildings are all in good order, and suited to a genteel farmer. Its close proximity to the growing village of Clifton Springs, where thousands resort annually for hydropathic treatment and the use of the sulphur-waters, is fast rendering the land more valuable, and will soon be required for village plots. The place will be sold at a low price, and on favorable terms as to the payments; or will be exchanged for productive property in the City of New York. Apply to SMITH & LAPHAM Canandaigua, S. LAWRENCE, No. 388 Broadway, New-York; or WM. P. CARR, on the premises.

FARM FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—Near the village of Hackensack, Bergen County, N. J., containing thirty-two acres, six of which are good woodland, adjoining the river. There is a good dock at the door, where vessels land. It is a first rate stand for a lumber or coal yard; there has been business done for half a century; the house is situated on the bank of the river where the bridge crosses, there is a good barn, and all suitable outbuildings, the house is well suited for a boarding house; good fishing; stages pass the door twice a day for the Northern Railroad of New-Jersey. Inquire of WM. P. BLAIR, No. 102 Barclay-st., New-York, where a map can be seen.

FOR SALE—A FARM CONTAINING 120 ACRES, located half a mile from Clouster Depôt, on the Northern Railroad of New-Jersey. The land is of the finest in the country for building plots or farming purposes. Will sell the whole or any part thereof to suit purchasers; is 20 miles from Jersey City. Apply to SMITH & MEAD, No. 175 West 29th-st., corner of 8th-av., New-York or to C. C. BANTA, No. 45 Leroy-st.

FOR SALE—AT PLAINFIELD, N. J., A FARM of 40 acres, with a never failing brook running through it, 15 minutes' walk from the dépôt; good house, variety of fruit-trees, water led in the house; price, $8,000. Apply to MARTIN & COREY, No. 283 Greenwich st.

MICHIGAN FARM OF 176 ACRES, TWO miles south of Kalamazoo; extensive house and outbuildings; much fruit; on a beautiful lake. Stock, farming utensils, crops and furniture, will be exchanged for property in or near New-York. S. COCKCROFT, No. 8 Pine st.

FARM FOR SALE.—FORTY-EIGHT ACRES, IN Rockland County, 30 miles from New-York, near railroad dépôt, and stage passes the house every morning for the Nyack boat. Large house, barn, and other out-buildings. Apply to J. WESTOVER, No. 448 Canal-st.

FARMS, COTTAGES, AND COUNTRY SEATS for sale and exchange in Orange, Rockland, and Westchester Counties, and New-Jersey. Also, neat cottages for sale or to let in Brooklyn.
S. EDDY & CO., No. 51 Liberty-st.

TO EXCHANGE—A VALUABLE FARM OF 270 acres, near the village of Coxsackie, Green County; has an extensive river front, and is every way desirable; will be exchanged for City property; will divide it if desired. Inquire of S. B. JANES, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF FORTY ACRES, IN JAmaica, for $6,500. Terms easy.
HOMER R. STUART, No. 146 Broadway.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—BY AN OLD-FASHIONED FAMILY, a large and comfortable house, (not a "splendid residence,") with from two to five acres of land, in good order and well improved, near Elizabeth, Newark, Bloomfield or Orange. Will hire for three years, or purchase at a fair but not fancy price. Land agents need not apply. Address Box No. 3,121 Post-office.

HOUSE WANTED.—THE ADVERTISER WISHes to hire a small house in the upper part of the City, (west of 4th-av. preferred,) situated in a good neighborhood, and having the modern improvements. Parties having such a one at a rent of about $500, but certainly not above $600, will please address Box No. 519 Post office.

WANTED—FROM THREE TO FOUR YEARS, A house suitable for a first-class boarding house, between 4th and 6th avs. and 9th and 30th sts. (No answer unless premises are in good order and respectable neighborhood.) Respondents will please inclose permit. Address Lower Post-office, U. T., Box No. 1,561. Rent not to exceed $1,500.

WANTED—TO HIRE, BY A DESIRABLE TENant, a house in the country, with one or two acres of grounds and stable, within about 15 miles of the City, and easy of access; not more than ½ mile from dépôt or steamboat landing. Rent not to exceed $300. Address S. A. L., Box No. 157 Times Office.

WANTED—BY THE FIRST OF MAY, A FURnished, or partly furnished house, by a small family of adults, who have a few friends with them as boarders. Parties wishing board in full or part payment of rent, will address, with full particulars, E. W., Box No. 170 Times Office.

WANTED.—BY A SMALL FAMILY, WITHOUT children the lower half of a modern house, west of Broadway, between Bleecker and 17th sts., house with three rooms on first floor preferred. Address Box No. 3,469 Post-Office.

HOUSE WANTED.—A THREE OR FOUR-story house, with all the modern improvements, between 6th and 20th sts and 4th and 5th avs. A lease for three or five years required. Address C. D., Leader Office, No. 113 Nassau-st.

A FURNISHED COTTAGE—OR BOARD where there are no other boarders, at Orange, N. J., or vicinity, wanted, for four months, from June 1, by a small family. Address W. N. M., Box No. 3,327, Post-office, New-York.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED—ABOVE Houston-st., and near Broadway. Address, with location and rent, M. S., Box No. 125 Times Office.

COUNTRY BOARD.

SUMMER BOARD MAY BE OBTAINED for one large or two small families in a high and healthy situation at Chappaqua, thirty-four miles from New-York, and one mile from the Dépôt on Harlem Railroad. Also, in same neighborhood a very convenient house to let either furnished or not. The advertiser may be consulted every day this week after 2 o'clock, P. M., at No. 131 West 23d-st.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR THE Summer, by two families; six large bed-rooms, and three smaller ones, for servants; coach-house and stable room for four horses, will be required. Situations preferred on the Hudson and its vicinity, distant from 30 to 100 miles from New-York, where there will be no other boarders. Address, stating advantages, terms, &c., X. Y. Z., Box No. 756 New-York Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A FARMER LIVING near a dépôt of the Harlem Railroad, and 1½ hours' travel from the City Hall, can accommodate six or eight boarders during the ensuing Summer months. May be seen at No. 259 Pearl-st., on Friday of this week.

HOTELS.

PARKER HOUSE, BOSTON.—THE ADDItion to this hotel being completed, with superior accommodations for ladies and gentlemen, will be opened on MONDAY, Feb. 18. The house is complete in all its appointments, and it is the intention of the proprietors to make it worthy the patronage of the traveling public.
H. D. PARKER,
JOHN F. MILLS.

HOTEL TO LET.—CONGRESS HALL, A LARGE first class house, now in full operation and full of boarders, Paterson, N. J., 15 miles from New-York, on the line of the New-York and Erie Railroad, located in the most central part of the city. Apply to J. S. ROGERS, Paterson, N. J.; or to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st., No. 2 Metropolitan Bank.

AMALGAM BELL.—OFFICE AND SALES-room are removed to No. 190 William st., near Spruce, where may be had superior BELLS, of any size, for any purpose, at prices not exceeding 12 cents per pound.
M. C. CHADWICK & CO.,
Manufacturers, No. 190 William st.

CEPHALIC PILLS,

CURE SICK HEADACHE!

CEPHALIC PILLS,

CURE NERVOUS HEADACHE!

CEPHALIC PILLS,

CURE ALL KINDS OF HEADACHE!

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of *Nervous or Sick Headache* may be prevented, and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the *Nausea* and *Headache* to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels—removing Costiveness.

For *Literary Men, Students*, Delicate Females, and all persons of *sedentary habits*, they are valuable as a *Laxative*, improving the *appetite*, giving *tone* and *vigor* to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the *nervous* system or from a deranged state of the *stomach*.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, *and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.*

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

The genuine have five signatures of HENRY C. SPALDING on each Box.

Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicines.

A Box will be sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of the
PRICE, 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to
HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar-st., New-York.

THE FOLLOWING INDORSEMENTS OF
SPALDING'S CEPHALIC PILLS
WILL CONVINCE ALL WHO SUFFER FROM
HEADACHE
THAT A
SPEEDY AND SURE CURE
IS WITHIN THEIR REACH.

As these testimonials are unsolicited by Mr. SPALDING they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly Scientific Discovery.

MASONVILLE, Conn., Feb. 5, 1861.
Mr. SPALDING,
SIR:
I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and *I like them so well* that I want you to send me two dollars worth more. Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you.
Send the pills by mail, and oblige,
Your ob't servant,
JAMES KENNEDY.

HAVERFORD, Penn., Feb. 6,
Mr. SPALDING,
SIR:
I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills, *I have received a great deal of benefit from them.*
Yours respectfully,
MARY ANN STOIKHOUSE.

SPRUCE CREEK, Huntingdon Co., Pa., Jan. 18, 1861.
H. C. SPALDING,
SIR:
You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately.
Respectfully yours,
JNO. B. SIMONS.
P. S.—I have used one box of your Pills and find them *excellent*.

BELLE VERNON, Ohio, Jan. 15, 1861.
HENRY C. SPALDING, Esq.:
Please find inclosed twenty-five cents, for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. *They are truly the best Pills I have ever tried.*
Direct A. STOVER, P. M.,
Belle Vernon, Wyandot Co., Ohio.

BEVERLY, Mass., Dec. 11, 1860.
H. C. SPALDING, Esq.:
I wish for some circulars or large show-bills to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have anything of the kind please send to me. One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache (usually lasting two days) was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills which I sent her.
Respectfully yours,
W. B. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURGH, Franklin Co., Ohio, Jan. 9, 1861.
HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar-st., New-York,
DEAR SIR:
Inclosed find twenty-five cents (25) for which send me box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. Wm. C. Filler, Reynoldsburgh, Franklin Co., Ohio.
Your Pills work like a charm—cure headache almost *instanter*.
Truly yours,
WM. C. FILLER.

YPSILANTI, Mich., Jan. 14, 1861.
Mr. SPALDING,
SIR:
Not long since I sent to you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Costiveness, and received the same, and they had so good an effect that I was induced to send for more.
Please send by return mail. Direct to
A. R. WHEELER,
Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
Cephalic Pills accomplish the object for which they were made, viz.: Cure of Headache in all its forms.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
They have been tested in more than a thousand cases with entire success.

From the Democrat, St. Cloud, Minn.
If you are, or have been troubled with the Headache, send for a box (Cephalic Pills,) so that you may have them in case of an attack.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The Cephalic Pills are said to be a remarkable effectual remedy for the Headache, and one of the very best for that very frequent complaint which has ever been discovered.

From the Western Railroad Gazette, Chicago, Ill.
We heartily indorse Mr. Spalding and his unrivaled Cephalic Pills.

From the Kanawaha Valley Star, Kanawaha, Va.
We are sure that persons suffering with the Headache, who try them, will stick to them.

From the Southern Path-Finder, New-Orleans, La.
Try them! you that are afflicted, and we are sure that your testimony can be added to the already numerous list that has received benefits that no other medicine can produce.

From the St. Louis Democrat.
The immense demand for the article, (Cephalic Pills,) is rapidly increasing.

From the Gazette, Davenport, Iowa.
Mr. Spalding would not connect his name with an article he did not *know* to possess real merit.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The testimony in their favor is strong, from the most respectable quarters.

From the Daily News, Newport, R. I.
Cephalic Pills are taking the place of all kinds.

From the Commercial Bulletin, Boston, Mass.
Said to be efficacious for the Headache.

From the Commercial, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Suffering humanity can now be relieved.

☞ A single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually. ☜
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SAVE THE PIECES!
ECONOMY! DISPATCH!
☞ "A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE." ☜
As accidents will happen, even in well-regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE
meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point.
"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."
N. B.—A brush accompanies each bottle. Price, 25 cents.
Address, HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar-st., New-York.

CAUTION!
As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to palm off on the unsuspecting public imitations of my PREPARED GLUE, I would caution all persons to examine before purchasing, and see that the full name,
☞ SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE ☜
is on the outside wrapper All others are swindling counterfeits.

AUCTION SALES.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

8 LOTS ON 52ND AND 53D STS., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AVS.—Attention is called to the sale of the above lots, to be made at auction THIS DAY, 14th inst., at 12 M., at the Merchants' Exchange, by ADRIAN H. MULLER. Maps, &c., at No 35 Wall-st.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF LANDS IN IOWA.—Whereas, The De Moine Navigation and Railroad Company, by its President, Edwin C. Litchfield, and Treasurer, W. B. Welles, by a certain deed of trust dated the 4th day of April, 1859, sold and conveyed to the subscribers, Charles Mason and H. Scott Howell, the following described lands in the State of Iowa:

County of	Description.	Section.	Township.	R'nge	No. of Acres.
Wapello..	Southeast, Northeast.	3	72	15	40
Wapello..	South half, Northwest	5	72	15	80
Wapello..	Northeast, Northeast.	23	72	15	40
Wapello..	Northeast, Southeast.	25	72	15	40
Van Buren	Southeast, Northwest	9	64	11	40
Van Buren	Northeast, Southwest	27	70	11	40
Van Buren	Southeast, Northwest	27	70	11	40
Van Buren	North half...........	31	70	11	322.11
Davis......	North half, Southeast	5	70	12	80
Davis......	Southwest, Southwest	9	70	12	40
Davis......	Southeast, Southeast.	13	70	12	40
Davis......	Northwest, Southeast	9	70	12	40
Mahaska..	Southeast, Northwest	7	74	17	40
Mahaska..	Northwest, Northeast	25	75	17	40
Mahaska..	Southeast, Southeast.	31	74	16	40
Mahaska..	Northwest, Northwest	29	74	17	40

Making, in all, 1,062 11-100 acres, in trust, to secure the payment of seven notes of said Company, all dated Jan. 17, 1859, and all payable to the order of O. H. P. Scott on or before the 17th day of January, 1861—one for $2,000, one for $1,000, one for $2,100, one for $294, and two others for $500 each, as same became due.

And whereas said deed of trust provides that if said notes are not paid when due, that said subscribers should sell said lands at Keokuk, Iowa, after advertisement as therein provided.

Now, the said notes being unpaid, notice is hereby given that we will sell said lands above described, at public auction, at the Court house Building in Keokuk, Iowa, on the 25th day of March, at about 2 o'clock P. M., A. D. 1861, to the highest bidder, for cash, and will execute a deed or deeds to the purchaser thereof.

CHARLES MASON, Trustee.
H. SCOTT HOWELL, Trustee.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SECOND SALE OF SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

By E. & F. H. SCHENCK, on FRIDAY, 15th inst., at 11 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 141 Broadway. The stock of one of the first cabinet-makers of this City, consisting in part of elegant solid carved and plain rosewood suites, in satin and brocatel; superb rosewood armoire-à glace, magnificent rosewood round-corner bedsteads and bureaus; do. in black walnut, varnished and in oil; black and gilt cabinets, centre and work tables, rosewood and walnut secretary and library book-cases, elegant rosewood etageres, carved walnut and oak buffets, extension-tables and dining-room chairs, elegantly-carved oak dining-room sofas, oak and walnut library stair chairs, oak and walnut hall stands and chairs. Also, a large assortment of elegant mahogany parlor, chamber, and dining room furniture. The above elegant furniture is all of the very best manufacture, and will be positively sold by order of the assignee. It will be on exhibition at our salesroom on Thursday. The particular attention of those in want of elegant furniture is respectfully requested to this sale, as it is undoubtedly the finest sale of first-class furniture that has taken place in this City.

J. R. FREEMAN, Assignee.

RUSSELL W. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.

GREAT SALE OF HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, RICH CARPETS, MAGNIFICENT ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, PARLOR SUITES, CHINA, SILVERWARE, CUTLERY, &c., &c.

RUSSELL W. WESTCOTT will sell, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock precisely, the entire elegant rosewood and mahogany parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, contained in the five-story dwelling house, No. 152 West 21st-st., near 7th-av.; the whole to be sold for cash, without reserve; consists of fine English tapestry and ingrain carpets, three elegant rosewood parlor suites, in brocatel and velvet, mantle and pier mirrors, two piano-fortes, bronzes, vases, sofas and sofa-bedsteads, Turkish lounges, mantel and pier mirrors, lace and silk curtains, shades, rich China, silverware and cutlery, with every description of handsome chamber furniture; the whole having cost over $12,000.

No postponement. Catalogues at house.

HENRY H. LEEDS & Co., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on FRIDAY, March 15, at 11 o'clock, in the gallery over the salesroom, No. 23 Nassau-st., a valuable collection of Oil Paintings, by artists of the French and Flemish School. In this collection, with the names of other artists we would enumerate the works of Diebolt, H. Duvien, F. Richardt, N. Senoir, Winckler, Van Schelter, H. Dusien, Chambeau, O'Connor, Rimack, Marny, Hansman, H Durand, Lagrange, Guilleminet, T. A. Richards, Michaud. Also, in this collection will be found several very fine oil paintings, in rich, carved Florentine frames. The entire collection will be sold, without any reserve, to close invoices.

H. D. MINER, Auctioneer.

Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & THORP WILL SELL AT AUCTION on FRIDAY, March 15, 1861, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., elegant household furniture, removed for convenience of sale, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, rich carved rosewood parlor suites, rosewood etagere, rosewood and mahogany bedsteads and bureaus, mahogany sofas, chairs and divans, oil-cloths, hair mattresses, silver plated ware, Bohemian glassware, &c. At 12 o'clock rich carved rosewood 7-octave piano, by a City maker, together with stool, cover, &c., &c.; also, the balance of cigars, liquors, &c., remaining on hand from sale of 12th inst.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO.—WILL SELL AT Auction on THURSDAY, March 14, at 10½ o'clock at No. 361 Broadway, near Franklin st., under foreclosure of Mortgage—Brussels and ingrain carpets, gilt frame mantel and pier mirrors, marble slabs, oak and walnut tables, bronze and gilt chandeliers, zinc and brass signs office and counting-room desks and fixtures, silverplated frame show-case, show-stand, stock boxes, Grover & Baker's patent sewing-machines, signs, oak office chairs, sadirons, reflectors, &c. Also, an iron safe of Herring's Patent. Sale without reserve.

BROWNE & NICHOLS, Auctioneers.

THIS DAY, MARCH 14, AT 1 O'CLOCK, in front of store No. 35 Nassau-st., sale of wagons, harness, &c.: one six seat rockaway, can be used as an open or close carriage, in good order; one very light City-made top buggy, leather trimmed, and lined with broadcloth, new style; one do. do., no top, weighing 140 pounds; rockaways and a variety of other vehicles and a quantity of harness, double and single; also, a four-wheeled dray, suitable for a wholesale grocer.

P. C. BULKLEY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON THURSDAY, APRIL 4, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of G. Gajani and C. Bassine, executors, the 4 story brick house and lot known as No. 158 East 32d-st., New-York; house 20x45; lot 20x98 9. Also, the 3-story brick house and lot known as No. 109 Hamilton-st., Brooklyn; house 19.6 by about 40 feet deep; lot 100 feet in depth. Maps at the office, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

DRUG-STORE AT AUCTION.—BURDETT, JONES & CO. will sell, by order of assignees, on THIS DAY, March 14, at 10 o'clock, at store No. 34 Beekman-st., the entire wholesale stock of said store and the fixtures, iron safe, &c., thereof. Catalogues at the store, and with the Auctioneers, No. 109 Wall-st.

J. H. BURLEY, Auctioneer.

MORTGAGE SALE.—J. H. BURLEY WILL sell, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock, at No. 444 Canal-st., bureaus, bedsteads, chairs, tables, sofas, sofa beds, mirrors, mattresses, feather beds, carpets, kitchen and bar-room furniture, &c.

FRANKLIN BROWN, Att'y.

J. F. WILLIAMS, Auctioneer.

SALESROOM NO. 582 EIGHTH-AVENUE.—Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week at 10½ o'clock. Sales attended at private dwellings, when desired.

J. P. MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer.

350 CASES BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS at auction, on THURSDAY, March 14, at 10½ o'clock, at store of J. F. Davis & Co., No. 16 Cortlandt-st. Fresh, seasonable goods for City and country trade.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

WM. A. READ & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BUTTER AND CHEESE,
STANDS NOS. 61 AND 63 CATHARINE MARKET,
Opposite the Ferry, New-York.
GROCERS AND SHIPPING
Supplied at the lowest market prices.

TEAS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS. THE CHEAPEST STORE IN THE WORLD.
25 PER CENT SAVED.

The greatest bargains ever offered: $100,000 worth of Groceries, Wines, Teas, Flour and Provisions are now being sold at auction prices. These are facts to which thousands can testify. Give me a call, and you also will be satisfied that this is the place to buy Teas. Flour, $5, $6 and $6 50. Groceries and Provisions. Consult your own interest, and buy your goods from

THOMAS R. AGNEW,
No. 260 Greenwich-st., and No. 89 Murray-st., N. Y.
Goods delivered free in the City.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE.—THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm name of ROBERTSON, SEIBERT & SHEARMAN, in the lithographic business, at No. 93 Fulton-st., in the City of New York, is THIS DAY dissolved by mutual consent. HENRY SEIBERT is authorized to settle all the business of said firm, and payments are to be made to him on account of the business of the late firm.

ALEX. ROBERTSON,
HENRY SEIBERT,
JAS. A. SHEARMAN,

NEW-YORK, March 11, 1860.

The business of lithographing will be continued by the undersigned at the same place, No. 93 Fulton-st.

HENRY SEIBERT.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the firm of B. F. NEWHOUSE & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. B. F. NEWHOUSE alone is authorized to settle the affairs of the said firm.

B. F. NEWHOUSE.
NEW-YORK, March 1, 1861. STEPHEN PELLS.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the School Officers of the XVIth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until Tuesday, the 19th day of March, inst., at 12 o'clock, at noon, for painting the interior walls and woodwork, and the outside woodwork of Ward Schoolhouse No. 11, in West 17th-st., in said Ward. Specifications for said painting can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings of the Board of Education, No. 94 Crosby-st. Two responsible and approved sureties for the faithful performance of the contract will be required from the successful bidder. The contract will be awarded, other things being equal, to the lowest responsible bidder, offering satisfactory sureties, though the School Officers reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interests to do so.

THOMAS CHRISTY,
Chairman School Officers of the XVIth Ward.
JOHN G. MCNARY, Secretary.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

WEDDING CARDS IN ELEGANT STYLES, at low prices. See the Orange Blossom Wedding Envelope Knots for Cards, at EVERDELL'S, 302 Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., BANKERS, corner of Pine and Nassau sts., New-York, issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for travelers, available in the United States, Canada, West Indies, South America, and all the principal cities of the world. Also, Mercantile Credits for use in Europe, China, &c., &c.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of 3d-av. and 25th-st.
CHARTERED 1854.

SIX PER CENT INTEREST on all deposits from One to One Thousand Dollars.

All deposits made on or before April 10, will draw interest from the 1st.

Bank open daily from 10 to 3, also on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8.

S. S. CHILDS, Sec. SPENCER K. GREEN, Pres.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
Corner Pine and Nassau sts.,
NEW-YORK,

Draw at current rates in sums to suit on ALSOP & CO., Bankers, San Francisco, Cal. Also purchase San Francisco City and California State Interest Coupons.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Issue letters of credit to travelers, available in all parts of Europe through the Messrs. Rothschild of Paris, London, Frankfort, Vienna, Naples, and their correspondents.

BELDEN & YOUNG,
BANKERS, CHICAGO, Ill.
We make collections in all parts of the West.

Refer to
BANK OF NORTH AMERICA, New York.
E. MORRISON, No. 17 Nassau-st., New-York.

S. DRAPER,
No. 36 Pine-st.,
INSURANCE AND BANK STOCKS,
And Scrips of all kinds, negotiated.

Auction sales of Stocks whenever desired. Securities bought and sold at Board of Brokers

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

F. W. GALLAUDET,
NOTE BROKER
NO. 11 PINE-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
BUSINESS PAPER NEGOTIATED AT LOWEST RATES.
LOANS OBTAINED ON FIRST-CLASS SECURITIES.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL THIS DAY, THURSDAY, March 14, at 12½ o'clock, at the Stock Salesroom, No. 52 William-st.

REGULAR SALE.

Shares.		Shares.	
20 Bk. of Commerce...	$100	10 Market Bank.......	$100
20 Metropolitan Bk....	100	50 Manhattan Bank....	100
40 Marine Bk..........	50	50 Arctic Ins..........	50
20 Relief Ins..........	50	35 Clev. & Tol. R......	50
40 Goodhue Ins........	50	44 Chi. & M. W. R....	50
10 Humboldt Ins.......	100	50 Am. Exchange Ins.	100
5 Guardian Life Ins...	100	100 La Crosse & Mil. R.	100
20 Gt. West. Mar Ins...	100	20 Germania Ins.......	50
29 Neptune Mar Ins....	100	50 Citizens' G. L. Co..	20
20 Mer. Mutual Ins....	100	40 Impor. & Tra. Ins....	50
100 U. S. S. S. Refing. Co.	100		

$5,000 Flushing R. 1st Mortgage 7 ₱ cent Bonds.
$4,000 Lee County, Illinois, 8 ₱ cent. Bonds.
$3,000 U. S. 12 ₱ cent. Treasury Notes.
$4,000 La Crosse & Milwaukee R. 2d Mtge. Bonds.
$2,000 Brooklyn City 6 ₱ cent. Bonds.

Next Regular sale on MONDAY, March 18. Regular Auction Sales of Stocks and Bonds every MONDAY and THURSDAY, or every day when required, at 12½ o'clock, at the Stock Salesroom, No. 52 William-st., or at the Merchants' Exchange if preferred. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale and at the Brokers' Board.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO.,
Auctioneers and Stock Brokers,
No. 52 William st., near Wall.

FOR SALE.—HENDERSON (ILLINOIS) COUNTY 8 per cent. Bonds; Fulton (Ill.) County 7 per cent. Bonds; Cincinnati (O.) Street Railroad Company First Mortgage 7 per cent Bonds. By the United States Census of 1860, population of Fulton County, Ill., is 33,347. Value of real and personal estate, $16,158,358. The interest is provided for of all the above bonds. Apply to GEO. T. M. DAVIS, No. 47 Exchange-place.

KISSAM & JONES, COUNSELORS AT Law, No. 59 William-st.
BENJAMIN T. KISSAM, GEORGE A. JONES.

Mr. GEORGE A. JONES devotes his special attention to the care of estates and to the management of all business of a fiduciary character. Ordinary commission, 1½ per cent.

NEW-YORK CONSOLIDATED STAGE COMPANY.—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Four per Cent., payable at the Pacific Bank on the 15th inst. The transfer books will be closed until that date.

J. CAMPBELL, Jr., Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, March 5, 1861.

OFFICE OF THE JEFFERSON INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 50 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 4, 1861.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of Three Dollars per share, (10 per cent.) payable to the stockholders on demand. SAMUEL E. BELCHER, Secretary.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD 7 PER Sinking Fund Bonds redeemable in 1876, Coupons payable in February and August of each year, on sale by DUNCAN, SHERMAN, & CO., corner Pine and Nassau sts., New-York.

U. S. 6 PER CENT. NEW LOAN, HAVING twenty years to run, in Coupons or Inscribed Bonds of one thousand each, for sale by LIVERMORE, CLEWS & MASON, No. 29 Wall-st.

INSURANCE.

PARTICIPATION.

ÆTNA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW-YORK.
OFFICE NO 56 WALL-ST.
CAPITAL..............................$200,000
CHARTERED 1824.

THE INSURED RECEIVE 75 PER CENT. OF NET PROFITS, WITHOUT INCURRING ANY LIABILITY.

Insures buildings, merchandise, household furniture, rents, leases, vessels in port and their cargoes and other insurable property, against loss or damage by FIRE.

DIRECTORS:
JACOB BROUWER, President.
RUSSEL STEBBINS............of Stebbins, Hoyt & Co.
M. L. MARSH..................of M. L. Marsh & Sons.
P. L. FOULKE..................of Joseph Foulke's Sons.
GEORGE C. SATTERLEE..Prest. Washington Ins. Co.
JOSEPH JAMISON.....................late Merchant.
WM. WHITEWRIGHT.....................late Merchant.
JOHN D. WARD.............................Jersey City
JAMES THOMPSON.......late James Thompson & Son.
CHARLES H. CLAYTON......of E. B. Clayton's Sons.
FRANCIS A. THOMPSON......of A. R. Van Nest & Co.
THEOPHILUS ANTHONY.........of Anthony & Davis.
G. B. SATTERLEE........................of Satterlee & Co.
THOMAS C. CHARDAVOYNE
NEHEMIAH KNIGHT..............of Hoyt, Spragues & Co.
NELSON RUNYON..............of Martin A. Howell & Co.
DANIEL BUTTERFIELD......Supt. of Am. Express Co.
FRANCIS W. HUTCHINS.........................Merchant.
JOHN H. TALMAN
EDWARD OOTHOUT.......with William Oothout & Bro.
JOHN J. MCLAREN.....of McLaren & Brown, Bankers.
LIVINGSTON SATTERLEE, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NO. 108 BROADWAY.
CASH CAPITAL..............................$300,000

THREE-FOURTHS OF THE PROFITS DIVIDED TO POLICY HOLDERS.

☞ THIS COMPANY WILL HEREAFTER PAY TO its dealers 75 PER CENT. of the profits or, when preferred, make a liberal discount from standard rates.

No Liability is Incurred by the Assured.

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, President.
JOSEPH B. VARNUM, BOWES R. McILVAINE,
LEONARD APPLEBY, GILBERT L. BEECKMAN,
FRED'CK H. WOLCOTT, EDWARD MACOMBER,
WILLIAM K. STRONG, CHAS. P. KIRKLAND,
JOHN C. HENDERSON, DUDLEY B. FULLER,
DANIEL PARISH, WATSON E. CASE,
GUSTAVUS A. CONOVER, LORRAIN FREEMAN,
MARTIN BATES, JR., JAMES O. SHELDON,
PASCHAL W. TURNEY, JOSEPH B. VARNUM, JR.,
FRANKLIN H. DELANO, J. L. GRAHAM, JR.,
HENRY V. BUTLER, GEORGE W. HATCH,
SAMUEL D. BRADFORD, JR.
EDWARD A. STANSBURY, Secretary.
ROB'T C. RATHBONE, Ass't Secretary.
ITHAMAR CONKEY, Surveyor.

BURNING FLUID, OILS, &C.

NAPTHALINE LIQUID GAS.

A new substitute for Burning Fluid, can be used in all Fluid Lamps and Gas Generators, and will burn 50 per cent longer than common fluid.

ROSENE COMPOUND SAFETY FLUID.

A Superior BURNING FLUID, by a new process rendered safe, clean and cheap.

Get the Genuine, and beware of all Imitations.

KEROSENE COAL OIL, ALCOHOL, CAMPHENE AND COMMON FLUID, for sale by
SAFETY FLUID COMPANY,
NO. 246 GREENWICH-ST., NEW-YORK.
State and County rights for sale.
Orders by mail promptly filled.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

FOR SALE.—ABOUT 1,300 TONS OF RAILS AND 100 tons of chairs and spikes, being the iron of the Railroad running from the Suspension Bridge to Youngstown, formerly known as the Niagara Falls and Lake Ontario Railroad, together with all the ties, timber, switches, and other material of said Railroad. Apply to ROBERT B. PORTER, No. 61 Wall-st.

TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, ZINC, &C., TIN and TERNE PLATE, CHARCOAL and COKE SHEET IRON—Belgian, Russian, English, American; ZINC, COPPER, SPELTER, BLOCK-TIN, WIRE, &c. For sale by A. A. THOMSON & CO., No. 215 Water-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALFRED WILLIS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of J. R. Willis, No. 447 Broome-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 19th day of May next.—Dated New-York, the 14th day of November, 1860.

JOHN R. WILLIS, RICHARD D. WOOD, } Executors.

MEDICAL.

WHITE'S COUGH TINCTURE.—This Tincture, being made entirely from roots, will be found perfectly safe and of the greatest use to any one afflicted with the maladies of the season, viz: Influenza, Coughs, Bronchitis, &c., while it can be highly recommended for Asthma and any affection of the chest and lungs. Its low price brings it within the reach of every one. To be had only at No. 137 4th-av., near 14th-st. References given to physicians and others who know its properties and value.

TRIESEMAR.

Protected by Patent-office Seal of Great Britain, Ecole de Pharmacie, Pharmacien de Paris and Imperial College of Medicine, Vienna.

Summary of the virtues of each preparation, TRIESEMAR Nos. 1, 2, and 3:

TRIESEMAR NO. 1

effectually removes general and local debility, premature decay, spermatorrhœa, and all the distressing consequences of excess; all physical impediments vanish like magic before its influence, thus rendering it invaluable to those about being married; even in the decline of life its invigorating powers are astonishing.

TRIESEMAR NO. 2

has superior properties in those cases where Copavia or Cubebs is usually administered.

TRIESEMAR NO. 3

entirely eradicates all impurities from the system; is most excellent in secondary symptoms, thus obviating the necessity of mercury, or any other deleterious ingredients.

Triesemar Nos. 1, 2 and 3, being in the form of an agreeable lozenge, is portable, and may be taken with the utmost facility while traveling by sea or land. Done up in tin cases, and divided into separate doses, as administered by Velpeau, Lallemand, Row Ricord, &c. Single cases of both each number, $3; four cases in one, $9; or in $27 cases, thereby saving $9.

To be had wholesale and retail, from Dr. H. A. BARROW, No. 194 Bleecker st., (four doors from Macdougal st.,) New-York, where he may be confidentially consulted, as usual, from 11 till 2, and from 4 till 8 o'clock. On Sundays from 11 till 2 o'clock.

Sold by F. C. Wells & Co., No. 115 Franklin-st., New-York, and T. Werthington, No. 206 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

RHEUMATISM.

Health to the afflicted and joy to the WORLD. A new star has been discovered in the medical firmament in the form of DE LA MONTAGNE'S ARABIC RHEUMATIC GOUT PILLS and ARABIC ITCH OINTMENT. Buy them and try them. Price, 25 and 50 cents a box—within the reach of all. Sold by our Wholesale Agents, F. C. WELLS & CO., No. 115 Franklin-st. and No. 326 6th-av., New-York.

CAPAUTINES,

the latest French invention for married people, forwarded by mail, with a treatise, on receipt of $1.

Address Dr. F. L. BECKWITH,
Station D.,
Post-office,
New-York.

AFFLICTED RESTORED! FALLACIES UNMASKED! IGNORANCE EXPOSED!—Highly important to both sexes, married and single, in health or disease. Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, upon Mental and Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Incapacity, Urinary Deposits, Involuntary Loss of Semen nights with the urine or at stool, Impotency, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Strictures, Gleet, Gonorrhœa, Syphilis—primary and constitutional, &c.

Among its contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female—all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in reproduction; European hospital practice, quacks (advertisers), their recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c.

All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with Mercury, Copaiba, Injections, Cauterizations, Quack Specifics, Antidotes, Instruments, &c., should purchase this invaluable work for $1, of H. G. LAWRENCE, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House, New-York, or consult the Doctor, at No. 647 Broadway, up stairs, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., and Thursday evening, 7 to 9.

"We concur with these and other papers in recommending Dr. LARMONT and his work."—*Courrier des Etats Unis, German die Reform, Sunday Dispatch, Staats Zeitung.*

AN ACT OF GRATITUDE.—20,000 COPIES of a medical book for gratuitous circulation by a sufferer, who has been effectually cured of nervous debility, loss of memory, and dimness of sight, resulting from early errors, by following the instructions given in a medical work, considers it his duty in gratitude to the author, and for the benefit of consumptives and nervous sufferers, to publish the means used. He will, therefore, send free to any address, on receipt of two stamps, a copy of the work, containing every information required. Address Box No. 579 Post-office, Albany, N. Y.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price, $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty st., New-York; or can be sent by mail free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 18 Ann-st.

THE CONFESSIONS OF AN INVALID.—Being desirous of doing a great good among the suffering community, or those afflicted with nervous debility caused by that secret indulgence in youth, I have published for their benefit the experience of myself, being a victim to that solitary vice, how I cured myself, after being put to a great expense through medical imposition and quackery. I will send them to any address on receipt of two three-cent stamps. All orders are requested to be directed in full to SIMON A. FREEMAN, Lowell, Mass.

LIFE IS ONLY LIFE WHEN BLESSED WITH HEALTH.—Mme. LAFARGE, widow of the celebrated ladies' physician in Paris, offers her husband's Specific to ladies requiring immediate relief in all cases of irregularity and obstruction, without injury to the most delicate. $1 per box. Address Mme. LAFARGE, No. 98 Prince-st., New-York.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DISEASES OF females exclusively treated by Dr. THIERS, No. 62 6th-av., New York. THE MOTHER'S ALMANAC and LADIES' CIRCULAR mailed free on receipt of four red stamps. Write for them and escape quackery. Foul diseases not treated.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Benefactor. Infallible for the immediate removal of obstructions, irregularities, &c. Price $2. Office No. 483 Broadway. Dr. WARD can be consulted in confidence day or evening.

DR. WARD, NO. 483 BROADWAY, IS unapproached among the physicians in curing certain diseases. His Unfortunate's Friend and other great remedies accomplish an immediate cure. Shun an early grave. Read his Practical Treatise.

DR. A. B. COX, AGENT FOR THE JAPAN SECRET OR FEMALE'S FRIEND, for removing obstructions; suit rooms for consultation, No. 17 West Houston-st., near Broadway. Sent by mail, $3 per box.

HUNDREDS OF THE UNFORTUNATE are disappointed of a cure by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first. The Hunterian Dispensary, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, established in 1834, for the Preservation of Human Life. PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—Dr. Hunter has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated not less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting or sickening effects of all other remedies; cures, in new cases, in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb, unless this remedy is used. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for nothing, that treats of the evil effects of early abuse and indulgence; is embellished with elaborate colored engravings, portraying every feature and phase of disease; exposes the fallacy of the ordinary modes adopted for the cure of local as well as hereditary maladies, and gives the only safe and infallible remedy for expunging every trace of the virus from the system.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY and Troy, connecting with trains North and West. Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-STREET.	FROM THIRTY-FIRST-STREET.
Express, 7 and 11 A. M., and 3:25 and 5 P. M.	7:25, 11:30 A. M., and 3:50 and 5:25 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping cars,) 9:45 P. M.	10:15 P. M., (Sunday included.)
Poughkeepsie train, 7:30 A. M., 12 M. and 4 P. M.	8 A. M., 12:30 and 4:25 P. M.
Peekskill train, 5:30 P. M.	5:55 P. M.
Sing Sing train, 3:35 and 4:30 P. M.	4 and 4:55 P. M.
Tarrytown train, 6:40 P. M.	7:10 P. M.

A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD—For Albany and Troy, connecting with the New-York Central Railroad for all points West, Northwest and Southwest; also, with the Northern Railroad for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington, Plattsburgh, Rouse's Point, Ogdensburgh and Montreal.

FROM TRYON-ROW, NEAR CITY HALL.	FROM TWENTY SIXTH-STREET STATION.
Ex. 7 A. M. and 4 20 P. M.	7:20 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.
Express Mail.......10 A. M.	10:25 A. M.

For Williams' Bridge, White Plains, Croton Falls and all local trains, see Time-table. 7 A. M. Express Train leaves Albany every Sunday morning.

JOHN BURCHILL, Assistant Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—Dunkirk Express at 7 A. M., for Dunkirk, Buffalo, and Canandaigua and principal stations. Mail at 8:15 A. M., for Dunkirk and intermediate stations. This train remains over night at Elmira. Way, at 3:30 P. M., for Middletown, Newburgh, and intermediate stations. Night Express daily, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua and principal stations. The train of Saturday stops at all Mail-train stations, and runs only to Elmira.

CHARLES MINOT,
General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—For Long Branch, Shrewsbury, Red Bank, &c. On and after Sept. 10, cars will leave Long Branch daily, at 7½ A. M., connecting with steamboat TAMINEND, for New-York. Returning, the TAMINEND will leave foot of Robinson-st., at 3 P. M., connecting with cars for the above places.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD.—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST, FROM JERSEY CITY.—Mail and Express Line.—Leaves New-York at 7, 9 and 11 A. M.; 4 and 6 P. M., fare $3; 12 M., fare $2 25. Through baggage checked in 7 A. M. and 6 P. M.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.—LEAVE SOUTH Ferry, Brooklyn, 10 A. M. for Greenport; 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. for North Islip and Yaphank; 10 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. for Syosset; 10 A. M., 3:30, 4:30 and 5:30 P. M. for Hempstead. All trains stop at Jamaica.

A. H. PALMER, Ass't Sup't.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,
No. 806 BROADWAY, New-York,
No. 137 MONTAGUE-PLACE, Brooklyn.
WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS in New-York.
MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS in Brooklyn.
Circulars may be had at either Academy.

ROOFING.

CHEAP ROOFING.—SATURATED FELTS, Tarred Paper, superior Composition for gravel roofs. Composition by the barrel. Dealers supplied. JENNINGS BROTHERS, No. 5 Burling-slip, New-York.

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THROUGH FREIGHT ARRANGEMENT.—For NORFOLK, PORTSMOUTH, CITY POINT and RICHMOND, connecting with Norfolk and Petersburgh and South Side Railroads for LYNCHBURGH, BRISTOL, MEMPHIS and intermediate stations. Freight received every day and through receipts furnished at Pier No. 13 North River.

Steamship JAMESTOWN, Capt. SKINNER, leaves every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M.

Steamship ROANOKE, Capt. COUCH, leaves every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M.

Steamship YORKTOWN, Capt. PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.

Freight to Norfolk, 7 cents per foot; to City Point, 8 cents; and to Richmond, 9 cents.

Passage to Norfolk, (state-room and meals included,) $8; to Petersburgh or Richmond, $10; children between the ages of 1 and 12, half price.

LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 115 Broadway.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.......................................$130
Second Cabin Passage..75

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..$110
Second Cabin Passage..60

The ships from New-York call at Cork Harbor.
The ships from Boston call at Halifax and Cork Harbor.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. AFRICA, Capt. Shannon.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. AMERICA, Capt. Moodie.
AUSTRALASIAN. NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson.
Capt. E. M. Hockley. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.
SCOTIA, (now building.)

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

AMERICA, McAuley, leaves Boston Wednesday, March 6.
AUSTRALASIAN, Hockley, leaves New-York Wednesday, March 13.
NIAGARA, Moodie, leaves Boston Wednesday, March 20.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves New-York Wednesday, March 27.
CANADA, Anderson, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 3.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New-York Wednesday, April 10.
EUROPA, Cook, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 17.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves New-York Wednesday, April 24.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
ON SATURDAY, MARCH 30.
THE UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMER
ARAGO,
D. LINES, Commander,

Will sail from Pier No. 37 NORTH RIVER, foot of Beach-st., on SATURDAY, March 30 at noon.

This steamer (unsurpassed for safety and comfort) has double-engines under deck, inclosed by water tight compartments, which, besides other results, tends, in the event of collision or stranding, to keep the pumps free to work, and secure the safety of vessel and passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to
SAMUEL M. FOX,
GEO. MACKENZIE,
Agents, No. 7 Broadway.

The steamer FULTON will sail April 27.

NOTICE TO SOUTHERN SHIPPERS.

Shipments to Southern ports of the New Confederacy—correctly and properly certified according to law—by the undersigned Commissioner for all the States.

J. B. NONES,
No. 262 Broadway, corner of Warren-st.

STEAM WEEKLY BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL—Landing and embarking passengers at Queenstown, (Ireland.) The Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend dispatching their full-powered Clyde-built Iron Steamships as follows:

CITY OF MANCHESTER, SATURDAY, March 16.
ETNA, SATURDAY, March 23.
GLASGOW, SATURDAY, March 30.

and every Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

First cabin.................$75 | Steerage...................$30
First cabin, to London...$80 | Steerage, to London.....$33
Steerage return tickets, good for 6 months...............$60

Passengers forwarded to Paris, Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at reduced through fares.

☞ Persons wishing to bring out their friends can buy tickets here.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New York.

STEAM FROM NEW-YORK TO IRELAND, England and Scotland *via* Galway, for $30.

The Atlantic Royal Mail Steam Navigation Company will dispatch their fine steamship

PRINCE ALBERT,

as above, touching at St. Johns, N. F., to land passengers and mails, on

TUESDAY, March 26.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
In first cabin to Galway or Liverpool..........................$75
In first cabin to St. Johns, N. F..................................35
In third cabin to Galway or Liverpool, Glasgow or any town in Ireland on a railway..............................30
In third cabin to St. Johns, N. F...................................18

NOTICE—Persons wishing to bring out their friends from the old country, can obtain Return Tickets at very low prices.

For further information as to freight or passage apply to HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents,
Nos. 54 and 55 South st.

THE NEW AND FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS of the American Atlantic Screw Steamship Company will leave Pier No. 12 North River, on the following days:

MONTGOMERY, Capt. BERRY, MONDAY, March 11.
FR. R. CUYLER, Capt. CROCKER, THURSDAY, Mch. 14.

The ships of this line are all new, and are not surpassed in elegance, comfort, safety and speed by any on the Ocean.

Tickets to New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $25; Memphis, $31 75; Nashville, 27 75; Knoxville, $25 50; Chattanooga, $25; Albany, 23; Columbus, $21; Atlanta, $21; Macon, $20; Savannah, $15. Apply to

H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st. and No. 333 Broadway.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., SAVANNAH, GA., AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—U. S. MAIL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP LINE.—The steamship COLUMBIA, Capt. M. BERRY, will leave Pier No. 4 North River on SATURDAY, March 16 at 3 o'clock P. M. Rates of passage, with through tickets, as follows: To Savannah, Ga., $16; Charleston, $15; New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $25; Nashville $27 75; Memphis, Tenn., $31 75; Chattanooga, $26; Knoxville, $25 50; Augusta, $17 50; Atlanta, $21; Columbia, $17 50; Charlotte, N. C., $19. For freight or passage, apply to

SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMSHIP BREMEN, H. WESSELS, Commander, carrying the United States Mail, will sail from Pier No. 30 North River, foot of Chambers-st., on

SATURDAY, MARCH 16, at 12 o'clock M.,
FOR
BREMEN VIA SOUTHAMPTON,

Taking passengers to
LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN,
at the following rates:

First cabin, $100; second cabin, $60; steerage, $35.

For freight or passage apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 82 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.—THE British and North American Royal Mail steamship KARNAK, Capt. LE MESURIER, will sail for the above ports from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on

TUESDAY...................................5th February.
MONDAY.......................................4th March.
SATURDAY...................................30th March.

RATES OF PASSAGE:
To Nassau...$45
To Havana...50

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

TEACHERS.

AS TEACHER.—A GRADUATE OF AN EASTERN College, competent to instruct in the Greek and Latin languages, Logic, Rhetoric, Higher Mathematics, (including Trigonometry, Analytics, Surveying, Navigation and Conics,) Phonography and other branches pertaining to a thorough English and Classical education, desires to effect an engagement as private tutor in a family or teacher in a Select Classical School. He can furnish the most unexceptionable testimonials as to ability, &c., from several Presidents of Colleges, Ex-Governor of the State and others. Address S. B. F., Box No. 740, Hartford, Conn.

FOR EUROPE.—AN EXPERIENCED TUTOR will start (D. V.) in May with a limited number for a tour through Great Britain and Ireland, Holland, Belgium, Germany, Prussia, Austria, Italy and France; he is familiar with all objects of interest, and able to act as cicerone, valet de place and instructor. The total expense will not exceed $900 each, which may be taken in circular notes, payable on the return of the party. Reference will be given to the gentlemen who accompanied the advertiser last Summer. Address SIGMA, Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

AS TEACHERS.—TWO NEW-ENGLAND LADIES, experienced in tuition, desire reëngagements as teachers in schools or families, or would like to hear of an opening for a day school. Their course of instruction comprises Music, French, (spoken,) and the various branches of English. No objection to the West. Unexceptionable references exchanged. Address TUITION, Box No. 1,504 Post office, New-York.

AS TEACHER.—A GENTLEMAN, WHO HAS had several years' experience in teaching in both City and country is desirous of an engagement in a school, where he might remain permanently, if satisfaction is given. He has recommendations of the highest character, showing his success and capability as a teacher. Address A. R. T., Brooklyn Post-office.

AS JANITOR.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG Frenchman from Paris, who speaks very little English, a situation as janitor or any other kind of employment around a School or Seminary; will render himself as useful as possible to the teachers and scholars. Address L., Box No. 155 *Times* Office.

AS TEACHER.—A LADY, GRADUATE OF Packer Collegiate Institute, Brooklyn, is desirous of obtaining a situation as teacher of the English branches and music, either in a school or family. Best of reference given. Address, for one week, HUDSON, Brooklyn Post-office, L. I.

A FRENCH LADY, FROM PARIS, A PERFECT pianist and player, wishes to give private piano lessons, for $10; private French lessons, reading, writing and conversation, $10, per quarter. Address M. M., Station D Bible-house. Best of references, if required.

AS GOVERNESS. WANTED, BY A LADY WHO has had experience, a situation as English governess; would make herself useful in the family; is willing to travel; satisfactory reference. Call or address, for three days, J. H. K., No. 93 West 13th-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A SUPERIOR WELL-known first-class Boarding-School Establishment, in Westchester County, 27 miles from New-York. Apply to W. H. PARSONS & BRO., No. 74 Duane-st.

LEE-AVENUE SABBATH SCHOOL-BOYS' meetings, every Thursday evening, at 7¼ o'clock. THIS (Thursday) EVENING, March 14, Dr. SOUTHERLAND will deliver an address and exhibit a very large number of Chinese idols and curiosities. Doors open at 6¾. Admittance free.

MUSICAL.

DEPOT OF THE ALEXANDRE ORGANS. For churches, chapels, schools and drawing-rooms. No. 203 BROADWAY.

Sole Medal of Honor at the Universal Exhibition of 1855.

This magnificent instrument, (patented in the United States May 3, 1859) which the brilliant performances of THALBERG, VILANOVA, Mlle. WELLIS, have rendered as popular in America as in Europe, has been adopted by the greatest artists and composers of both continents—GOTTSCHALK, LITZ, ROSSINI, MEYERBEER, &c., &c. The Alexandre Organ is celebrated for the solidity and precision of its mechanism, as well as for the fullness and power of its tones, and the remarkable quality of keeping perfectly in tune in all climates. Prices at the depot: $45, $50, $100, $160, $185, $235, $260, $300, $340, $400. A descriptive circular sent to any address, on application to

BERNARD & FABREGUETTES, Jr.,
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IMPROVED PIANO-FORTES.
MANUFACTORY AND SALESROOM,
FOURTEENTH-ST.,
Corner of 3d-av.

For a quarter of a century the instruments manufactured at the above establishment have ranked among the first in the country. In durability, strength and delicacy of tone and touch, they are highly appreciated by all who have given them a thorough trial. The proprietor, by giving his personal attention to the manufacture of each instrument, in all its details, is enabled to guarantee superior excellence and reliability in every respect.

BANJO TAUGHT
BY
G. C. DOBSON,
AT FIFTY CENTS PER LESSON,
AT FIFTY CENTS PER LESSON,
AT FIFTY CENTS PER LESSON,
AT FIFTY CENTS PER LESSON.

Each lesson to be one perfect tune, of the pupil's choice. The pupil guaranteed a good player in twelve lessons.

GEO. C. DOBSON,
No. 192½ Varick-st.

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GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS,
Warerooms No. 694 Broadway.

C. & SONS have been awarded thirty-eight prize medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past thirty-five years. Pianos to rent.

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PATENT OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS

Are now considered the best Pianos manufactured, and are warranted for five years.

Warerooms, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway.

A GREATLY IMPROVED PIANO-FORTE.
LIGHTE & BRADBURYS,
Manufacturers of a NEW SCALE OVERSTRUNG BASS PATENT INSULATED, FULL IRON FRAME GRAND and SQUARE PIANO-FORTE, 421 Broome-st.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, ALEXANDER ORGANS, and all kinds of musical instruments, sheet music, music books, and all kinds of musical merchandize, at the lowest possible prices. Second-hand pianos at great bargains, from $25 to $150. One 7 octave second-hand, front round corners, fancy legs, fretwork desks, and overstrung, for $175. Pianos and Melodeons to rent, and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same.

HORACE WATERS, Agent,
No. 333 Broadway, New-York.

AS ORGANIST.—AN ORGANIST'S SITUATION wanted by a good musician who has had several years' experience in a Protestant Church. Salary not so much an object as the advantage of a good and permanent position. An engagement taken in the country or would go South. Address D. H., Box No. 117 *Times* Office.

MR. NUGENT, PROFESSOR OF THE piano-forte, harmony and composition, has a few hours disengaged for advanced pupils. Mr NUGENT is in Brooklyn TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS. Address No. 21 2d-av. N. B.—Mr. NUGENT'S last Ballad, "The Last Farewell," is just out, and may be had of H. Waters.

ALBERT WEBER'S NEW OVERSTRUNG iron-frame Piano-fortes, warranted unsurpassed in every respect, and sold at the lowest price, at the manufactory, No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st.

INSTRUCTION.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.

A Boarding School for Boys. The Forty-seventh Semi-Annual Session will commence on WEDNESDAY, May 1st. Circulars may be obtained of Jas. N. Whitehead, rooms of A. B. H. M. Society, No. 117 Nassau-st., or by addressing the Principal, D. S. ROWE, M. A.

YOUNG LADIES' SCHOOL, STAMFORD, CONN.—The next term opens April 15. Terms, including board, tuition, vocal music, drawing and Calisthenics, $250 per year. No extra charges except for modern languages, music and oil painting. The school is delightfully located on Strawberry Hill, affording an attractive and beautiful home, as well as many advantages for a thorough and accomplished education. Professors and Lecturers from New-York City are engaged at the school. For circulars apply to

MISS AIKEN, Principal.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE—MALE AND FEMALE—At Claverack, Columbia Co., N.Y., Rev. A. FLACK, A. M., Principal. Spring Term opens April 12. Prof. S. T. FROST, a graduate of Yale College, has been engaged for the Classical Department, and will devote his whole time in preparing young men for College. Unusual facilities are afforded to young ladies in the musical department, rendering a high degree of excellence attainable. All the other departments are filled with able instructors. Write for catalogue.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 218 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington-square. Twelve professors and 200 pupils, of all ages. Full classical and commercial course. Students for West Point, Harvard, Columbia, and other Colleges are admitted at any time to the classes for which they are prepared. Third term begins Feb. 11, 1861. CLARKE & FANNING, Proprietors.

FAMILY SCHOOL.—A CONGREGATIONAL clergyman and wife, on a fine farm in a beautiful village within a few hours' journey of this City, will take into their family a small number of pupils of either sex, under the age of fourteen, provide competent teachers, and afford them all the advantages of a first-class school. Every satisfactory reference as to position and character will be afforded by calling on W. B. HOTCHKISS, at the office of Francis Morgan, No. 10 Pine st.

$36.—EXCELLENCE WITH ECONOMY.—$36 pays for board, fuel, and washing, with common branches, for 14 weeks. Brick buildings; the largest, best-arranged, and best-sustained Boarding Seminary in the State; a graduate's course for ladies; young men prepared for business or for College; a department for lads and Misses. Spring term commences March 28. For circulars or for rooms, address Rev. JOSEPH E. KING, Fort Edward Institute, N. Y.

FOUR YOUNG LADIES, FROM 8 TO 18 years of age, will be received as boarders into one of the best schools in the City, where professors and teachers of unquestionable talent are engaged, at $250 each, per annum; reference will be given to the parents of pupils now in the school, who hold the very highest position in society. Address EDUCATION, Box No. 161 *Times* Office.

BOOK-KEEPING.—ALL PUPILS COMMENCING a course of Double Entry Book-keeping this month, will be entitled to a full course of mercantile penmanship, without charge. Instruction day and evening. Ladies' Writing Class at 11 A. M.

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BOYS' BOARDING-SCHOOL—ON A LARGE farm, 11 miles from Jersey City by Northern Railroad, at Little Ferry, Bergen County, N. J. Terms from $33 to $37 per quarter. Pupils received at any time. For circulars address A. B. WINANT, Principal.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—NORWICH Town, Conn.—The Summer's term begins April 3. Circulars at N. Lane & Co.'s, No. 67 Wall-st., and A. D. F. Randolph's, No. 683 Broadway, New-York, or of Rev. J. A. Saxton.

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, Pittsfield, Mass., commences its fortieth semi-annual session April 4, 1861. Address Rev. C. V. SPEAR, the Principal, for circulars containing full particulars.

COOPERSTOWN SEMINARY, COOPERSTOWN, N. Y. | **$40** PAYS BOARD AND Common English 14 weeks. Term opens April 12. For Catalogues, address R. C. FLACK, A. M.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, No. 20 East 31st-st., JAMES WEIR MASON. Circulars at Carter's, No. 558 Broadway, or at the School.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHON'S CLASSICAL, French and English School, with Preparatory Department and Gymnasium, Broadway, corner 13th-st.

CUBANS, LEARN TO SPEAK ENGLISH—in the shortest time at Hempstead Institute, Long Island. E. HINDS, Principal.

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FOR NEW-HAVEN—FARE $1, BERTHS FREE, by steamer from Peck-slip daily at 3 P. M. Passengers for Meriden, Hartford, Springfield, Northampton, and towns on the line of Vermont railroads, can take the 11 P. M. train from New-Haven, or remain on board the boat until the next morning without charge. Merchandise forwarded by an express train through to Burlington, Ogdensburgh, Montreal and intermediate towns.

FRANCIS HYDE, General Freight Agent.

FLUSHING, COLLEGE POINT, AND NEW-YORK STEAM FERRY COMPANY.—On and after March 1, 1861, the boats will leave Flushing and College Point at 8 A. M. and 1 P. M.; leave New-York, from Fulton Market wharf, at 10:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. On and after April 1 the boats will run three trips a day until Oct. 1. Leave Flushing 7:30 and 11 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leave New-York 9:30 A. M., and 1:30 and 5 P. M.

WM. M. SMITH, Superintendent.

MERCHANTS' LINE FOR ALBANY.—Fare, 75 cents. Steamers HERO and NORTH AMERICA. One of these splendid steamers will leave the foot of Park-place, daily, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 P. M., in connection with the N. Y. Central Railroad.

J. W. HANCOX, Agent.

FOR SALE.—THE PROPELLER HENRY ANDREW, now running on the Hudson River to Albany, 160 feet long, 28 feet beam, 9 feet hold, of light draft and very fast. Also, several barges. Apply to JOHN H. REDFIELD & CO., No. 16 South-st.

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AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

SLOTE & JANES, STATIONERS, PRINTERS and Blank-Book Manufacturers, No. 93 Fulton-st. Orders respectfully solicited.

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FOR SALE— SUPERB BLACK HAWK SADDLE horse, 15½ hands high, seven years old, and of unsurpassed action. Price $500. Warranted perfectly sound. Persons desirous of it any time will please address BLACK HAWK, Box No. 3,130 New-York Post-office.

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BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM IS OVERflowing with Novelties and Curiosities of the rarest and most extraordinary kind, selected to GRATIFY, INSTRUCT and PLEASE every taste and capacity. Here the student of Natural History finds specimens which can nowhere else be found on exhibition on the face of the globe. Look at this simple list:

THE SWISS BEARDED LADY,
a genteel lady, with
HEAVY BEARD AND WHISKERS!!
MISS REED, THE LILLIPUTIAN QUEEN,
22 years old, 32 inches high, and weighs only 31 pounds.
LIVING BEARS, DANCING BEARS, SINGING BEARS, the GREAT MAMMOTH BEAR SAMPSON, TUMBLING BEARS, all performed and exhibited by the renowned HERR DRIESBACH.
THE GREAT LIVING BLACK SEA LION.
THE CURIOUS AND AMUSING WHAT IS IT?
He is neither man or monkey. What is he?
DEN OF LIVING MONSTER SNAKES,
Constantly surrounded by curious and interested visitors.
WONDERFUL LIVING HAPPY FAMILY
of Monkeys, Dogs, Cats, Rats, &c., &c., living together in peace.
AQUARIAL GARDEN, containing living fish, &c.
LIVING SEAL, WAX FIGURES, and 850,000 curiosities, from every part of the world; and
EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
At 3 and at 7½ o'clock,
THE NEW AND SPLENDID SPECTACULAR DRAMA,
GITANELLI, THE CHILDREN OF THE ZINGALI,
is performed with new scenery, making the Museum the cheapest and best place of amusement in the world worth
TEN TIMES THE PRICE OF ADMISSION

more than can be found in any FIVE ESTABLISHMENTS in New-York, even where the price of admission is double, and sometimes quadruple that of the Museum. Even the Drama alone would cost double at any other establishment, to say nothing of the other Wonders. Remember, to all this admission is only 25 cents. Children, under 10 years, 15 cents.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEEN NIGHTS.
ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-EIGHT THOUSAND
PEOPLE HAVE SEEN
THE GREAT THREE ACT BURLETTA,
THE
SEVEN SISTERS,
Which will be repeated
MONDAY,
AND EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK,
With all
THE BEAUTIFUL UNION TABLEAUX,
As exhibited in
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN.
Concluding with the great scene
THE BIRTH OF THE BUTTERFLY
IN THE
BOWER OF FERNS.

Seats may be secured ten days in advance, without extra charge.

Doors open at 7; commences at 7½ o'clock.
The performance terminates at TEN O'CLOCK.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
J. M. NIXON..............................Lessee and Manager.
COMEDY, BALLET AND PANTOMIME
On the same evening.
THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, March 14,
will be played the comedy of
MY DAUGHTER'S DEBUT.
Achilles Talma Duferd.............Mr. F. S. CHANFRAU.
After which
THE PAINTER'S DREAM; Or, THE ILLUSION.
In which will appear Signorina GALLETTI and her beautiful CORPS DE BALLET.
To be followed by
THE IMMORTAL TOODLES.
Timothy Toodles.....................Mr. F. S. Chanfrau
The whole to conclude with the comic pantomime of
THE CONTRABANDISTS.
Tamarita.........(first apppearance)......Mlle. Theleur.
On FRIDAY,
MR. EDWIN FORREST AS DAMON.
Grand Matinée on SATURDAY, at 1½ o'clock.

Dress Circle and Parquette, 50 cents; Orchestra Chairs, $1 each; Upper Tier, entrance on Crosby-st., 25 cents.

WINTER GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager..........................A. W. JACKSON
The beautiful and talented
MISS JANE COOMBS,
TO-NIGHT
TO-NIGHT
as
PAULINE,
PAULINE,
In Bulwer's play of
THE LADY OF LYONS.
THIS EVENING, THURSDAY, 14th,
MISS JANE COOMBS
Will appear as
PAULINE.
Mr. J. W. WALLACK, Jr.,
as
CLAUDE MELNOTTE,
With a powerful cast.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT, THURSDAY,
March 14,
WILL BE REPEATED.
In consequence of its great success,
Mrs. Cowley's fine old Comedy, in five acts, called
A BOLD STROKE FOR A HUSBAND,

Mr. Lester Wallack, Mr. Blake, Mr. Walcot, Mr. Norton, Mr. Reynolds, Mr. Moore, Mr. Young, Mr. Parsloe, Mr. Parks, Mrs. Hoey, Miss Mary Gannon, Miss Morant, Mrs. Sloan, Mrs. Reeves, Miss Carman.

TO-MORROW, (FRIDAY,)
Second time, Holcroft's fine Comedy of
THE ROAD TO RUIN.
SATURDAY, BENEFIT OF MRS. HOEY.
First time at this Theatre, in three years, the admired Comedy of
LONDON ASSURANCE.
Box-Book now open.
Doors open at 7½; commence at 8 o'clock.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
MRS. HOEY
Begs to announce
HER BENEFIT
is fixed for
SATURDAY NEXT, March 16,
On which occasion, first time at this theatre in three years, the admired comedy of
LONDON ASSURANCE,
with the unequaled cast peculiar to this theatre.
Box Book now open.

THEATRE FRANCAIS,
No. 585 Broadway.
JEUDI, 14 Mars, 1861.

Abonnement et entrée de faveur, généralement suspendu. Représentation extraordinaire au bénéfice de M. ROBIN.

UN MONSIEUR QUI SUIT LES FEMMES, Vaudeville en deux actes, LA MARCHE DES TARTARES, Overture à grand orchestre.

Vit à la représentation de ROBERT, Chansonnette comique, UNE ALLUMETTE ENTRE DEUX FEUX, vaudeville en un acte.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
THURSDAY EVENING, March 14, 1861.
The performances will commence with the Drama of
ROBIN HOOD.
To be succeeded by the Comedy of
COOL AS A CUCUMBER.
Concluding with the comic Farce of
YOUNG AMERICA.

MACAULAY'S LIFE AND WRITINGS.—Mr. SIDDONS will, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock, deliver an original lecture, at Clinton Hall, on this subject, illustrating his observations by readings from Macaulay's essays, criticisms, &c. Admission 25 cents.

LECTURES.

JOHN B. GOUGH.
Will deliver his most celebrated Lecture on "Life in London," for the Benefit of
THE INEBRIATE'S HOME,
AT THE COOPER INSTITUTE,
FRIDAY EVENING, March 15.

The Society is at present in great need of funds to carry on its humane operations at the Inebriate's Home, No 154 Chatham-st. It is hoped that all who feel an interest in reclaiming the fallen will crowd the Hall on this occasion. They will have the pleasure of hearing a splendid Lecture, enjoy an evening of hearty laughter, and at the same time contribute to a most worthy object.

Tickets, 25 cents, for sale at all the principal Bookstores on Broadway and at the door. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock.

INTERESTING LECTURE ON THE POLAR SEAS.—Capt. SAMUEL WHITING, late Commander of the United States Mail steamship *Marion*, and an officer in the United States Arctic Expedition which rescued Dr. Kane, will deliver his interesting Lecture on that memorable cruise, illustrated with fine maps, models, and Arctic curiosities, at the 7th-av. Methodist Episcopal Church, (near 14th-st.,) on THURSDAY EVENING, March 14, at 7½ o'clock. At the close of the Lecture proper, Capt. WHITING will deliver an "Original Temperance Poem," which, with the lecture, have received the highest commendations of the Press and public. The entire proceeds to be devoted to the benefit of Mr. ORVILLE GARDNER. Tickets 25c., to be had at the door on the evening of the Lecture.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

OLD-ESTABLISHED CLOTHING BUSINESS FOR SALE.—The subscriber (forty years in the business) is desirous of disposing of his establishment, being too far advanced in life to give it the necessary supervision. It is one of the best stands in the City, doing a large cash business. The stock is well selected, freshly made, and in good order. The custom department is well stocked, and has an excellent and profitable run of trade. Or a young man, energetic and enterprising, with some cash capital, would be taken as partner. Apply to JAMES H. BEERS, No. 20 4th-av.

A HAT STORE FOR SALE.—THE OLD ESTABLISHED Hat Store, No. 500 Grand-st., New-York, kept for many years by E. B. Hobby; the last eight years by the late Wm. B. Gillis, with lease of dwelling. Also a brick shop, suitable for making soft hats or hat bodies, the stock, fixtures, tools, &c., ready for immediate use. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of

E. B. HOBBY, No. 500 Grand-st.

$2,500.—WANTED A GOOD BUSINESS man with this amount to join the advertiser in purchasing an established and permanent manufacturing business, which is well located, and doing a good, safe cash City business. Address PRACTICAL, Box No. 137 *Times* Office.

$2,000 CASH AND ACTIVE PARTNER wanted in an established commission business in this City, now making money, and can be largely increased. Will be associated with an unexceptional and responsible party. Address PINE-ST., Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE FOR IMPROVED productive City property, one of the best mercantile business locations in the country, with a well-selected stock of goods. Inquire of CARLE & STRONG, No. 153 Water-st., corner of Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE—AN OLD ESTABLISHED TRIMMING and fancy-goods business, with lease of store (at a low rent,) located in the best part of Broadway. The owner, declining business, will sell it at a great sacrifice. Address J. C. F., Post-office, Station D.

WANTED—A PARTNER IN A CHEMICAL MANUFACTURING establishment, now doing a good business. A person with from $6,000 to $10,000. Address J. C., Box No. 158 *Times* Office.

$2 TO $5 PER DAY.—ENTERPRISING YOUNG men can find employment by which to make from $2 to $5 per day, by calling at No. 139 William-st.

HENRY SMITH.

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE.—The stock, fixtures and good will of a first-class Broadway millinery establishment, with a splendid run of custom. Apply at No. 833 Broadway.

FOR SALE—COUNTERS, SHELVING, DESKS and upright show-case. Apply at No. 71 Warren-st., up stairs.

LOSS OF THE BRITISH SHIP JOHN LOWRY.

Arrival here of the Ship "Boston Light," with the Chief Mate and Five Seamen.

The Captain and Twelve Others Missing—Names of the Crew.

The ship *Boston Light*, Capt. HOLWAY, from Calcutta Sand Heads, 98 days, arrived at this port yesterday, with merchandise to BASSETT, BACON & Co. She also brought Mr. LAW and five seamen, late of the British ship *John Lowry*, of Greenock, abandoned in the Indian Ocean in a sinking condition, these persons, constituting one of the boats' crews which left the ship, having been picked up Dec. 30, lat. 20° 30′ S., long. 66° 20′ E., after being eight days in their boat, subjected to the horrors of exposure and thirst under a tropical sun. Mr. LAW has furnished our reporter the following particulars of the disaster:

The ship *John Lowry*, of Greenock, Scotland, belonging to DEMPSTER & Co., sailed from Greenock on the 11th of September, 1860, with a cargo of iron and coals, bound to Curracheo, in the Arabian Sea. She was a strong, well built ship of 600 tons, and the voyage was without particular incident until the 19th of December. On this day, the wind prevailing steady and strong from S. E., at 4 P. M., on pumping out ship, they found she had made a considerable quantity of water, which increased rapidly during that night and the following day. All hands were put to the pumps, and kept constantly at them until the morning of the 23d, when the crew were so much exhausted; and finding it impossible to keep her afloat, arrangements were made for abandoning the ship. The Captain got ready the long-boat and life-boat, placing in each a quantity of provisions and a small cask of water. About 6 A. M., December 23d, the boats were launched and the ship abandoned. Each boat had a sail, which was used when practicable. They kept together and shaped their course for the Island of Rodriguez, that being the nearest land, bearing about northwest between six and seven hundred miles distant. The ship went down soon after being abandoned. The boats remained together until the second night, when they became accidentally separated, notwithstanding lights were kept displayed by each boat. There was a very heavy sea and light airs. The next morning at daylight (about 4 o'clock) the mate could see nothing of the Captain's boat. He stopped and reconnoitred for several hours, hoping that it would heave in sight, but seeing nothing of the boat, they proceeded on their course. The crew were reduced to the greatest extremities by their severe exertions at the oars, their troubles being greatly exaggerated by the want of water, which had leaked out of the cask. For five days they were on an allowance of half a pint each, laboring hard under a burning sun. From utter exhaustion one of the crew, and apparently the stoutest of the number, gave out. The last water in the boat had been consumed, and the mate, in a state of delirium, had the day previous drank a gallon of sea water. They had pulled nearly four hundred miles with two oars, and were still two hundred miles from land. On the morning of the 30th December, at daylight, they saw a sail on the horizon, and bending every remaining energy to the task, they pulled towards it. Fearing they were not seen, they displayed the Union Jack, which, to their great joy, was answered by the ship. She proved to be the *Boston Light*, Capt. A. H. HOLWAY, who received them on board with open arms, and in the spirit of a true-hearted sailor, extended to them every comfort which their exhausted and suffering condition required. They were picked up in lat. 25° 50′ S., long. 78° E. For their kind reception and uniform hospitable treatment on board during the remainder of the voyage to this port, Mr. LAW, for himself and associates, desires to express his heartfelt thanks to the noble Captain, to Mr. S. P. EDMONDS, the Supercargo, and to all the other officers of the ship. But for their very timely rescue, they would, undoubtedly, have all soon perished. It is needless to say, that Capt. HOLWAY expresses great gratification at having been the fortunate instrument of saving the lives of these six men. The Captain's boat, Mr. LAW states, was a good one, and was well provided with food and water, and he thinks, if they were not fallen in with, that the boat must have reached the Island in safety.

The names of those rescued are as follows:

John Law, chief officer; José Ram, Henry Eadie, Hugh Love, Charles B. Easton, and Nells Nelson.

Those who were in the long-boat were as follows:

Robert Morgan, captain; John McDonald, second mate; Antonia Silva, steward; James Fletcher, carpenter; Duncan McMillan, cook; Charles Brown, Lewis Brong, Henry Williams, Henry Addison, John McCarty, Charles Passie and James Nesbitt.

The shipwrecked seamen will be provided for by Mr. ARCHIBALD, the British Consul.

LOSS OF THE JOANA KROOSTER.

BOSTON, Wednesday, March 13.

The brig *Robert Wing*, from Rio Nunesee, Africa, 21st ult., reports lat. 38° long. 66° 50′ fell in with the brig *Joanna Krooster*, from Newcastle, for New-York; took off her crew and brought them to this port.

PAWNERS' BANK.

A Meeting of Citizens—The Project to be Brought Before the Legislature.

A meeting of gentlemen favorable to the establishment of a Pawners' Bank in this City, was held at No. 63 William-street, yesterday afternoon, of which Hon. DANIEL F. TIEMANN was Chairman, and J. SMITH HOMANS, Esq., Secretary. BENJAMIN R. WINTHROP, Esq., read the proposed act of incorporation as an explanation of the objects of the meeting. The act is modeled after the charter of a similar institution in Boston, and provides that the Bank shall not be a Bank of issue, and shall loan money upon pledges only. The capital is not to exceed $500,000, and when $50,000 shall have been subscribed, and $25,000 paid in, the stockholders shall meet and commence operations. The Bank to loan to the amount of four-fifths of the value of the pledges, and the rate of interest is to be 18 per cent.

MAUNSELL B. FIELD, Esq., said that there was already before the Legislature a bill in all its principal features like the one before the meeting. It had been introduced into the Legislature during the first week of the session—it had been referred to the Judiciary Committee, and by them reported, but subsequently recommitted on account of the slight conflict of some of its provisions with the General Banking Law. The Committee had amended and reported it, and it was in a fair way of becoming a law. He did not know the names of the corporators mentioned in that bill, except that he himself was one of them. He did not make the statement for the purpose of conflicting with the object of the meeting, but he thought that the object desired could be best obtained by a joint action of all its friends.

There were many reasons why such an institution should go into operation at this particular time. Pawnbrokers, it was well known, were generally limited as to capital, consequently when the times are most severe upon the poor classes, the pawnbrokers, having exhausted their capital, have nothing to lend, and they are afraid to sell the unredeemed pledges lest they should not realize the amount of the original advances.

The bill before the Legislature was similar to the Constitution of the Boston Pawners' Bank, and of the Mont de Pieté of Paris—institutions which had done and are doing a great deal of good.

Mr. J. F. ADAMS moved the following resolution:

Resolved, That the bill for the establishment of a Pawner's Bank be submitted to a Committee of five persons, with power to amend the same, transmit it to the Legislature, and urge its adoption.

Rev. S. B. HALLIDAY, of the Five Points House of Industry, made a few remarks in corroboration of what had been stated. He alluded to the fact that a few months since a pawnbroker's establishment was destroyed by fire, with pledges to the amount of several thousand dollars, and for their losses the owners of the pledges were offered no relief—there being no insurance which they could avail themselves of. There were in the City 54 pawnbrokers' shops, scattered all over the City. He had recently visited some of them.

In one establishment visited, $150,000 is kept constantly on loan. This is perhaps one of the most wealthy concerns in the City. The principal stated that they made $40,000 to $50,000 loans annually, the amounts averaging about $4. Ninety per cent. of the pledges are redeemed. About 40 watches are pledged at this concern daily, or more than 12,000 yearly. The law compels the keepers of pawn shops to make regular entries of the parties to whom loans are made, their residence, the articles pledged, the amount loaned, and when redeemed, together with the interest received. In several cases he saw and examined the books with a reference to these several points. Some of these books were models of neatness, and the accounts appeared to be correctly kept, and corroborated the verbal statements made by the several owners.

In one establishment he had copied the amount of the larger loans from the 1st of March, being eleven days. They were 75 in all, as follows:

One of $8, fourteen of $10, eleven of $12, one of $14, three of $15, three of $18, five of $20; one of $22, two of $21, nineteen of $25, three of $30, three of $35, one of $68, one of $100, two of $150, one of $175, one of $338 one of $450, one of $900, for 41 gold watches; one of $1,450, on 60 silver and 38 gold watches.

The average amount of these 75 loans was about $78, the gross amount being $6,026. The smaller loans during these eleven days were much more numerous, and the aggregate, he thinks, quite as large, which would be equivalent to at least $30,000 per month, and if it might be regarded as a criterion for a year, the loans of that concern would amount to $360,000. The other shops visited were in the neighborhoods composed of the poorer classes and are resorted to by parties pledging clothing principally, and the loans are small. In one, where the loans averaged one hundred and seventy-five daily, the highest amount in a series of several days was $6; the lowest twelve cents, the whole loans not averaging $1. Another establishment loaned or received about one hundred and twenty pledges per day, the average amount being about $1 56. Ninety-five per cent. of the pledges are redeemed. The smallest concern visited took a daily average of forty-five pledges in amounts of $1 each, at least three-quarters of which are redeemed. The whole number of these establishments in the City is fifty-four, most of them being constantly thronged with the applicants for loans or for the payment of loans previously received. Some of the parties engaged in this business are men of great wealth,—in many instances, amassed in this way. How generally honesty is disregarded by those embarked in this business, I will not venture an opinion. The impression, I am aware, is a very common one, that every possible advantage is taken of the poor, and that a fabulous interest is charged on the loans. I have every reason to suppose that this is often true, but I am not prepared to say that there are no exceptions to this. He had no doubt that there were flagrant abuses, and he alluded to instances where it was apparent that there was collusion between parties making pledges and the pawnbrokers, by which persons making advances on the tickets to assist persons in distress, would find that the amount alleged to be loaned was greater than the value of the pledge. He would say, however, that some of the gentlemen who carried on this business were so plausible and kind, and so gentlemanly in their deportment and so willing to have the full details of their business known, that he should not want to have them classed with some others he had seen.

Mr. R. M. HARTLEY, Secretary of the Association for the Relief of the Poor, confirmed the statements of the need of such an institution as was proposed.

Mr. M. B. FIELD suggested whether it would not be better to have the proposed action of the Committee in coöperation with the present movement now before the Legislature?

Mr. JOSEPH B. COLLINS said that, as there were fifty four pawn-brokers' shops in the City, he thought it would be necessary to do away with them, that there might be branch establishments in different parts of the City; and certainly, he thought, there was room enough for the different concerns.

Mr. F. E. MATHER thought that the introduction of a second bill at this stage of the session of the Legislature might cause the first to be regarded with suspicion, and result in both being defeated. He moved to amend by adding to the resolution: "Or to advocate the passage of such other law as they shall deem proper."

The amendment was carried, and the resolution, as amended, was adopted unanimously.

The Chairman constituted the following gentlemen such Committee:

J. F. Adams, M. B. Field, J. S. Homans, F. E. Mather and B. R. Winthrop.

On motion, Mayor TIEMAN was added to the Committee.

The meeting then adjourned.

CITY AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

THE TAX BILL SIGNED.

THE DEPARTMENTS ACTIVE.

The fact that the Mayor had affixed his signature to the City Tax Levy bill, as agreed upon by the Common Council, which was done yesterday, was made known to all the Departments with almost the instantaneousness of the telegraph, and new life seemed to be infused into all. Clerks and inferior employes were gladdened by the certain payment of their salaries, without the ten per cent. exacted by those who advance the means to enable them to live. Public works, of necessity long delayed, will at once be commenced, and prosecuted with a vigor increased by the certainty of prompt pay. In the Croton Department no less than eleven contracts will be awarded on Monday of next week, and a similar activity is being exhibited in the Street Department. Mr. BYRNES, Superintendent of Lands and Places, deriving encouragement from the passage of the bill, is at work on all the Parks, with his aid, JOSEPH MURPHY, and is getting them in order to greet the advent of Spring. Trees have been trimmed, shrubbery clipped, walks graded and leveled, and even the fountains have been allowed to play, as if in appreciation of the joyful event. And all this has been done by the simple affixing of one signature to one official document. *Magna est pecunia et prevalebit.*

STREET-CLEANING OPERATIONS.

APPOINTMENTS OF THE CONTRACTOR.

Below we give a list of the appointments made by Mr. HACKLEY, the new contractor for cleaning the streets, with a statement of the work done by him. The strike of the dirt cartmen alluded to yesterday, was confined to the Sixth and Twentieth Wards, and was not as stated, (upon wrong information,) for an advance of day wages, they not being paid by the day, but by the load. Other cartmen have been substituted, and the work is progressing as rapidly as is possible. Mr. HACKLEY, contrary to all established usages, has not commenced on the great thoroughfares, where his work would be seen by the most people, but has commenced on the streets leading from either River, working up towards the broad avenues and thoroughfares. He has made the following appointments of Inspectors and assistants at the various dumping grounds:

At Roosevelt-street Dumping Ground.—Inspectors—Geo. Rice, Owen Healy. Assistants—H. Van Tassell, Geo. Haydock, Mathew Ryan, Martin Okie.

At Watt-street Dumping Ground.—Inspector—Geo. L. Meserve. Assistant—Joseph Smith.

At Gansevoort-street Dumping Ground.—Inspector—Wm. Specright. Assistant—Wm. Savage.

At Twenty-Fourth-street Dumping Ground, East River.—Inspector—Barnard Newman. Assistant—Alex. R. Murray.

At Twenty-second street Dumping Ground.—East River.—Inspector—G. H. Gaffit. Assistant—Peter Crawford.

At Thirtieth-street Dumping Ground, East River.—Inspector—Louis Fransway. Assistant—Wm. Griffin.

At Thirty-Fourth-street Dumping Ground, East River.—Inspector—John Keating. Assistant—James Davis.

At Fifty-Fourth-street Dumping Ground, East River.—Inspector—Thomas C. Kennedy. Assistant—James McGill.

At Forty-seventh-street Dumping Ground, East River.—Inspector—Abraham Dixon. Assistant—James Salman.

At Twenty-third-street Dumping Ground.—Inspector—C. H. Whalan. Assistant—T. H. Vanbussum.

At Twenty-third-street Dumping Ground, East River.—Inspector—Thos. Connor. Assistant—Owen Geoghand.

At Fifth-street Dumping Ground, East River.—Inspector—John D. Vreland. Assistant—William Lord.

At Stanton-street Dumping Ground.—Inspector—A. A. Walker. Assistant—Charles Hicks.

The following persons have been appointed foremen in the various Wards, securing, as well as the Inspectors at the dumping grounds, $2 per day.

Wards.	Wards.
1..John Kiernan.	13..Thos. McCaffery.
2..Hiram Corwin.	14..Under direction of the Street Inspector.
3..John M. Fox.	15..Thomas Boyse.
4..John Mullaly.	16..John McCarty.
5..James Cannary.	17..James Fox.
6..Charles McCurty.	18..Wm. McGrath.
7..Thomas O'Brien.	19..Under direction of the Street Inspector.
8..James Percell.	20..John O'Toole.
9..Robert Keirnan.	21..James Owens.
10..Thomas Thornton.	22..Under direction of the Street Inspector.
11..Joseph Morris.	
12..Under direction of the Street Inspector.	

Since the commencement of the work, Mr. HACKLEY has employed, and still employs, no less than 1,610 laborers and dirt cartmen, viz.: 853 laborers and 757 dirt and ash cartmen. His calculation is, that it will cost $50,000 during the first month to clean the streets, over and above the amount to be received from the contract, but when once cleaned, they can be kept so at a profit.

Since writing the above, we learn that the cartmen in the Seventeenth Ward refused to continue work yesterday, because of a reduction to sixteen cents per load for carting ashes, &c. They state that at that price they could not earn more, with a horse and cart, than ten shillings a day.

RECEPTION OF HON. JOHN A. DIX.

ACTION OF THE JOINT COMMITTEE—CITIZENS TO BE RECEIVED TO-DAY IN THE GOVERNOR'S ROOM FROM 12 TO 1 O'CLOCK.

The Joint Committee of the Common Council, appointed to wait upon Hon. JOHN A. DIX, late Secretary of the Treasury, and tender to him the hospitalities of the City, held a meeting, yesterday, at noon, for the purpose of deciding upon the manner in which the honorable gentleman should be received. Mr. FROMENT, the Chairman, had a long interview with the Mayor, who stated that he was willing and ready to coöperate with the Committee for the purpose named, and was equally willing to take any position which the Committee might assign to him.

The arrangement was then concluded, that the General would receive his friends in the Governor's Room, this day, (Thursday,) between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock, the Mayor to receive him officially, and present him to his fellow-citizens. The Mayor declared his intention not to make any set speech, but to address him as an old and honored fellow-citizen, in a few words of welcome. Directions were given to have the flags raised on the City Hall, and public notice given of the reception. The Committee adjourned to meet at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, at 7 o'clock, whence they proceeded to the residence of Gen. DIX in Twenty-first-street, who received them with his wonted courtesy, and acceded to the arrangements made by the Committee. The reception will, therefore, take place to-day, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock, in the Governor's Room, which has been put in the best order by Mr. ROOME, the Keeper of the City Hall, and all citizens who desire to testify their appreciation of an honest, faithful and patriotic public servant, may then have the opportunity of doing so.

The public dinner tendered to Mr. DIX by Ex-Gov. FISH, ROBERT B. MINTURN, JAS. GALLATIN, and other leading business men of this City, will probably not take place until after Mr. DIX returns from Washington. He goes thither on Friday.

New-Jersey.

ATTEMPT TO PASS COUNTERFEIT MONEY.—A man named SAMUEL SMITH, keeper of a small shoe-shop in Newark-avenue, Jersey City, was taken before Recorder TILDEN, yesterday, charged with attempting to pass a counterfeit $5 bill, of the Munson Bank, Mass. It is alleged that he first offered the bill at Mr. CAFFREY's store, when he was informed that it was a bad one, and soon afterwards offered it at Mrs. McBRIEN's, No. 71 Montgomery-street, when he was taken into custody. The accused was held in $500 bonds to appear for examination.

SMALL-POX.—This fearful disease has been raging in Jersey City for nearly a year past, but with the appearance of Spring it is fast subsiding. There are at present but 5 cases in the Hospital.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

THE WOMAN'S LIBRARY.—Mr. GOUGH, the world-renowned temperance orator, spoke at Dr. CHEEVER's Church, last evening, for the benefit of the Woman's Library, and very appropriately took for his theme the "Influence of Woman for Good or Evil in Relation to Temperance." After reminding his audience that he was not in the habit of sticking very closely to his text, he went on to treat the subject in his usual discursive style, by anecdote and illustration, drawn from all manner of sources, and presenting his idea in every possible light—serious, comic and pathetic. The influence of woman as wife, mother, sister, daughter and sweetheart, was forcibly illustrated by stories purporting to have come under the actual observation of the speaker, and which were told in the inimitative and extraordinarily effective style peculiar to Mr. GOUGH. The dignified, noble, pure, true-hearted woman was contrasted with the empty-hearted, silly, gigling, fashionable flirt, and the good influence of the one class compared with the evil influence of the other. The speaker paid a well-deserved tribute to the lady founder of the "Woman's Library," and closed by an effective appeal to the women of the audience to exert their influence on the side of truth, justice and temperance. Notwithstanding the unfavorable weather, there was a large audience in attendance, giving assurance of a welcome acquisition to the finances of the Woman's Library.

THE NEW-YORK JUVENILE ASYLUM.—At the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of this institution, on Wednesday evening, the Reports for the month of February, of the Superintendents of the Asylum and House of Reception were received, showing the total number of children in both Houses, on the 31st of January, to have been.......556

Received during the month of February, by commitments of Magistrates, surrenders, &c......	33
Total........	589
Discharged during the month, by Magistrates..	16
Discharged during the month, by Committee...	12
Discharged during the month, by Indenture....	5
Sent to the West........	41—74
Total remaining on Feb. 28........	515

There have been no cases of sickness worthy of report, during the month, at either House, and the good behavior of the children is remarked by both Superintendents. After receiving the Reports of the Treasurer and the various standing Committees, the Board adjourned.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF BURNING FLUID.—On the evening of the 3d inst., a fluid lamp exploded at a house on Third-avenue, in an apartment where several persons were sitting. The liquid was thrown upon the clothing of everybody in the room, not one of whom escaped a severe burning. The most unfortunate of the number, however, was JACOB LESBY, a native of Germany, aged 25 years, who was visiting the occupant of the apartment. The suffering man was immediately removed to Bellevue Hospital, but his injuries proved of such a character that medical skill was of no avail, and he died on Tuesday afternoon. Coroner SCHIRMER, yesterday, held an inquest upon the body. From the testimony it appeared that the lamp was standing on a table in the centre of the room when the explosion occurred, and that a sudden gust of wind coming through the open window caused it to burst.

LAUNCH OF A YACHT.—The new schooner-yacht just completed by HENRY STEERS, for Mr. IVES, of Providence, R. I., was successfully launched yesterday morning from the ship-yard, Greenpoint, in the presence of a large number of spectators, who expressed much admiration for the beautiful proportions of the craft. The following are her dimensions: Length on deck, 91 feet 6 inches; depth of hold, 8 feet 3 inches; breadth of beam, 21 feet 6 inches. Length of spars: Foremast, 73 feet 6 inches; mainmast, 75 feet 6 inches; mainboom, 53 feet; foresail on foot, 38 feet; jib on the foot, 38 feet; bowsprit outboard, 14 feet 6 inches; jibboom outboard, 15 feet 6 inches; fore-gaff, 22 feet 6 inches; main-gaff, 23 feet; fore-topmast, 29 feet; main-topmast, 29 feet. Dining-saloon, 18 feet long.

THE FRIENDLY SONS OF ST. PATRICK.—The 77th anniversary dinner of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick will be given at the Astor House next Monday evening, at 6 o'clock. Those of the worshipers of Erin's patron Saint who are wont to show forth their reverence for him by attending these annual *fêtes*, always come up numerously to their celebration. Doubtless there will be a large gathering this year, and a merry time. RICHARD BELL, Esq., is chief of the Stewards, from any of whom tickets may be procured.

A WORTHY OBJECT.—Capt. WHITING, formerly of the U. S. M. steamer *Marion*, lectures this evening in the Seventh-avenue M. E. Church, near Fourteenth-street, on his Arctic experiences. The proceeds of the lecture are to be entirely appropriated to the benefit of Mr. ORVILLE GARDNER, who is now suffering from a severe attack of illness. Such an attraction and so worthy an object cannot fail to secure a good house.

A LAD RESCUED FROM DROWNING.—A boy, about six years of age, yesterday fell into the dock between Piers No. 3 and 4 North River, and would have been drowned but for the timely assistance of PATRICK MCGUIRE, hackman, and Officer MCWATERS, of the Steamboat Police, both of whom jumped into the water and rescued the lad. J. L. CULVER was present and assisted.

FIRE IN A DWELLING-HOUSE.—A two-story and attic frame house, with stable attached, belonging to PETER HABST, market-gardener, situated in Seventy-sixth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, was burned down at 12 o'clock on Tuesday night, involving a loss to the amount of $500; uninsured. The cause of the fire is not known.

FIRE IN AN UNFINISHED DWELLING-HOUSE.—Shortly after 11 o'clock on Sunday morning, a building, owned by SAMUEL S. BESSIG, in process of erection, in One Hundred and Nineteenth street, between Second and Third avenues, was fired by mischievous boys. Damage to the extent of $150 resulted.

The New-York Medical College and Charity Hospital.

ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT—AWARDING OF DIPLOMAS—ADDRESS TO THE GRADUATING CLASS.

The annual commencement of the New-York College and Charity Hospital took place last evening, in the lecture-room of the College. The Hippocratic oath was, after prayer by Rev. Mr. URE, administered to seventeen young gentlemen of the Graduating Class by Prof. R. OGDEN DOREMUS, Dean of the Faculty, as follows:

NAMES OF GRADUATES.

John A. Cominger, M. D., of Indiana.
John Dwyer, of New-York.
J. Henry Guild, of Vermont.
James Hadden, of New-York.
William L. Hammond, of France.
Calhoun Hill, M. B., of North Carolina.
Edgar Jackson, of New-York.
Abraham W. Lozier, M. B., of New-York.
Joseph E. Lynch, M. B., of Ohio.
George Marsland, of New-York.
Robert V. McKim, M. B., of Maryland.
Louis Schultze, of New-York.
John T. H. Scott, M. D., of Iowa.
F. G. Stanley, M. B., M. D., of Illinois.
James E. Steele, M. B., of New-York.
Charles H. Tenney, M. D., of Vermont.
Alfred A. C. Williams, M. D., of California.

In accordance with the recommendation of the Board of Censors and the Faculty, the degree of Doctor of Medicine was confered, and diplomas presented by the venerable Ex-Chancellor MATTHEWS.

The Honorary Degree of Doctor of Medicine was then conferred upon two Cuban gentlemen, MANUEL VIEIRD DE AGUIRAR, and D. PEDRO GIRALT.

Prof. BUDD then announced the usual certificates for those of the class who, in addition to attending ordinary lectures, go through a course of practical, analytical instruction in the laboratory.

Prof. BROWN then announced the Van Arksdale prizes for the best theses—the first to ELNATHAN STEELE, and the second to J. HENRY GUILD. The Committee, while complimenting all of the theses, as creditable to their authors, made special mention of those of Messrs. Stanley, Lynch, Marsden and Hadden, as worthy of distinction and of printing.

Prof. B. J. RAPHAEL, M. D., then delivered the address to the graduating class.

Arrival of the U. S. Frigate Powhatan.

The United States steam-frigate *Powhatan*, Capt. SAMUEL MERCER, from Vera Cruz 25th ult., and Havana the 8th inst., arrived and anchored off the Battery at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The ship appears in a very creditable condition, considering her long cruise in the hot climate of the Gulf.

The officers and crew are in excellent health. No deaths during the cruise.

LIST OF OFFICERS.

Captain—Samuel Mercer.
Lieutenants—John Rutledge, Edgar Thompson, T. C. Harris, W. W. Queen, George Brown, Philip Porcher.
Surgeon—Joseph Wilson.
Paymaster—George W. Clarke.
Passed Assistant Surgeon—James Lams.
Marine Officer—First Lieut. James Wiley.
Chief Engineer—Herman Newall.
First Assistant Engineers—W. J. Lamden, J. F. Lamden.
Second Assistant Engineers—J. McConnell, John Purdy.
Third Assistant Engineers—H. McIlvain, H. Gladding, E. Lams.
Midshipman—C. W. Read.
Captain's Clerk—J. H. Buckley.
Paymaster's Clerk—F. G. Beal.
Boatswain—F. McLoud.
Gunner—Bernard Dycker.
Carpenter—J. C. Conley.
Sail-Maker—Jacob Stephens.

The *Powhatan* will soon proceed to the Navy-Yard, where she will undergo the necessary repairs.

Carelessness of Stage Drivers.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I beg leave to call your attention to the constant abuse offered by the stage-drivers, viz.: of landing their lady patrons in a most unceremonious and dangerous manner.

On Monday afternoon last, about 5 o'clock, as my wife was getting out of a stage, one of the Forty-second-street and Broadway line, the driver suddenly started up, precipitating her lengthwise into the street, and was dragged half a block over the rough cobble-stones, but, by good fortune, she escaped any serious injury. Had I been present, the number of the stage would have been ascertained, but as it is I am powerless. I would call the attention of the Stage Company to the above, and others of daily occurrence, and ask them to instruct their employes to be more careful in the future.

MARCH 12, 1861. THIRTY-FIRST-STREET.

Republican Central Committee.

A regular meeting of this Committee was held at head-quarters last evening, when the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the Republican Association of the Twentieth Ward, of which CUMMINGS H. TUCKER is President, be, and is hereby, declared the regular association and duly recognized by the Central Committee as such.

The following resolutions were offered by Mr. SPENCER, and laid on the table by a vote of 30 to 24. They elicited much discussion:

Resolved, That we have full confidence in the wisdom and patriotism of the President of the United States, that he will act in no manner inconsistent with the preservation of the integrity and honor of the country.

Resolved, That we believe that the sentiment of the Republicans of this City is in favor of the retaking, by the National Administration, of the forts, arsenals, mints and public property heretofore seized by the Secessionists of the South, and that this ought to be done at the earliest practicable time.

Resolved, That we hail with joy the result of the New-Hampshire election; that this result shows that the Republican heart of the country beats soundly, and has not become diseased through the instrumentality of Southern treachery or Northern cowardice.

A resolution was adopted, moving the Republican Head-quarters to the corner of Twenty-third-street and Broadway.

The Committee then adjourned.

Arrivals in the City.

Hons. John Covode, of Pennsylvania; C. H. Van Wyck, of Sullivan County; T. T. Fengber, of New-York, and W. A. Howard, of Detroit; Judge Stryker, of New-York; G. Steaver and family, of Iowa; and Mr. Corbin, of Washington, are at the Astor House.

T. P. Bogart, of Rhode Island; J. Lawrence, of New-York; W. M. Stedman, of Boston; C. K. Gunn, of Detroit, and E. Masson, of Texas, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Maj. Johnson, Lieut. Fitzlee and N. Owens, of the United States Army; J. C. Hart, of Rochester; F. S. Stevens, of Massachusetts; J. Bagley, of Detroit; S. A. Morrill, of Florida, and C. W. Read, of the United States steamship *Powhatan*, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Hons. Erastus Corning and lady, of Albany; John McGee, of Bath, and N. B. Judd, Minister to Prussia, from Washington; G. M. Ives and lady, of Cincinnati; J. F. Lockwood, of Buffalo; G. E. Gray, of Albany, and N. Wheeler, of Bridgeport, are at the Saint Nicholas Hotel.

Dr. S. A. Green, Abbott Lawrence, Jr., J. M. Gordon and J. Ames, of Boston, and J. Hopkins of New-Bedford, are at the Brevoort House.

Antonio Flores, of Ecuador, and G. W. Clarke, of the United States Navy, are at the New-York Hotel.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

Society of St. Vincent De Paul.

FIRST REPORT OF TRANSACTIONS.

The Association formed under this name in France some twenty years ago, met so successfully a want generally felt in the Roman Catholic Church, that similar organizations have sprung up in different sections of the world with surprising rapidity. The primary object of the organization is for disseminating the Catholic faith, and, incidentally, aiding the male poor; therefore, "all Christian young men who desire to unite in a communion of prayers and a participation of the same works of charity, may become members wherever they may happen to reside." While the primary object of the organization is, as before stated, to exert a Christian influence among the poor, still, no work of charity is regarded as foreign to the objects of the Society. Its members are expected to embrace every opportunity of affording consolation to the sick and to prisoners, of instructing the poor, unprotected or imprisoned children, and of procuring the succors of religion for those who need them at the hour of death. Every church may have a society connected with it, and where there is more than one in the same place, there is also a Council of Direction which exercises a supervisory control. In this city the first conference or society was organized, in the Diocese of Brooklyn, on the 10th of January, 1855, under the direction of the Right Reverend Bishop, under the name of St. James' Church Conference, and now nearly every church of this denomination has a similar society connected with it. The St James Conference, in their annual report just submitted, complain bitterly of the Truant law. The report represents that "the Truant law as at present in operation in this country, leaves the Catholic poor under sad disabilities; indeed, so much so that it may be said that the poor man holds his children entirely at the mercy of the police the Police Justices and the many proselytizing societies."

A recapitulation of the operations of the Society attached to St. James' Church, since its organization, will sufficiently indicate for the whole, the general character of their transactions:

CASH ACCOUNT—DR.

To collections, donations, &c........	$2,483 58
To collections at weekly meetings........	183 53
To collections in Lent........	428 90
To collections at special meetings........	34 10
To donations by Rt. Rev. Bishop........	75 00
To proceeds of lectures........	1,512 78
To proceeds of concerts........	335 06
To proceeds of festivals........	1,007 59
To proceeds of pic-nic........	428 24
To bequest through Rt. Rev. Bishop........	90 00
To sale of rule books........	12 03
Total........	$6,590 81
CR.—By relief in kind granted........	$4 904 22
By relief in money granted........	177 72
By board, rent and shoes........	707 07
By present to Sisters........	100 00
By expense of lecture (Dr. Ives)........	113 50
By premiums and stationery........	85 34
By presents........	51 00
By printing........	19 50
By funeral expenses........	28 50
By expense of Conference........	56 72
By balance on hand........	347 24
Total........	$6,590 81

The whole number of members admitted since the organization of the Conference was 175, of which 122 were active, 50 honorary, and 3 aspirants. At present there are 37 active, 15 honorary, and 1 aspirant.

The report says: "Of the aspirant members,—never attended. The honorary members neglected to send any contributions, annually or otherwise. Of the 85 active members, 8 belong at present to other Conferences, 4 have since died, and 6, as far as we can learn, have left the City. The remaining 67 could hardly be considered as members. Few of them ever attended the meetings—the greater portion of them not at all."

This Conference has now 37 active members, 27 of whom visit the poor, and eight teach Sunday-school; 15 honorary members. Families relieved during the last year, 72; visits to poor families during the same time, 3,480.

CONFERENCE OF THE ASSUMPTION.—This Society was organized Jan. 15, 1856. The receipts for the last year amounted to $775 16. All of this, except $23 52, has been expended for groceries, fuel, clothing, rents, medicines, books, &c. The two largest items being, for groceries, $339 72, and library, $235 53. In addition to the above, the Society has distributed large quantities of shoes and bedding, which have been given by the charitable. This Society purchases everything they distribute by the quantity, and the managers estimate that they save 30 per cent. thereby. There are 42 members—34 active, six honorary, and two corresponding. Families relieved during the last five years, 500—embracing 2,000 individuals; number of visits, 11,960. 22 of the members visit regularly the poor, 6 visit the sick, and 10 attend the Sunday-school, giving instruction to 150 boys.

CONFERENCE OF ST. MARY'S OF THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION.—This Society was organized Oct. 5, 1856. Receipts for the last year, $125 42; expenditures, $211 88; members, 28; honorary, 6; families relieved, 30; persons in families, 147; visits made, 1,023.

CONFERENCE OF ST. MARY STAR OF THE SEA—Organized April 5, 1857. Receipts during the last year, $861 91; expenditures, $820; number of members, 77; honorary 5; aspirant, 6; members who visit the poor, 35; attended Sunday-school, 20; attend special duty, 9; average attendance at weekly meetings, 32. The Society has now under their care 49 persons. Average attendance at Sabbath-school, 170.

CONFERENCE OF ST. PETER'S AND ST. PAUL'S.—Receipts during last year $1,180 39; disbursements, $940; families relieved, 247; individuals, 940; visits made, 3,429; active members, 35; 18 aspirant and 5 honorary; meetings held, 49; average attendance of members, 31.

CONFERENCE OF ST. JOSEPH—Organized Aug. 29, 1858. Receipts for last year, $386 63; expenses, $284 73. Active members, 36; corresponding members, 2. Families relieved, 78; individuals, 229.

The report says "Five brothers of St. Joseph Conference go every Sunday to the Truant Home, and teach about forty children there."

CONFERENCE OF OUR LADY OF MERCY—Organized Sept. 12, 1858. Receipts last year, $406; expenses, $298; active members, 38; honorary, 7; subscribing, 48; aspirant, 2. Families relieved since organization, 70; individuals, 910; visits made, 910. In this parish there are 1,554 Catholics.

CONFERENCE OF ST. MARY'S OF THE VISITATION—Organized June 26, 1859. Receipts, $791 01; expenditures, $513; active members, 27, honorary, 1; corresponding, 1. Families visited, 120; relieved, 53; individuals, 170; average attendance at Sunday-school, 250.

CONFERENCE OF ST. MICHAEL—Flushing—Organized April 29, 1860. Thirty-one active members. Receipts, $89 07. Expenditures, $51. Families relieved, 11; individuals, 29; visits, 14.

CONFERENCE OF ST. PETERS—Organized Oct. 11, 1860. Receipts, $53 82; expenditures, $16 75. Active members, 17; corresponding, 2. Families visited, 29; relieved, 6.

CONFERENCE OF ST. PAULS—Organized Oct. 20, 1860. Receipts, $460; expenditures, $30. Active members, 25. Families relieved, 16.

The reports of several Societies have not as yet been received.

Business at the Ship-Yards.

Last Fall the ship-builders anticipated one of the busiest seasons at the opening of Spring that they have had since 1852 and 1853. Parties had in contemplation the building of quite a number of vessels, but owing to the Southern difficulties these projects have been abandoned for the present. Work on two or three vessels for the Southern trade, which are being built at the Brooklyn yards, has been stopped altogether. The following is a list of vessels now on the stocks:

Messrs. LAWRENCE & FOULKS have two vessels on the stocks, one a first-class steamship, approaching completion, for Mr. GEORGE K. STEVENSON, of Philadelphia, but for many years a resident of South America. She is named the *Paquette de Maule*, intended for the coast trade between Valparaiso and the Province of Maule. She is 165 feet in length, 29 feet beam, 9 feet hold, and about 400 tons burden. This vessel will be supplied with two condensing engines, 32 inch cylinder, and 8 feet stroke.

At the same yard is a propeller, in frame, for JOHN S. SAMMIS, of Florida, and parties in New-York, intended to be run between New York and Jacksonville. She will be launched the 1st of May.

At Mr. UPTON's yard, foot of North Second-street, two schooners and a propeller are in course of construction.

A. M. WITMAN, foot of North Thirteenth-street, is building a finely-modeled third-class yacht, named the *Nautilus*, for Mr. THOMAS NIMMO, at Jersey City, and intended for the New-York Yacht Club. She is 45 feet long on deck, 16 feet beam, 4½ feet deep, and about 25 tons measurement.

At Greenpoint, Mr. E. F. WILLIAMS is building a pilot-boat for the Jersey Pilots, Capt. BROWN. She is 70 feet long, 20 feet beam, 7 feet 6 inches deep, and 105 tons measurement. To be launched in four weeks.

Mr. SIMONSON has nearly completed a side-wheel steamship, named the *Santiago de Cuba*, for Messrs. VALIENTI & Co., of Cuba. She is 240 feet in length, 38 feet beam, 27 feet deep, and about 1,600 tons measurement. Her frame is of white oak, hackmatac and chestnut, put together in the most substantial manner and iron-strapped diagonally. The planking is of white oak, and the ship is to be fitted up in elegant style with accommodations for 100 first-class passengers. She will be supplied with a beam engine, 67 inch cylinder and 12 feet stroke. To be launched on the 25th inst.

There is also at the same yard a ferryboat partially in frame, a mate to one recently launched, for Com. VANDERBILT. She is 214 feet in length, and is intended to run from Staten Island, but to what point is not known.

Mr. HENRY STEERS has two vessels on the stocks; one a steamer nearly completed for M. O. ROBERTS, for the Florida railroad. Work has been suspended on this vessel for nearly two months, but yesterday Mr. STEERS received orders to proceed with the work, which will be completed about the 1st of May. She is 290 feet on deck, 39 feet beam, 13 feet hold, and about 1,200 tons measurement. This boat will be supplied with a beam engine, 76-inch cylinder, and 12 feet stroke.

He has also nearly finished a first-class schooner-yacht for Mr. BENNETT, Jr., 94 feet in length, 22 feet beam, 8 feet 4 inches deep, and 165 tons measurement.

Messrs. WEBB & BELL have a ship on the stocks of 450 tons, for Messrs. POST & SMITH, which is about ready to launch, but nothing is being done upon her.

There are no new contracts, and the ship-builders do not anticipate doing anything further than to finish up the vessels now on the stocks, until the present national difficulties are settled.

SUPPOSED SUICIDE.—Two boys, named KENNEDY and BARTON, on the 26th of February, saw a well-dressed man acting so strangely on Sneeden's Dock, Greenpoint, as to particularly attract their attention. He was at the time writing upon a shaving. Subsequently the boys returned to the spot and found the shaving, and upon it was written in pencil a statement to the effect that the author was tired of the world, had resolved upon suicide, and that his body could be found in the river opposite. This was signed "C. F. M." This communication can be seen at the Seventeenth Ward Station-house.

THE COUNTY COURT-HOUSE SITE.—At an adjourned meeting of the Kings County Board of Supervisors, yesterday afternoon, the resolution, adopted at the last meeting, fixing the site for the proposed County building in the Nineteenth Ward, was reconsidered, and a resolution adopted selecting the Schenck property on Joralemon-street, in the rear of the City Hall. The vote on this question stood 15 ayes to 10 nays.

COURT CALENDAR.—Circuit Court Calendar for this day: Nos. 67, 77, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 5, 37, 85, 87, 88, 90, 91, 7, 34, 50, 51, 56, 86. City Court: Nos. 4, 8, 13, 14, 15, 17, 19, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 5, 6, 7.

PERSONAL.

—A grocery man, living in Cleveland, Ohio, Eilringer by name, was robbed in a very singular manner a few days ago. He left his store about 8 o'clock to go down and make some purchases, and soon after he started he was hailed by a man who jumped into the wagon and asked the privilege of riding. This, under the circumstances, Mr. Eilringer could hardly refuse, but he remembered riding but a short distance with him. Everything else is a blank, until his wife succeeded in rousing him from a stupor late in the evening. She found him lying in his wagon, which the horse drew to the door, apparently from force of habit, and not because he was guided thither, but Mr. Eilringer is utterly unable to tell where he spent the day. As he had been robbed of over $60, the supposition is that the stranger, who suddenly scraped acquaintance with him, applied to his mouth in some mysterious way a cloth saturated with opium.

—Mrs. Jefferson Davis was serenaded at New-Orleans on the 23d ult., by fifty members of the Louisiana Guards, under Capt. Girardey. The compliment was most gracefully acknowledged by Mrs. Davis, who, thanking Capt. Girardey, said that she could not be expected to make a speech, but wished to make the only acknowledgment in her power, handing at the same time to the Captain a magnificent bouquet.

—Mrs. Higgins, a woman living at Bridge Creek, Wis., was disturbed a few evenings since by an unusual noise in the calf-pen. On going out she saw a dozen wolves luxuriating on veal. Her first impulse was to get her husband's rifle and shoot the intruders, but on second thought she went into the house, prepared some meat with strychnine, and threw it to the voracious beasts. The next morning all twelve of the wolves were found dead not far from the house.

—A young German, named Conrad Walter, committed suicide in Cincinnati, a few days ago. Before he left his native land some fortune-teller predicted that he would die of malignant fever before his twenty-first birthday. The prophecy weighed heavily on his mind, and as the fatal day approached he determined to rob the fates of a portion of their triumph, and avoided a death by fever by shooting himself with a revolver.

—Henry Hohm returned to his residence in Cincinnati a few days since from a business tour in Arkansas, bringing with him $1,700, which he deposited with his wife, thinking that it would be safer in her keeping than if intrusted to the tender mercies of any banking institution. The result showed how much he was mistaken, for a day or two afterwards his wife absconded and has not since been heard from.

—At Pocahontas, Tenn., Wm. S. Carper, his sons, George and William, and his son-in-law, T. Gruder, were arrested on the 26th ult., on a charge of counterfeiting $2½ gold pieces, and held for trial. On their way to prison they attempted to escape, when the citizens fired upon them, killing the old man, mortally wounding George and William, and seriously injuring Gruder.

—Rev. David C. Scudder and wife left Boston, Mass., by the ship *National Eagle* for India, on March 11. They go to that country as missionaries. Mr. Scudder is the seventh son of Mr. Charles Scudder, of Boston, and he but follows in the footsteps of all his brothers in devoting his life to the missionary work.

—A mysterious affair transpired at the house of Mr. Ahrend Aherns, near Baltimore, on the night of March 4. Three of his hired men had some disagreement with the fourth, who has since then been missing. Mr. Aherns has had the trio arrested on suspicion that they murdered their comrade.

—The editors of the Auburn *Union and Advertiser* have concluded to unite their interests and issue one paper instead of two.

—It is said that Rev. I. S. Kalloch has accepted a call from the Laight-street Baptist Church, in this City.

[Advertisement.]

Nothing can exceed the merriment of visitors in looking at those performing bears at Barnum's Museum, who play such fantastic tricks as would make a "horse laugh." They are on exhibition at all hours, with all the other wonders and curiosities announced in Barnum's advertisement.

Markets by Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, March 13.

FLOUR dull and heavy; Ohio and Howard-street, $5 12½; City Mills, $5, with no buyers. WHEAT active; Red at $1 23@$1 27; White, $1 45@$1 65. CORN declined 2c.; Mixed, 53c.@55c. PROVISIONS dull and unchanged. COFFEE firm at 12¾c.@13¼c. WHISKY dull at 17¾c.@18c.

MOBILE, Wednesday, March 13.

COTTON—sales, to-day, 3,000 bales, at 11¼c. for Middling; sales of three days, 8,500 bales. Receipts, 3,600 bales. Sight Exchange on New-York at par.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, March 13.

FLOUR—Superfine, $5. WHEAT is in demand; White, $1 35@$1 45; Red, $1 27@$1 28. CORN steady; new Yellow, 56c. COFFEE—Rio, 12¾c.@13¼c. WHISKY declined ½c., at 18c.@18½c.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, March 13.

COTTON—Sales to-day $8,000 bales; Middling, 11¾c.@12c. SUGAR firm; fair to fully fair, 4¾c.@5¼c.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, March 13.

FLOUR dull, at $4 50@$4 55. WHISKY unchanged. PROVISIONS dull, and quotations nominal; very offering doing. Money Market unchanged.

MOBILE, Wednesday, March 13.

Sales, to-day, 5,500 bales Middling, at 11¼c. The market is active and closes firm.

Passengers Sailed.

March 13—*In steamship Adriatic, for Southampton, &c.*—Messrs. N. H. Wolfe and son, Brettell, Marquis De Rodeport, George M. Prentiss and lady, T. Warden and lady, A. Gruer, E. D. Pain, Walter Haigh, T. Butler King, Tenbrook, John Rogerson, W. B. Richmond, A. French, Clay, Stakes, A. Mavrish, O. E. Evans, Condits, J. T. Howard, Coggill, F. H. Rosenbaum, John Nutt, Jr., G. Foster and lady, Rev. T. Irving, A. Sattles, John Thomson, A. Fitzpatrick, George Thomson, Jas. Thomson, Miss Ellen Thomson, L. A. Laugenhagen, F. Berthrard, F. Inshoven, Rudolph Branch, G. Osaune, W. Bames, Alf. Linge, G. Melville, B. E. Wickner and lady, Miss Wickner, M. Wickner, Mme. Chopius, T. Hoffman, E. C. Kennedy, L. N. Henriques, Mrs. W. Dougherty, L. Felix Caranase, A. Vallet Mortemausque, J. Wilson and lady, C. Garwege and lady, C. Maynard, T. H. Kubly, Jos. Lender, Mr. Mourque, W. D. Bassett, Mr. Selvis, Capt. Briggs, T. Tuban, E. C. Downing, Allen Gilmore, Mrs. Boecklin, Mrs. Anderson and daughter, J. Turner, John Robinson, J. McCreary, S. B. Josephs, Mrs. Harkinson, L. Leon, S. A. Frankenau, Charles Jacobson, H. W. Steen. Total, 80.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship R. R. Cuyler, from Savannah—Mr. Martin and wife, J. C. Grant and wife, Mrs. Hunter, Mrs. Kaufman, C. Waterhouse, wife and son; Miss E. G. Thomas, Mrs. Stewart, Miss S. A. Schofield, W. H. H. White, Mrs. Elsner, Miss K. Dunworth, H. Sargent, Isaac Church, J. Brown, R. Crozier, B. F. Wood, A. C. Baker, C. Farmer, J. Curdy, M. Leonard, J. D. Bradford, U. S. C. S.; G. T. Mapes, C. H. Jack, C. Ricker, D. Smith, J. Clark, Miss A. Cambridge, H. Smith, Mr. Andrews, V. Gingleman, D. Vaughan, H. Lewis, J. Fograth, H. Gill, R. C. Kerr, E. Baptisto, J. Chandler, J. Dunn, D. Wettris, R. H. Whiteley, B. Goldbury—14 in steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 6 14	Sun sets..... 6 05	Moon sets.... 9 26

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 9 28	Gov. Island. 10 17	Hell Gate....11 39

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, March 13.

Cleared.

Ships Messenger, Hooper, Cork, Nesmith & Sons; Borneo (ex. clip.,) Melbourne, R. W. Cameron; H. Clark, Brown, Havana, W. H. Riversmith.

Barks Meaco, De Pass, New-Orleans, W. T. Frost; Michael, (Pruss.,) Cork and a market, A. Wendt & Co., Jan Tucker, (Dan.,) Lund, Queenstown and a market, Funch & Meincke.

Brigs Addy Swift, Avery, St. Thomas and Maracaibo, Maitland, Phelps & Co.; M. Hamilton, Edgerton, New-Orleans, E. D. Hurlbut & Co.; Norfolk, Andrews, Norfolk, Brett, Son & Co: Essex, Linnett, Cardenas, Walsh, Carver & Chase; Mountain Eagle, Branscom, Zaza, C. & E J Peters.

Schooners Alexander M., Hall, York River, B. F. Small: John Forsyth, Applegat, Charleston, Van Brunt & Slaght; Isaac Van Zandt, Birdseye, James River, master; M. P. Hudson, Hudson, Key West, master; A. Kelly, Huntley, New-London, F. J. Campbell; S. Mills, Dayton, St Pierre, Baker & Dayton; E. A. De Hart, Low, Norfolk, Miller & Houghton; Mary Elizabeth, Read, Washington, D C. Murray; A. Heaton, Ryan, Charleston, Dollner, Potter & Co; Mary Alice, Welch, St. Thomas, Sturges & Co; S. B. Strong, Mott, Charleston, Jonas Smith & Co.

Arrived.

U. S. Steamship Powhatan, Capt. Samuel Mercer, Vera Cruz Feb. 25, via Havana March 8.

Steamship R. R. Cuyler, Crocker, Savannah, with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co. March 11, at 4 P. M., off Cape Hatteras exchanged signals with steamship Augusta, hence for Savannah. 12th, 9 A. M., off Capes of Virginia, exchanged signals with steamships James Adger and Huntsville, hence, bound S.; 3 P. M., exchanged signals with steamship North Carolina, hence for Wilmington.

Steamer Wamsutta, Arey, New-Bedford, with mdse. and passengers to master.

Steamer Delaware, Cannon, Philadelphia, with mdse. to F. Perkins.

Steamer Dawn, Perry, New-Bedford, with mdse. and passengers to Barstow & Pope.

Steamer Albatross, Jones, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Ship Boston Light, Holway, Calcutta, and Sand Heads 98 ds., with mdse. to Bassett, Bacon & Co. Has had very light winds all the passage up to Bermuda. 8th inst., took a heavy gale from S., which lasted 10 hours, with a tremendous sea; while crossing Gulf Stream, lost sails, stove bulwarks, &c.; one man had his legs broken. Since then have had heavy N. W gales; have been obliged to carry a heavy press of canvass to prevent being blown off the Coast.

Ship Arctic, Zerega, Liverpool 43 ds., with mdse. and 24 passengers to Zerega & Co. 10th inst., Andrew Stewart, a seaman, fell from aloft to the deck, and received injuries from which he died.

Bark Pyrmont (of Baltimore,) Oliver, Buenos Ayres Jan. 18, with hides wool, &c., to master. Sld. in co. with brig Betsy Ames, Bartlett, for New-York.

Bark D. Godfrey, Collins, Elizabethport, with coal for Boston.

Brig Anna Wellington, Jackson, Buenos Ayres Jan. 10, with hides, &c., to T. M. Mayhew. Brig Georgian, and bark Harvest Queen, both for Boston, sld. a few ds. previously. Has experienced incessant head winds fm. River Plate to the N. of lat. 27 S. Was 9 ds. N. of Bermuda; encountered heavy gales, mostly from N. W. to N. N. E. 9th inst., had a terrific gale from S. S. E.; lost one boat, split sails, &c.

Brig N. Stowers, (of Boston,) Stowers, Matanzas 10 ds., with sugar, &c., to R. P. Buck & Co. 9th inst., experienced a heavy gale from E. S. E. to N. N. W., when off Hatteras, during which lost head and cutwater.

Schr. John McAdam, (of St. George, Me., 3-masted,) Pierson, Cienfuegos 18 ds., with sugar, &c., to H. D. Brookman & Co. Has experienced heavy weather; started deck-load and sprung jib-boom.

Schr. Senator, Patten, Norfolk 3 ds., with cotton and corn to Sturges, Clearman & Co.

Schr. A. W. McClellan, (Br.,) Faulkner, Halifax 15 ds., with fish to Thomas James.

Schr. James Wixon, Small, Boston 4 ds., with fish to Woodruff & Robinson.

Schr. Laura Frances, Higgins, Elizabethport, with coal for Boston.

Schr. Tryphenia, Nickerson, Elizabethport, with coal for Boston.

Schr. Panthea, Clark, Newport, for Philadelphia, in ballast.

Schr. Golden Rule, Roberts, Rappahannock 2 ds., with corn to master.

Schr. Gilbert Green, Weaver, Philadelphia, with coal for New-Bedford.

Schr. Roanoke, Paull, Elizabethport, with coal for Taunton.

Schr. L. A. Crocker, Frisbee, Philadelphia, with coal for Taunton.

Schr. C. L. Bayles, Cooker, Brookhaven, for Virginia.
Schr. Naiad Queen, Hulse, Brookhaven, for Virginia.
Schr. N. & D. Scudder, Smith, Barnstable 3 ds., fish.
Schr. T. W. Thorne, Davis, Fall River 2 ds., in ballast.
Schr. Antares, Cordery, Philadelphia 2 ds., with coal.
Schr. L. Audenreid, Bartlett, Baltimore 3 ds., coal.
Schr. Memento, Birdsall, Virginia 3 ds., with wood.
Schr. Samuel Hall, Padelford, Taunton, with nails.
Schr. J. R. Allen Allen, Baltimore 3 ds., with coal.
Schr. James House, Spragg, Baltimore 4 ds., coal.
Schr. O. C. Aken, Beck, Stamford, 2 ds., with mdse.

WIND—Sunset, N., and very light.

Sailed.

Steamships Adriatic, for Southampton and Havre, (from Quarantine, and crossed the Bar at 3:35 P. M.;) Monticello, for Washington. Ship John Stuart, for Liverpool.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, March 13.—Arr. brigs J. & H. Crowley, Matanzas; Robert Wing, Africa; Georgia, Buenos Ayres; Belle of the Bay, Mobile. Below—brig New-World, Cardenas.

Miscellaneous.

The steamship Empire City is still anchored at Quarantine.

CHARLESTON, March 13.—The ship Susan G. Owens (previously reported as ashore on Folly Island) has sunk 9 feet in the sand, and has 8 feet of water in her hold. The S. G. O. was built at Baltimore in 1848, was 735 tons, rated A 1½, and owned by J. Fraser, of Charleston.

BALTIMORE, March 13.—The ship Cowper, from Montevideo for St. Thomas, arrived at Rio Janeiro Jan. 28, in distress—leaky.

BOSTON, March 13.—Brig Johanna, from Newcastle, bound to New-York, was abandoned at sea, (no date.) The crew were brought here by brig Robert Wing. (All by telegraph to Ellwood Walter, Esq., Secretary Board of Underwriters.)

Foreign Ports.

At Buenos Ayres Feb. 18, ships Brooklyn, Jump, unc.; Parana, Langston, do.; Rambler, from New-York, arr. 18th; barks Sarah Sheafe, Chese, from Cadiz for Gualyguay, to load for Falmouth for orders; St. Mary, Spavin, for Boston ldg.; Clara C. Bell, Shakleford, for St. Thomas, about 25th; Harvest Moon, Berry, for Boston, ldg.; Rebecca, Mechener, for New-York, do.; Roebuck, Chase, from and for New-York, dischg.; J. B. Johnson, Blake for West Indies, for orders; Salacia, Freeman, from and for Boston, dischg.; Lucy Lincoln, do. do.; Mary E. Porter, Adams, for West Indies, ldg. mules; Fanny Hamilton, Wass, from and for New-York, ldg.; John Howe, Kelton, from New-York, for Cape de Verde, disch; Volant, Whiting from and for Boston, do.; Halicon, Gregory, from Lisbon, disch. unc.; Charles Edwin, Littlejohn, from and for New-York, do.; barks Dawn, Chase, from and for New-York, dischg.; Lillie, Knowles, from and for Boston, do.; Huntingdon, White, from Baltimore, unc., do.; Chas. B. Truitt, Seull, from New-York, do. do; Chas. Kean, Swan, unc.; Julius Cammert, Buckman, do.: Chevalier, Chandler, from Portland, do.; Carniola, Hopkins, from Bangor, arr. 18th; Mark L Potter, from do., do., J. C. Poultney, from do., do.; Villa France, from Glasgow, do.; brigs Catharine Johnson, Carstairs, from Corrientes, to be sold to pay disbursements; Lehosse, Nehmans, unc., dischg; Calmuck, Johnson, do. do.; Handy King, Brown, from Guayguay, do. do.; B. F. Nash, Ramsdell, dischg, unc.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

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